

Table of Product List

| Webpage Publication Date | Product Name | Model Name | Country |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------|---------|
| 2026.01 | Galaxy A17 5G | SM-A176U | US |
| 2025.12 | Galaxy A35 5G | SM-A356U | US |
| 2025.09 | Galaxy S25 FE | SM-S731U | US |
| 2025.09 | Galaxy A56 5G | SM-A566U | US |
| 2025.08 | Galaxy A17 | SM-A175F | UK |
| 2025.08 | Galaxy A17 5G | SM-A176B | UK |
| 2025.07 | Galaxy Z Fold7 | SM-F966U | US |
| 2025.07 | Galaxy Z Flip7 | SM-F766U | US |
| 2025.07 | Galaxy Z Flip7 FE | SM-F761U | US |
| 2025.06 | Galaxy S25 Edge | SM-S937U | US |
| 2025.06 | Galaxy XCover7 Pro | SM-G766U | US |
| 2025.04 | Galaxy A36 5G | SM-A366U | US |
| 2025.03 | Galaxy A56 5G | SM-A566B | EU |
| 2025.02 | Galaxy S25 Ultra | SM-S938U | US |
| 2025.02 | Galaxy S25 + | SM-S936U | US |
| 2025.02 | Galaxy S25 | SM-S931U | US |
| 2025.02 | Galaxy A16 5G | SM-A166U | US |

| Webpage Publication Date | Product Name | Model Name | Country |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------|---------|
| 2024.10 | Galaxy S24 FE | SM-S721U | US |
| 2024.08 | Galaxy Z Fold6 | SM-F956U | US |
| 2024.08 | Galaxy Z Flip6 | SM-F741U | US |
| 2024.06 | Galaxy A35 5G | SM-A356B | EU |
| 2024.06 | Galaxy A55 5G | SM-A556B | EU |
| 2024.02 | Galaxy S24 Ultra | SM-S928U | US |
| 2024.02 | Galaxy S24+ | SM-S926U | US |
| 2024.02 | Galaxy S24 | SM-S921U | US |
| 2024.02 | Galaxy A15 5G | SM-A156U | US |

Table of Product List

| Product Name | Model Name | Country |
|-------------------|------------|---------|
| Galaxy A17 5G | SM-A176U | US |
| Galaxy Z TriFold | SM-F968N | KR |
| Galaxy S25 FE | SM-S731U | US |
| Galaxy A56 5G | SM-A566U | US |
| Galaxy A17 | SM-A175F | UK |
| Galaxy A17 5G | SM-A176B | UK |
| Galaxy Z Fold7 | SM-F966U | US |
| Galaxy Z Fold7 | SM-F966B | UK |
| Galaxy Z Flip7 | SM-F766U | US |
| Galaxy Z Flip7 | SM-F766B | UK |
| Galaxy Z Flip7 FE | SM-F761U | US |
| Galaxy Z Flip7 FE | SM-F761B | UK |
| Galaxy S25 Edge | SM-S937U | US |
| Galaxy S25 Edge | SM-S937B | UK |

Table of Product List

| Product Name | Model Name | Country |
|-------------------------------|------------|---------|
| Galaxy XCover7 Pro | SM-G766U | US |
| Galaxy XCover7 Pro | SM-G766B | UK |
| Galaxy A26 5G | SM-A266B | EU |
| Galaxy A56 5G | SM-A566B | EU |
| Galaxy A36 5G | SM-A366B | EU |
| Galaxy S25 Ultra | SM-S938B | EU |
| Galaxy S25 Ultra | SM-S938U | US |
| Galaxy S25 + | SM-S936B | EU |
| Galaxy S25 + | SM-S936U | US |
| Galaxy S25 | SM-S931B | EU |
| Galaxy S25 | SM-S931U | US |
| Galaxy Z Fold Special Edition | SM-F958N | KR |
| Galaxy A16 | SM-A165F | EU |
| Galaxy A16 5G | SM-A166B | EU |
| Galaxy A16 5G | SM-A166U | US |
| Galaxy S24 FE | SM-S721B | EU |
| Galaxy S24 FE | SM-S721U | US |
| Galaxy Z Flip6 | SM-F7410 | CN |
| Galaxy Z Fold6 | SM-F956B | EU |
| Galaxy Z Fold6 | SM-F956U | US |
| Galaxy Z Flip6 | SM-F741B | EU |
| Galaxy Z Flip6 | SM-F741U | US |
| Galaxy M35 5G | SM-M356B | SWA |

| Product Name | Model Name | Country |
|------------------|------------|---------|
| Galaxy A35 5G | SM-A356B | EU |
| Galaxy A35 5G | SM-A356U | US |
| Galaxy A55 5G | SM-A556B | EU |
| Galaxy M15 5G | SM-M156B | TK |
| Galaxy XCover7 | SM-G556B | EU |
| Galaxy S24 Ultra | SM-S928B | EU |
| Galaxy S24 Ultra | SM-S928U | US |
| Galaxy S24+ | SM-S926B | EU |
| Galaxy S24+ | SM-S926U | US |
| Galaxy S24 | SM-S921B | EU |
| Galaxy S24 | SM-S921U | US |
| Galaxy A25 5G | SM-A256B | EU |
| Galaxy A25 5G | SM-A256U | US |
| Galaxy A15 | SM-A155E | SEA |
| Galaxy A15 5G | SM-A156U | US |
| Galaxy A15 5G | SM-A156E | SEA |
| Galaxy M34 5G | SM-M346B | SWA |
| Galaxy M44 5G | SM-M446K | KOR |
| Galaxy S23 FE | SM-S711B | EU |
| Galaxy S23 FE | SM-S711U | US |
| Galaxy Z Flip5 | SM-F731B | EU |
| Galaxy Z Flip5 | SM-F731U | US |
| Galaxy Z Fold5 | SM-F946B | EU |
| Galaxy Z Fold5 | SM-F946U | US |
| Galaxy M54 5G | SM-M546B | UAE |
| Galaxy M14 5G | SM-M146B | UAE |

| Product Name | Model Name | Country |
|---------------|------------|---------|
| Galaxy A54 5G | SM-A546U | US |
| Galaxy A54 5G | SM-A546B | EU |
| Galaxy A34 5G | SM-A346B | EU |
| Galaxy A24 | SM-A245F | EU |
| Galaxy A14 | SM-A145F | EU |

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A17 5G(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform
BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

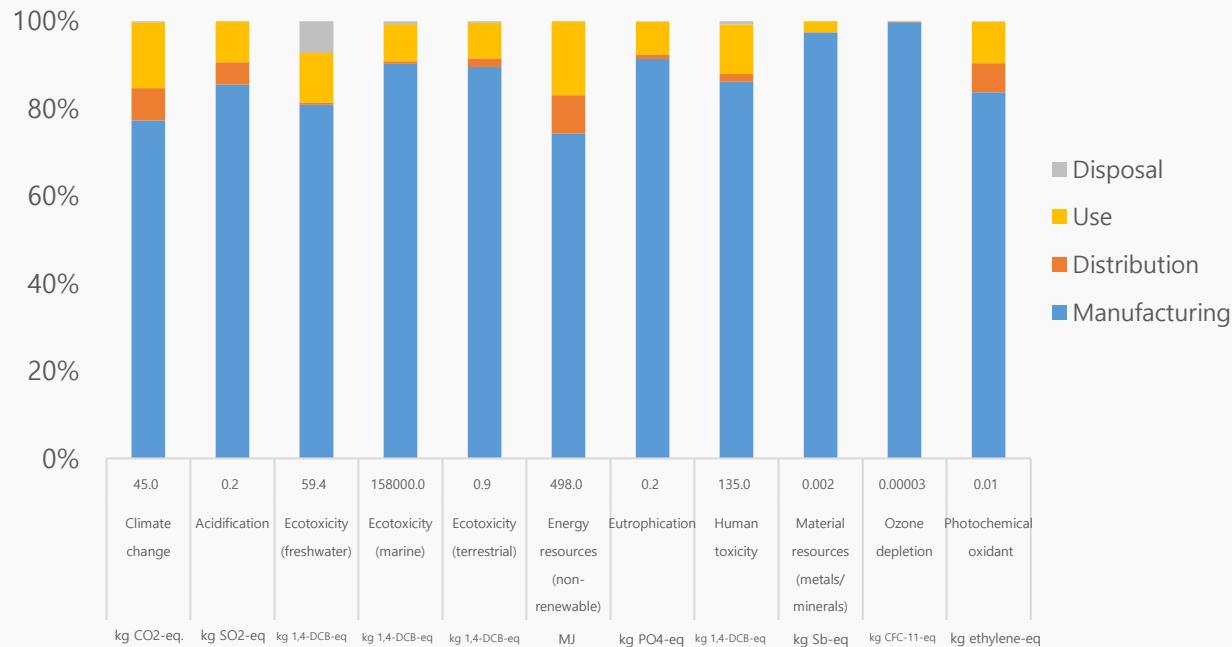
| | |
|---------------|---|
| Manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

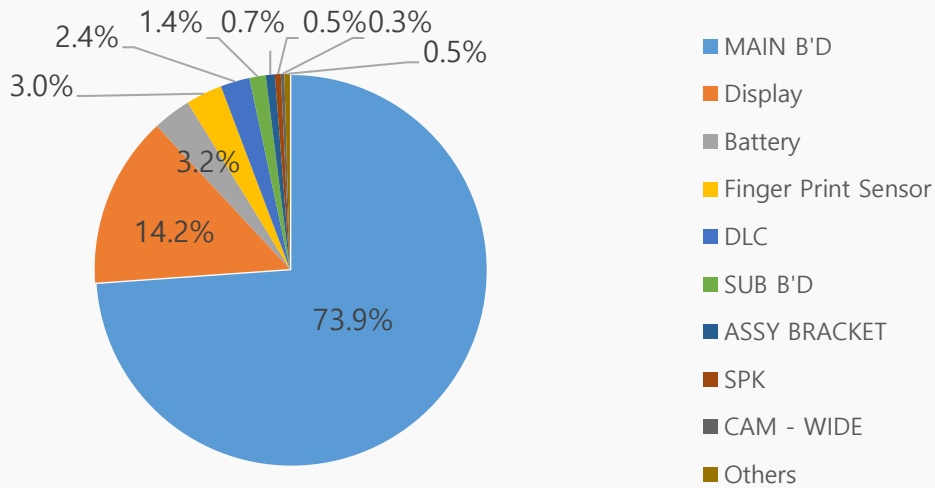


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A176U (Galaxy A17 5G) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 164.4 x 77.9 x 7.5 | |
| Display (mm) | 171.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 221.15 |
| | Packages | 65.61 |

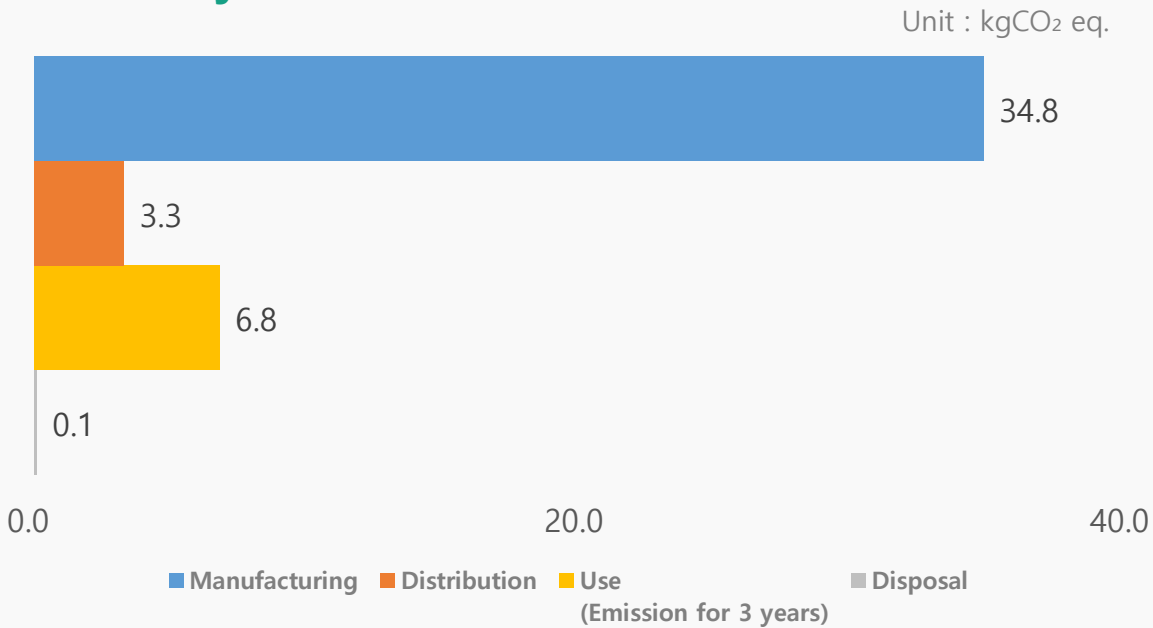
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z TriFold(KR)

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040/44 series. Samsung has used SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 11 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

● System boundary of LCA

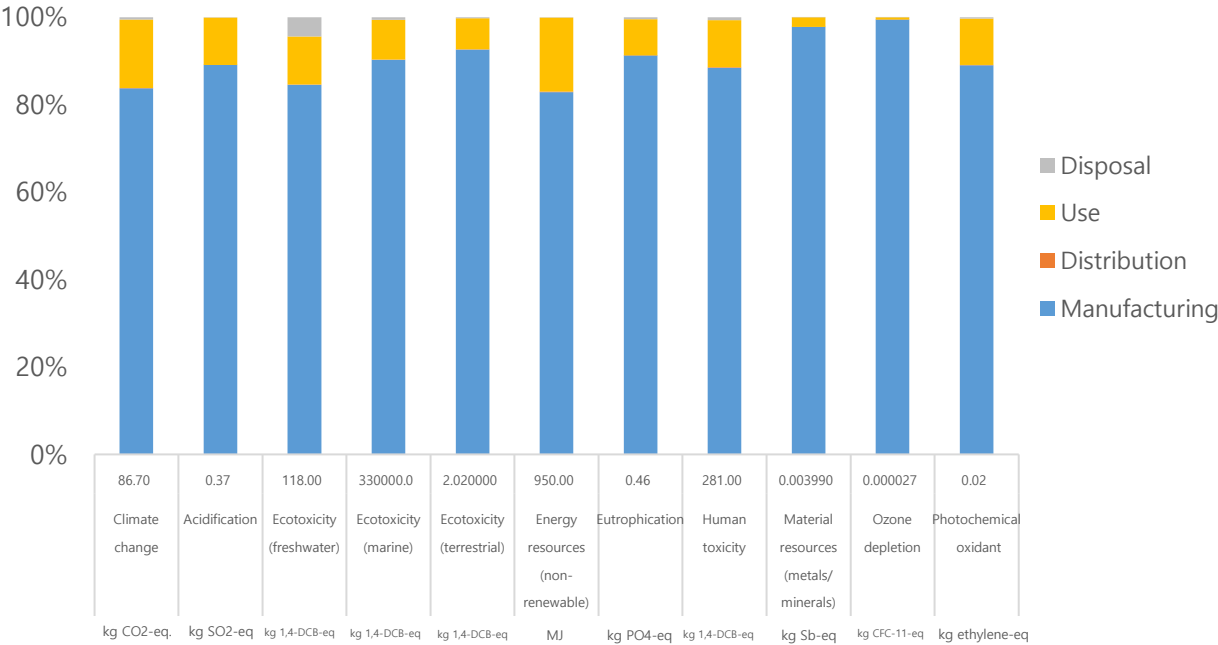
| | |
|---------------|---|
| Manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From S.Korea to S.Korea |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

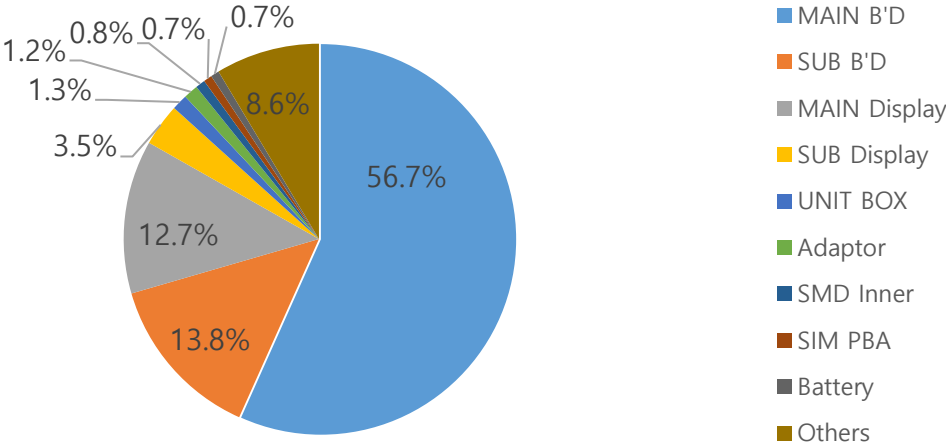


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-F968N (Galaxy Z TriFold) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 159.2 x 214.1 x 4.2 | |
| Display (mm) | 253 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 566.55 |
| | Packages | 1,254 |

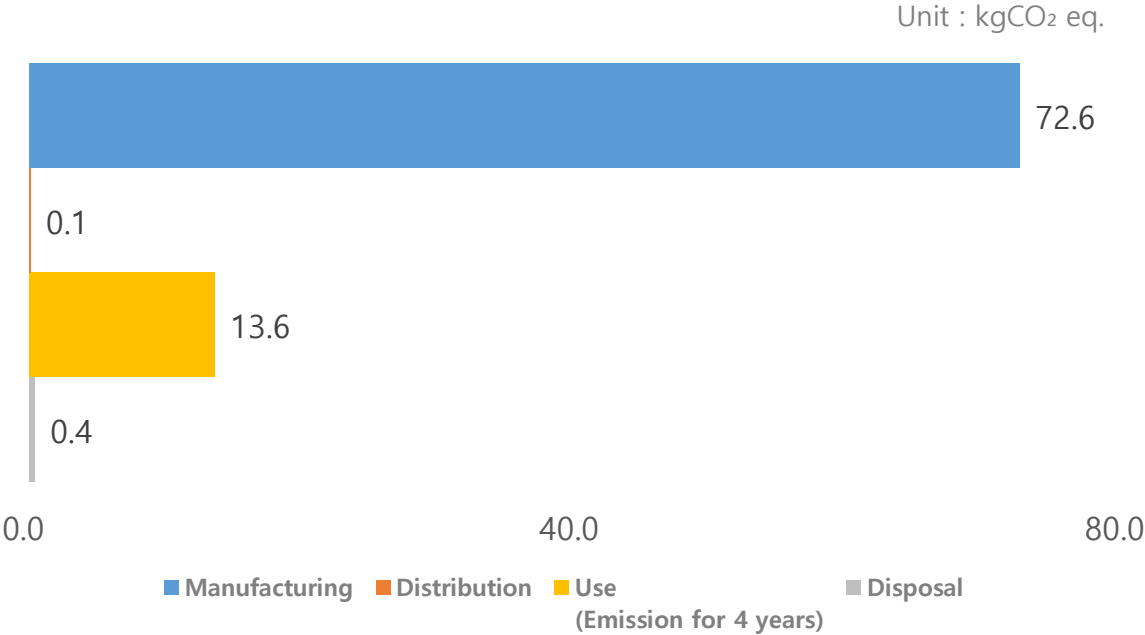
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S25 FE(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform
BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

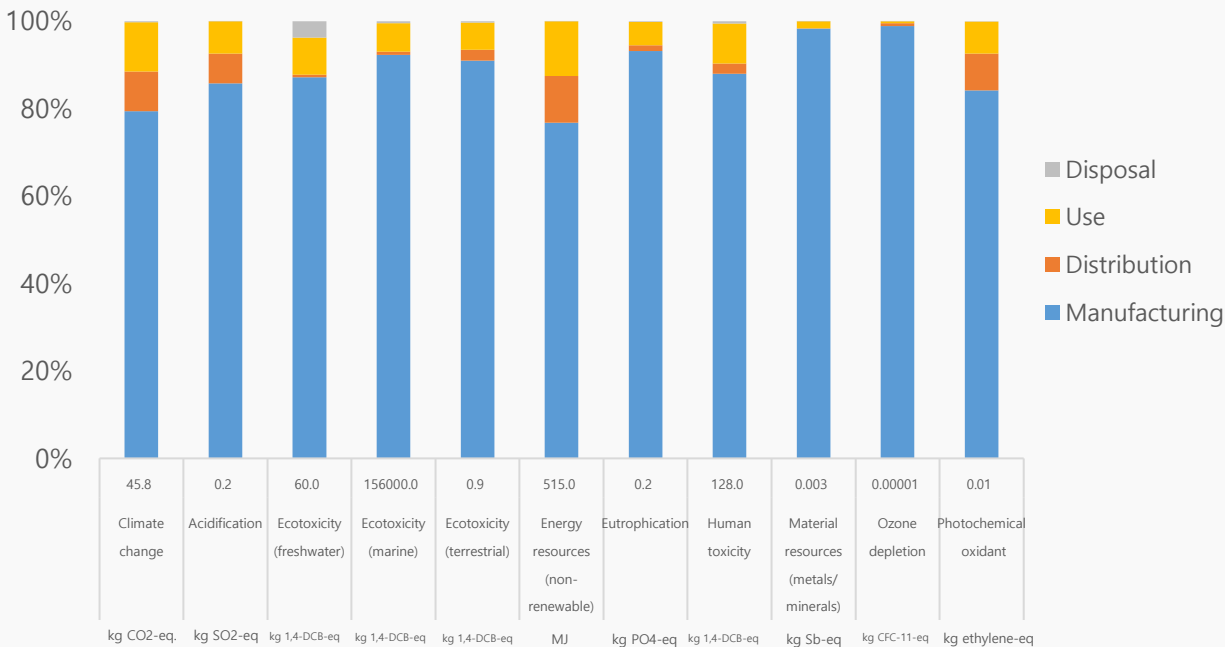
| | |
|---------------|---|
| Manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

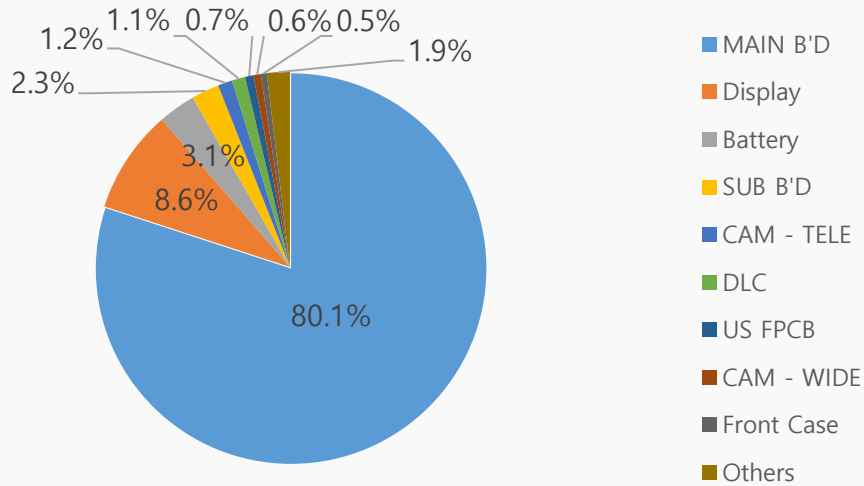


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-S731U (Galaxy S25 FE) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 161.3 x 76.6 x 7.4 | |
| Display (mm) | 171.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 211.65 |
| | Packages | 150.62 |

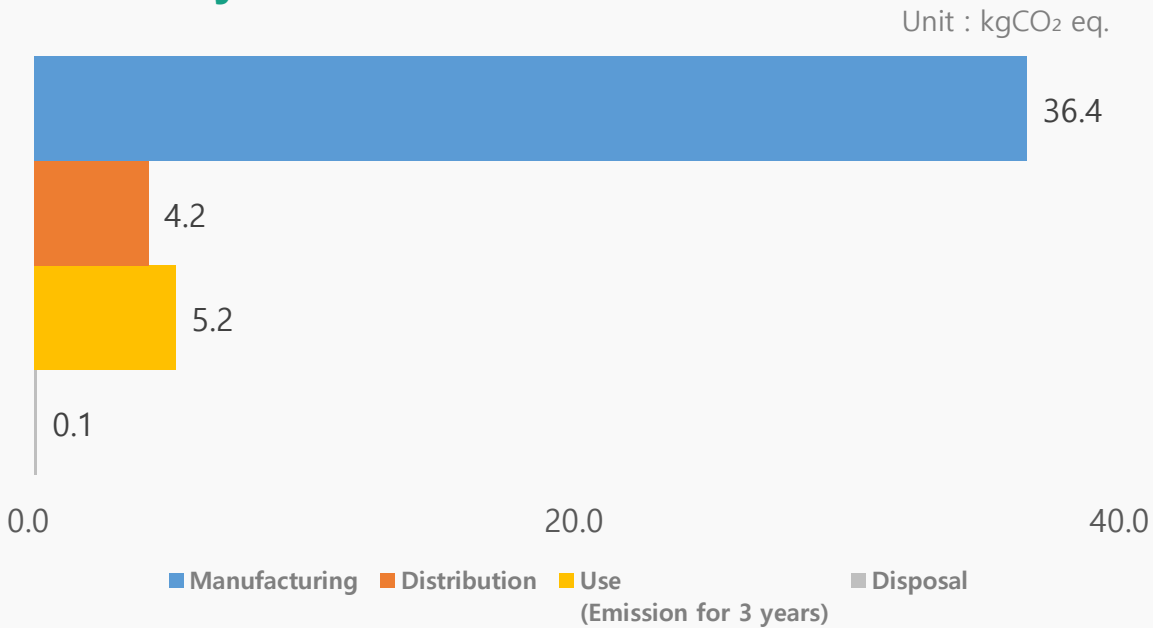
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A56 5G(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform
BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

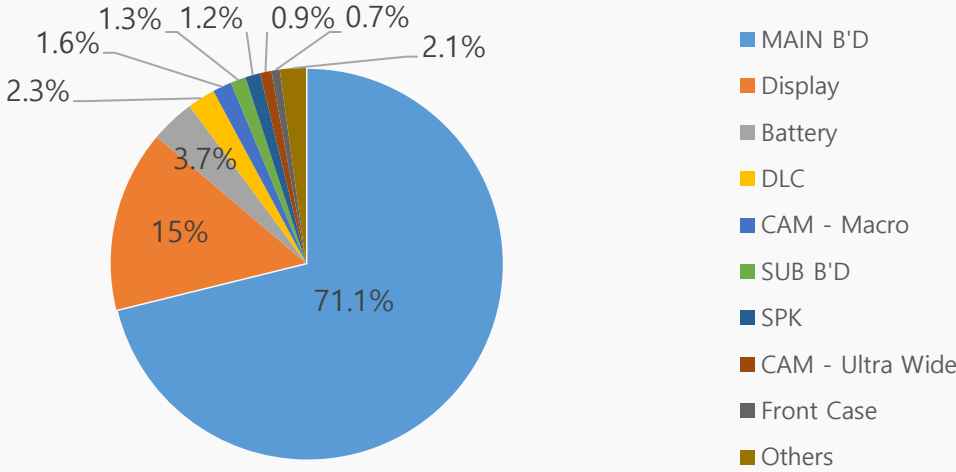
| | |
|---------------|---|
| Manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

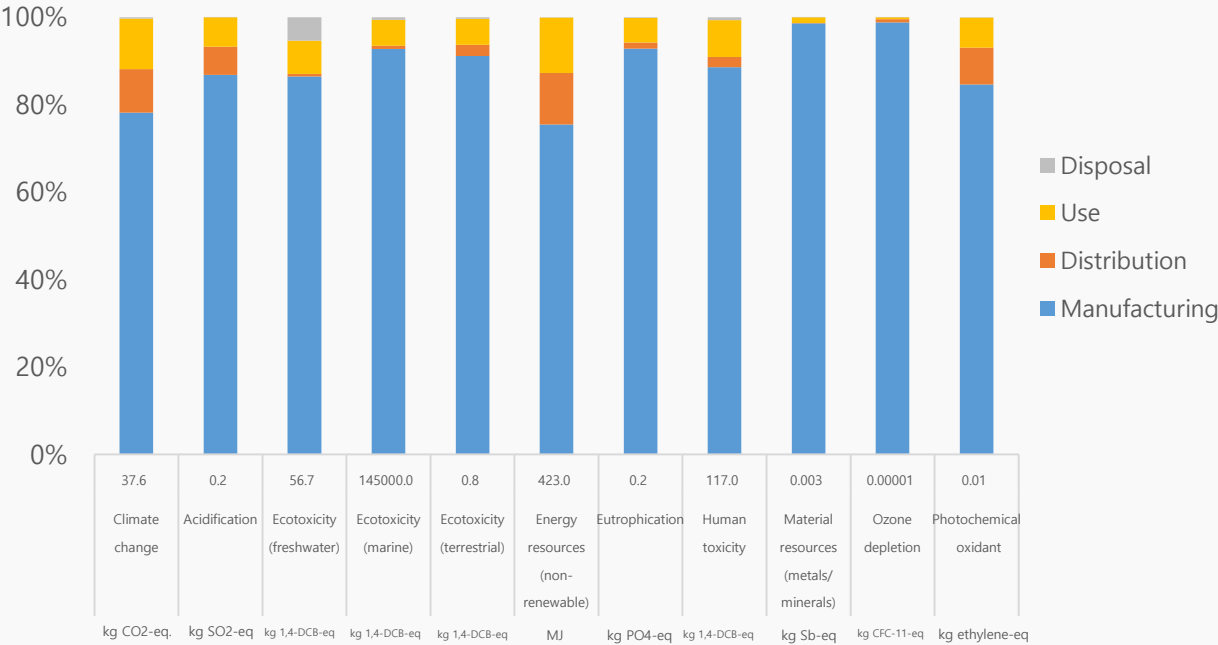


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A566U (Galaxy A56 5G) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 162.2 x 77.5 x 7.4 | |
| Display (mm) | 170.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 219.94 |
| | Packages | 104.54 |

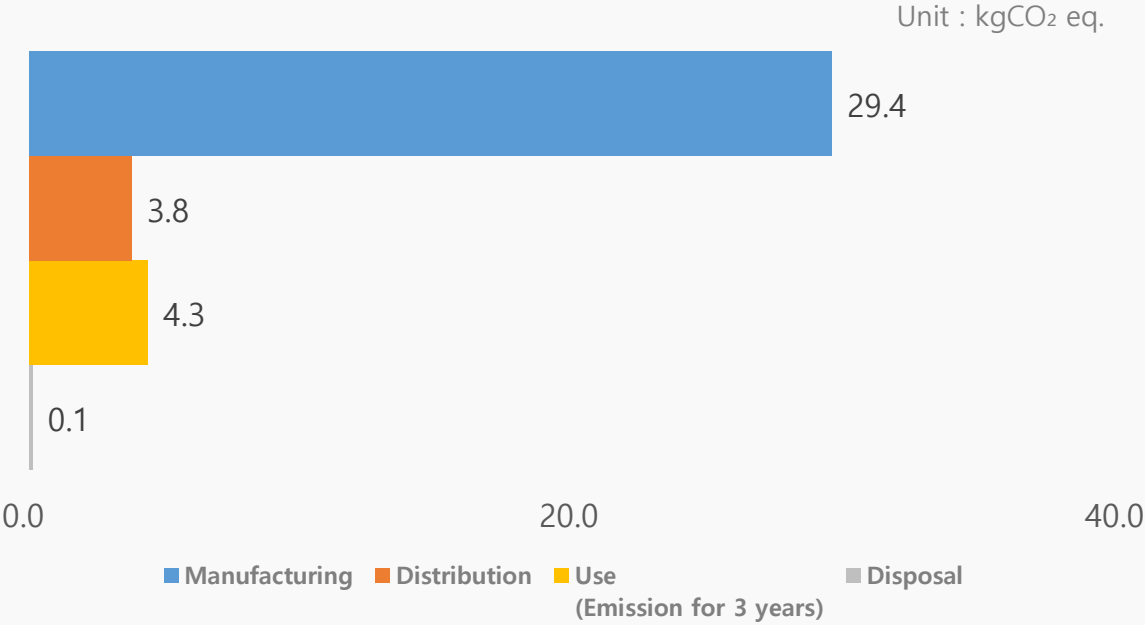
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A17(UK)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

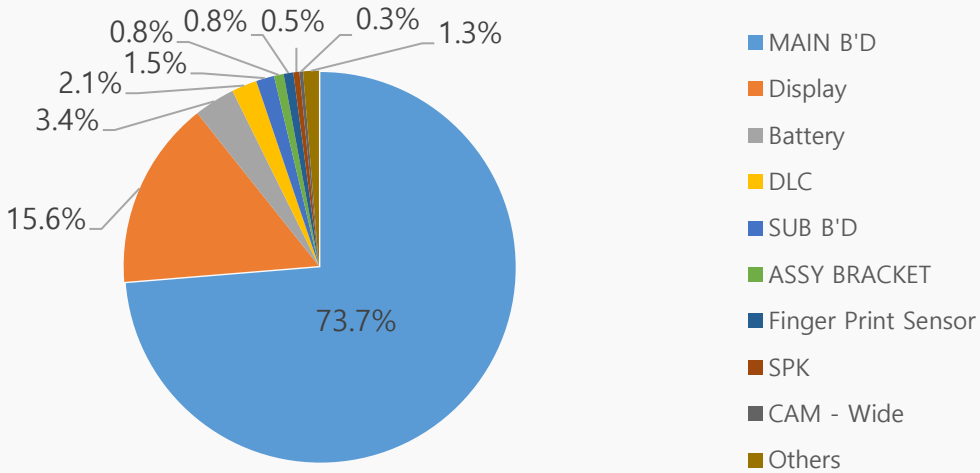
| | |
|---------------|---|
| Manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UK |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

Product Features

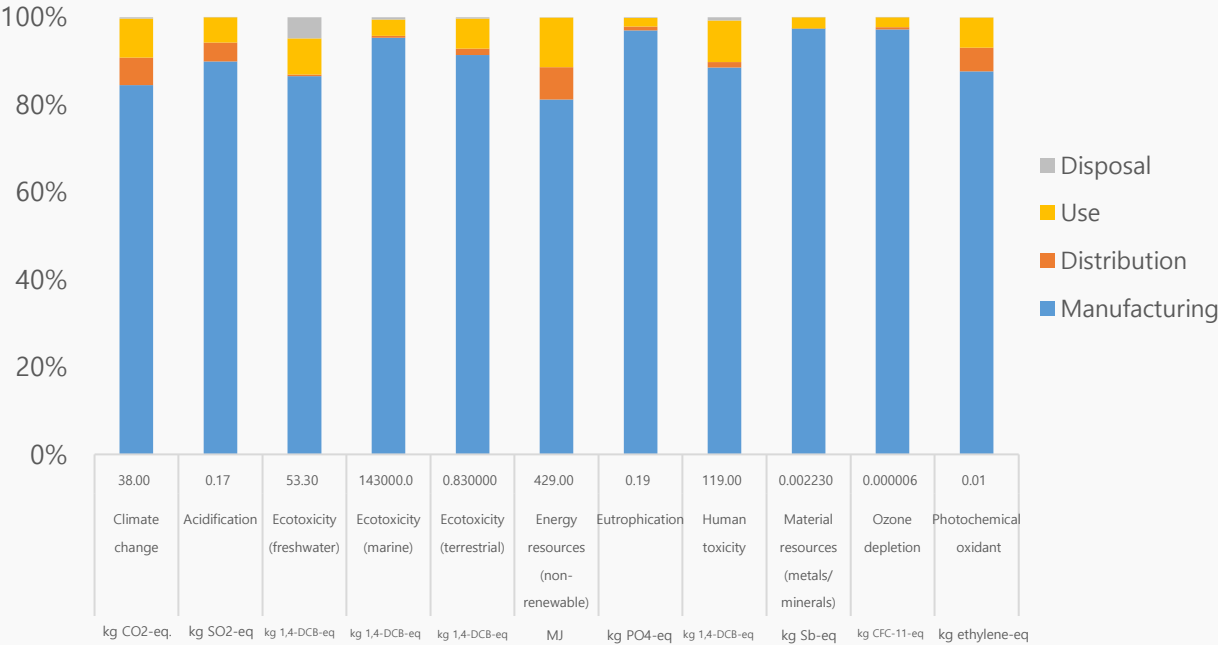


| | | |
|----------------|----------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A175F(Galaxy A17) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 164.4 x 77.9 x 7.5 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 216.36 |
| | Packages | 82.78 |

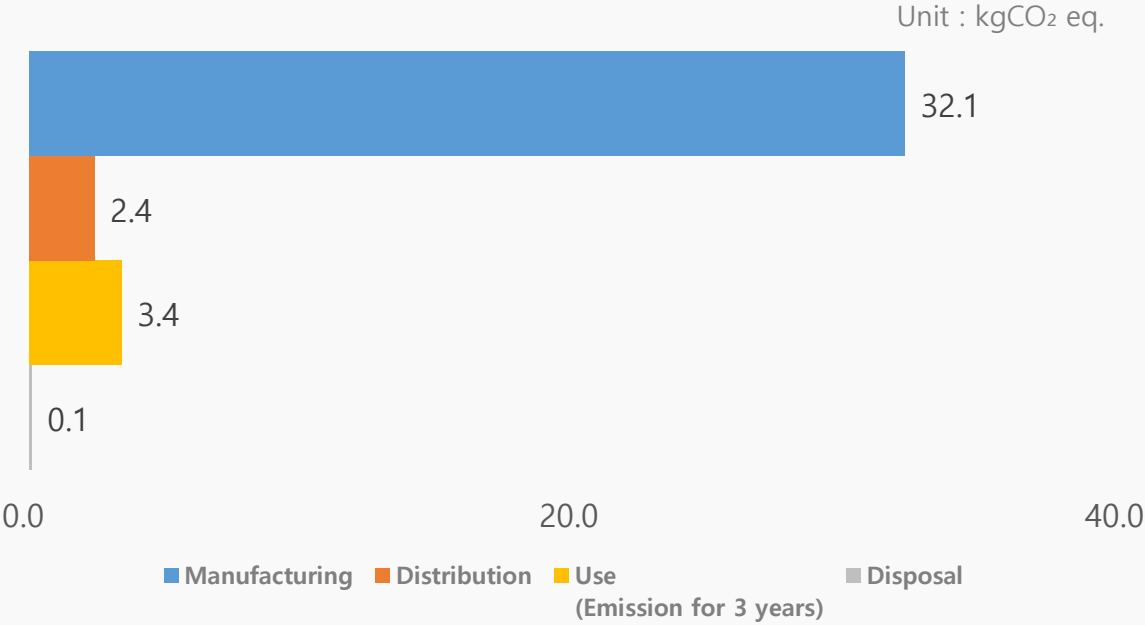
Global Warming Impact Profile



Characterized Environment Impact



Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A17 5G(UK)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

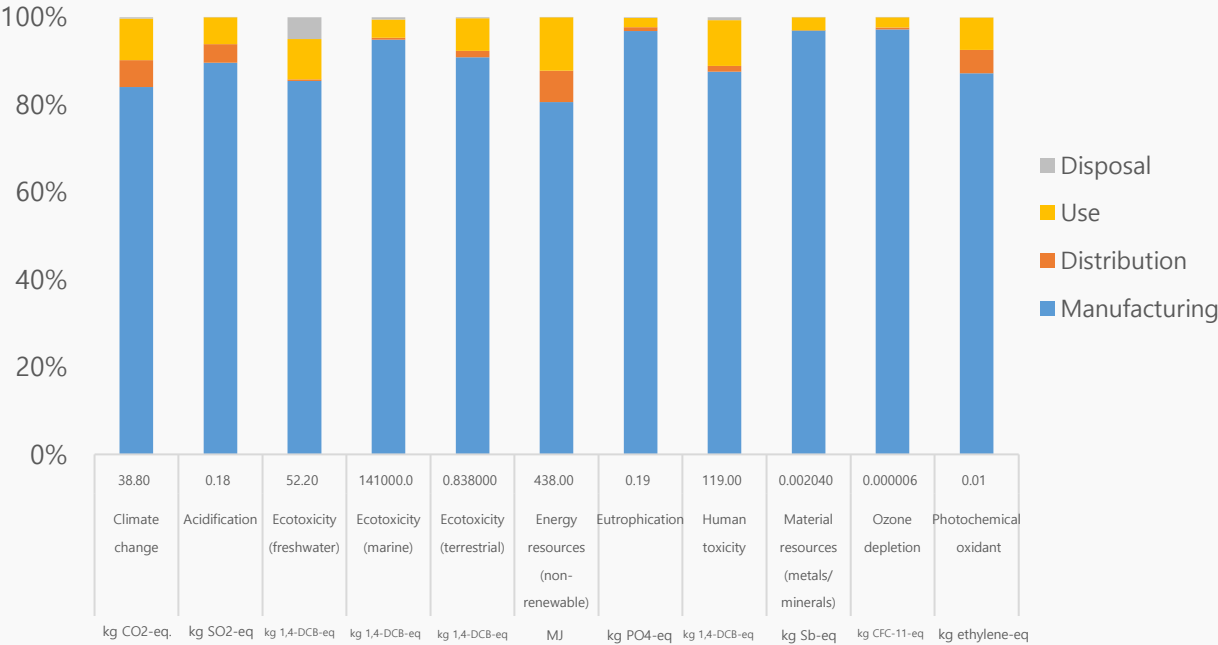
| | |
|---------------|---|
| Manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UK |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

Product Features

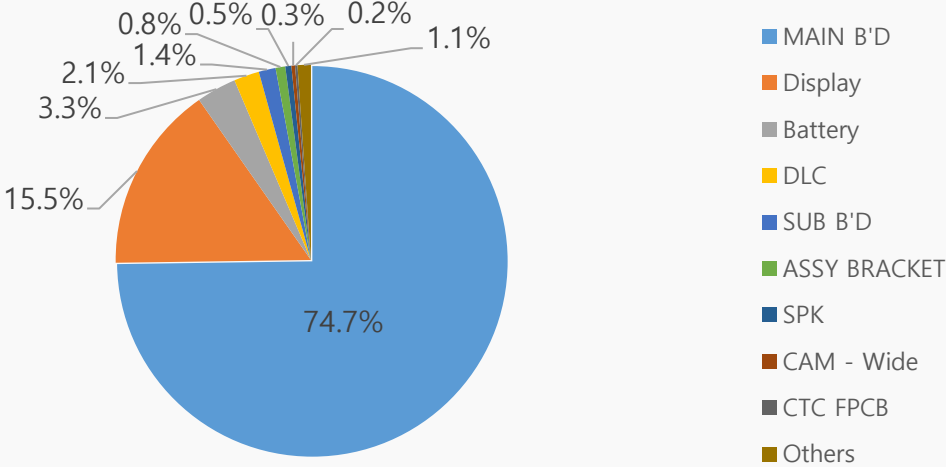


| | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A176B(Galaxy A17 5G) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 164.4 x 77.9 x 7.5 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 217.93 |
| | Packages | 81.26 |

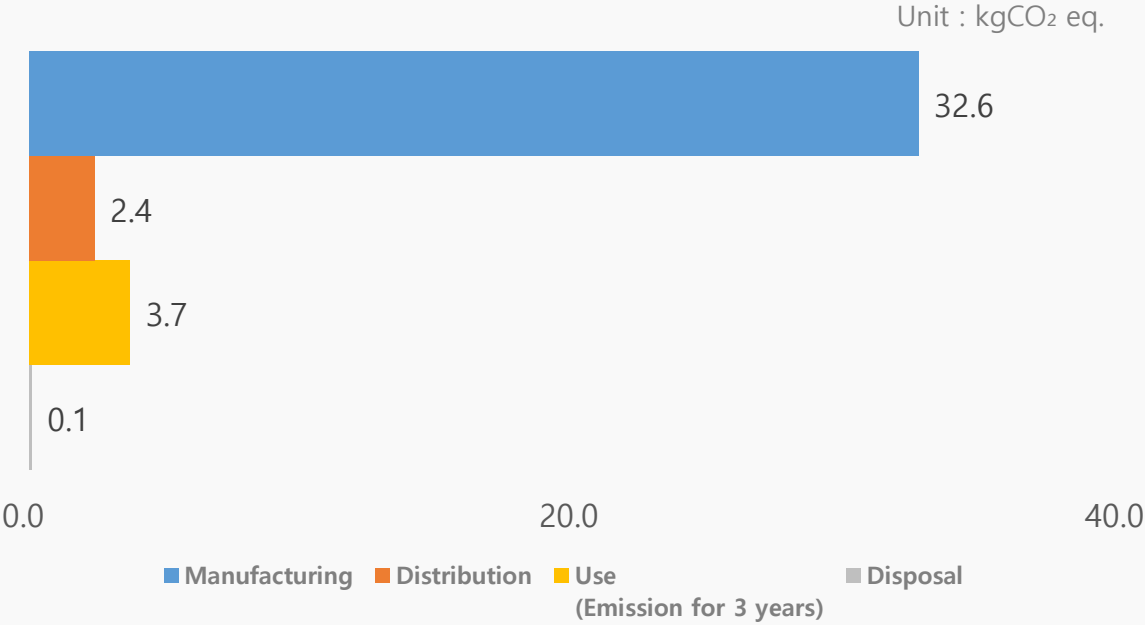
Characterized Environment Impact



Global Warming Impact Profile



Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Fold7(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform
BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

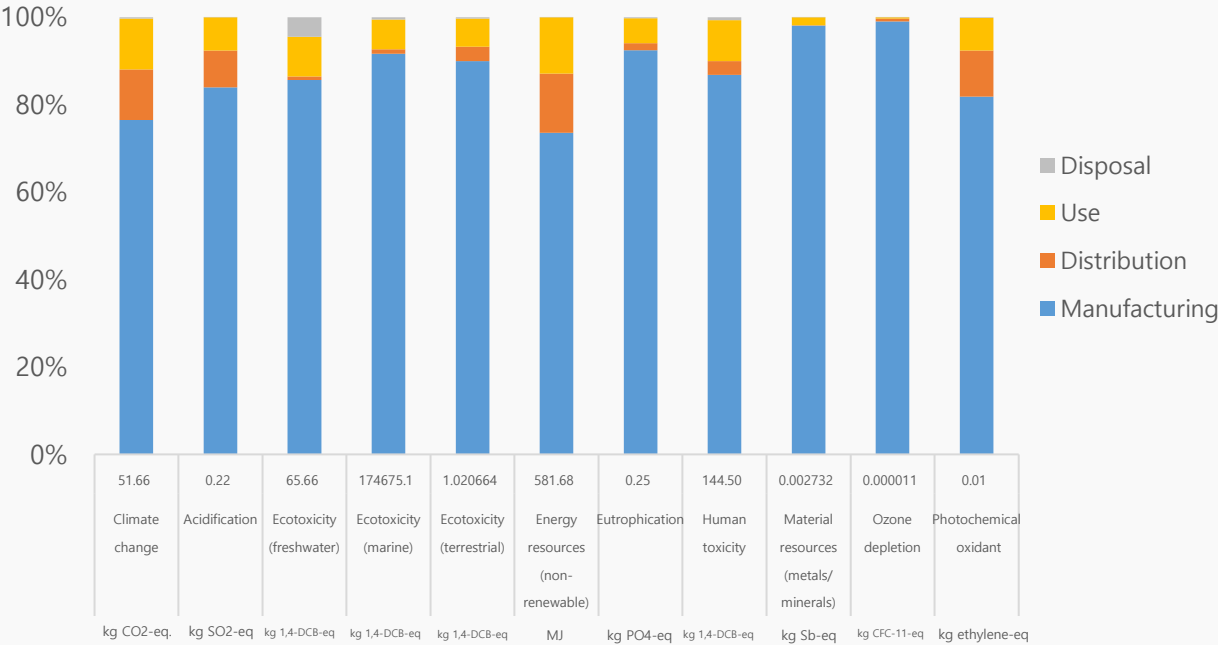
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

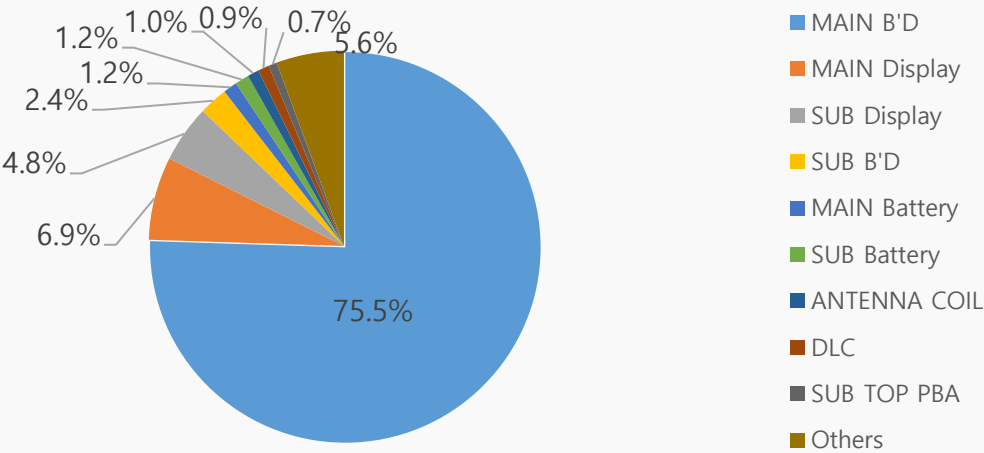


| | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-F966U (Galaxy Z Fold7) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 158.4 x 143.2 x 4.2 | |
| Display (mm) | 203.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 238.08 |
| | Packages | 284.36 |

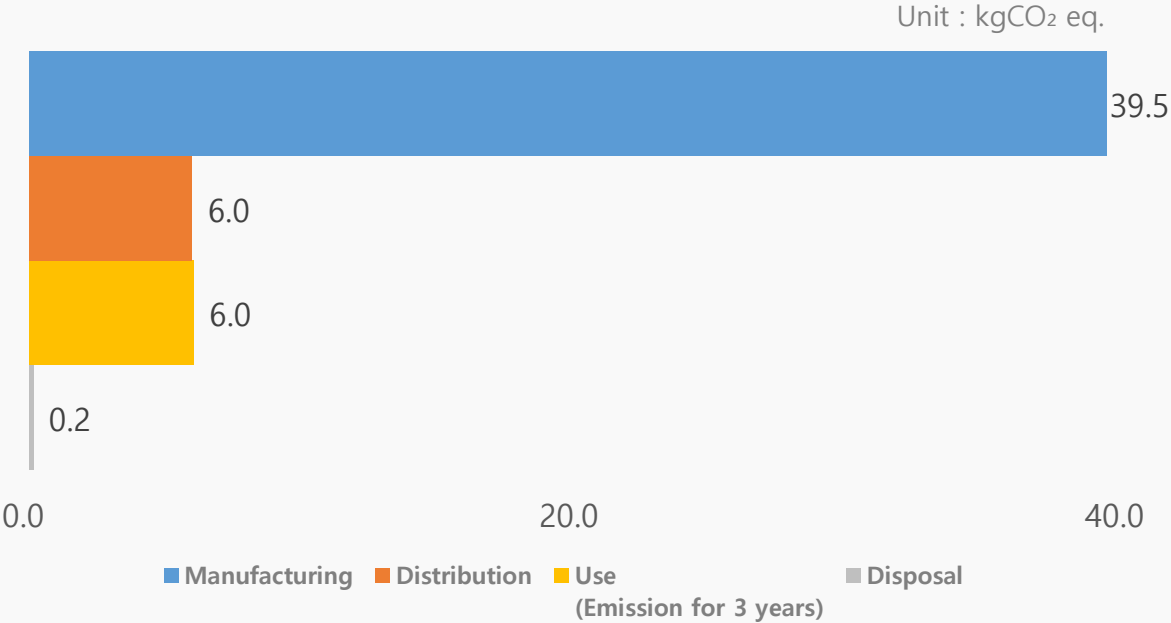
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Fold7(UK)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

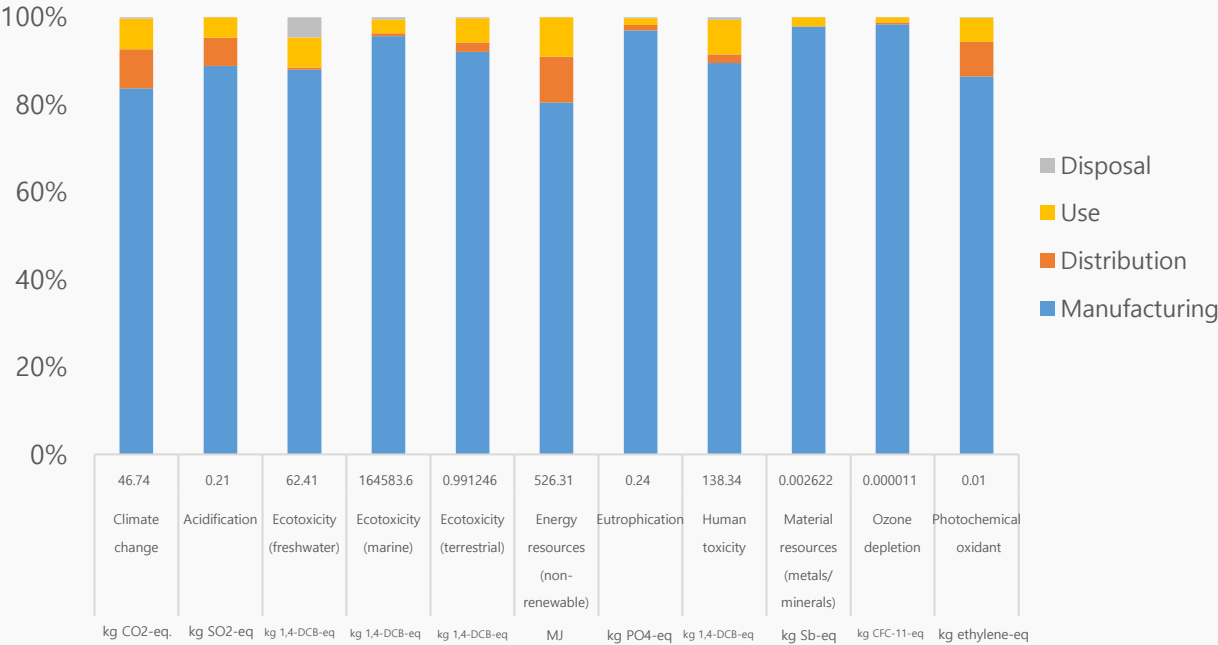
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UK |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

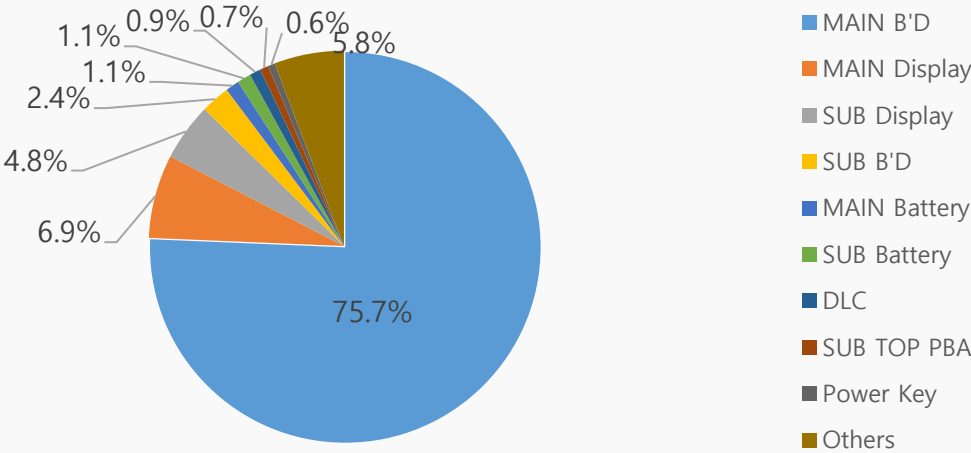


| | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-F966B (Galaxy Z Fold7) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 158.4 x 143.2 x 4.2 | |
| Display (mm) | 203.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 238.08 |
| | Packages | 284.36 |

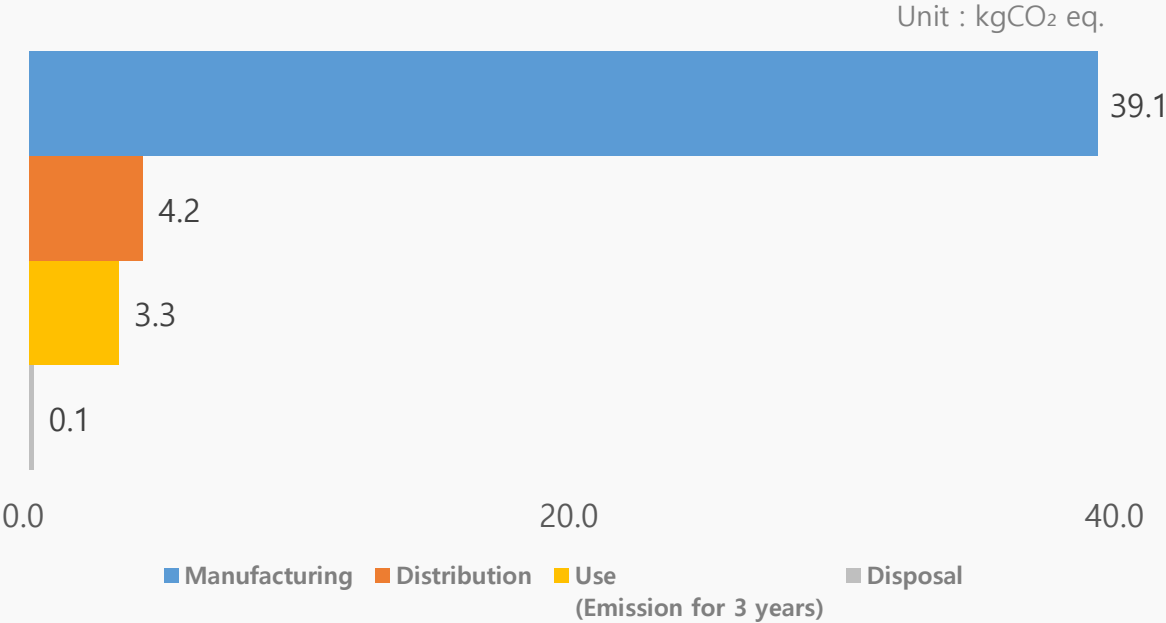
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Flip7(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

LCA Report Issuance Date : Jul. 18, 2025

Webpage Publication Date of Summary of LCA : Jul. 30, 2025

● Product Features

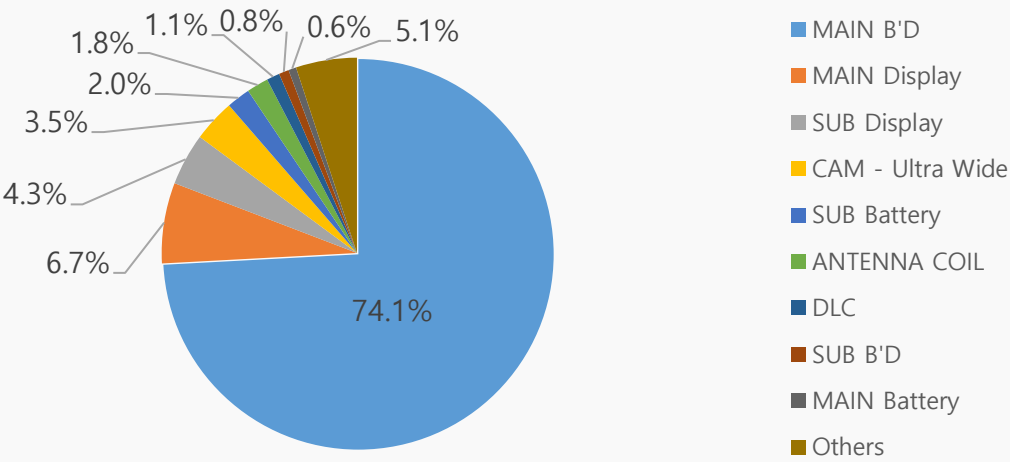


| | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-F766U (Galaxy Z Flip7) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 166.7 x 75.2 x 6.5 | |
| Display (mm) | 174.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 206.37 |
| | Packages | 168.98 |

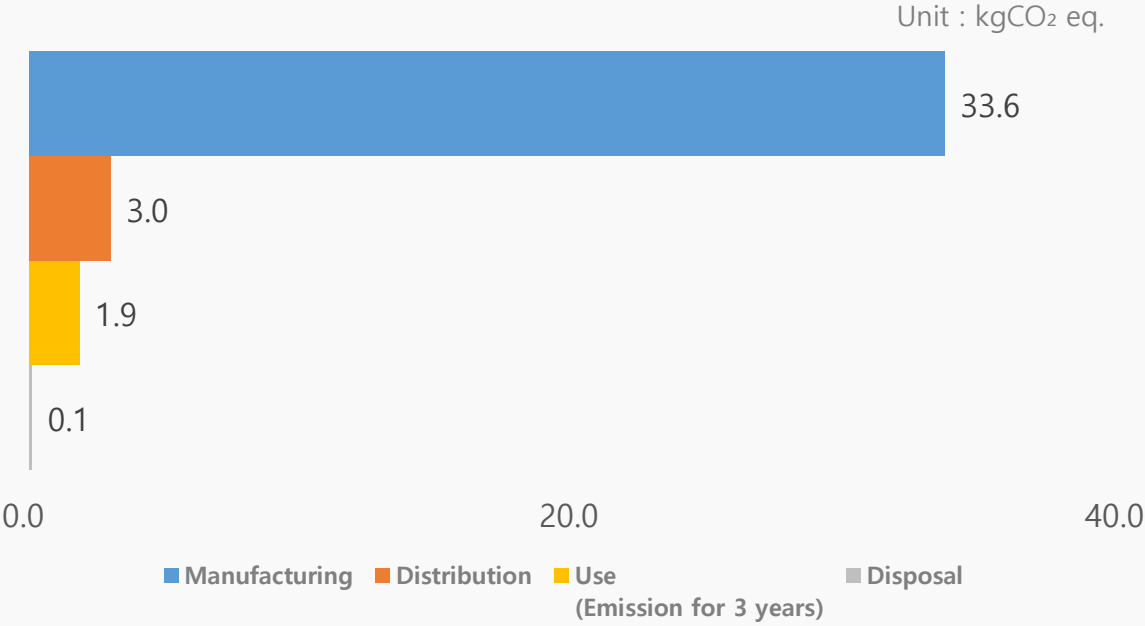
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Flip7(UK)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

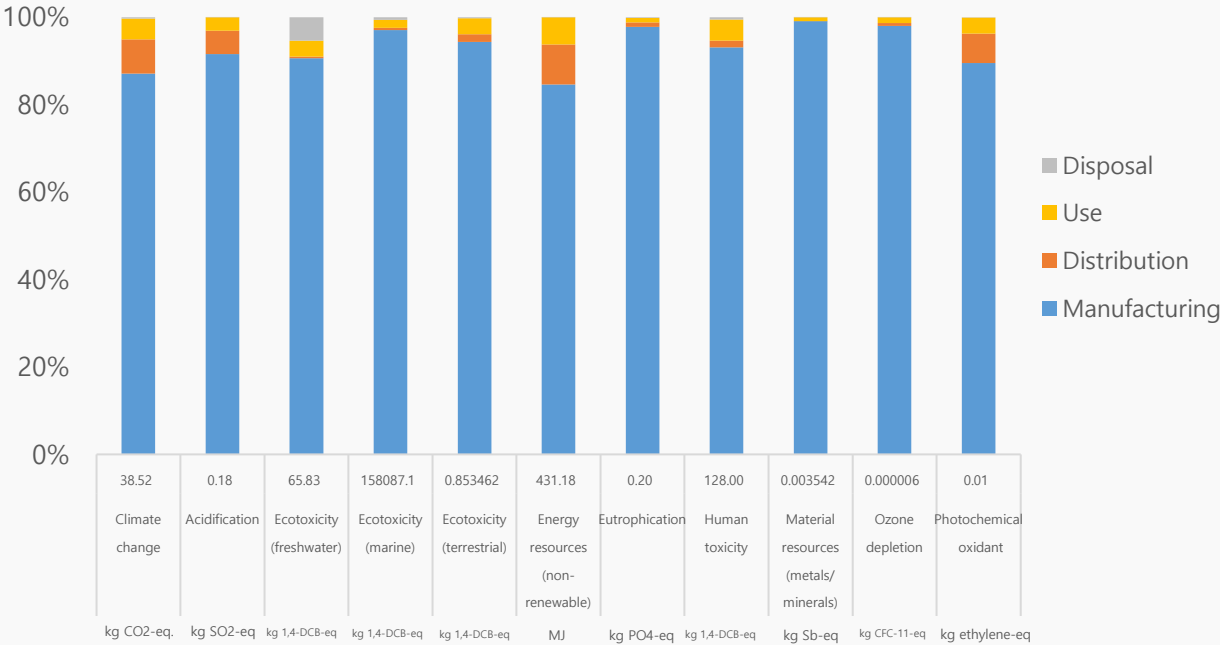
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UK |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

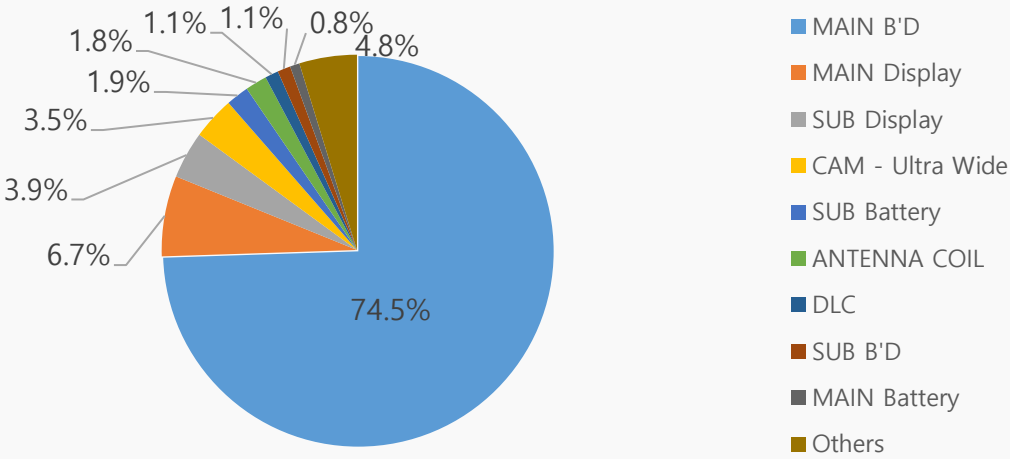


| | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-F766B (Galaxy Z Flip7) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 166.7 x 75.2 x 6.5 | |
| Display (mm) | 174.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 206.37 |
| | Packages | 168.98 |

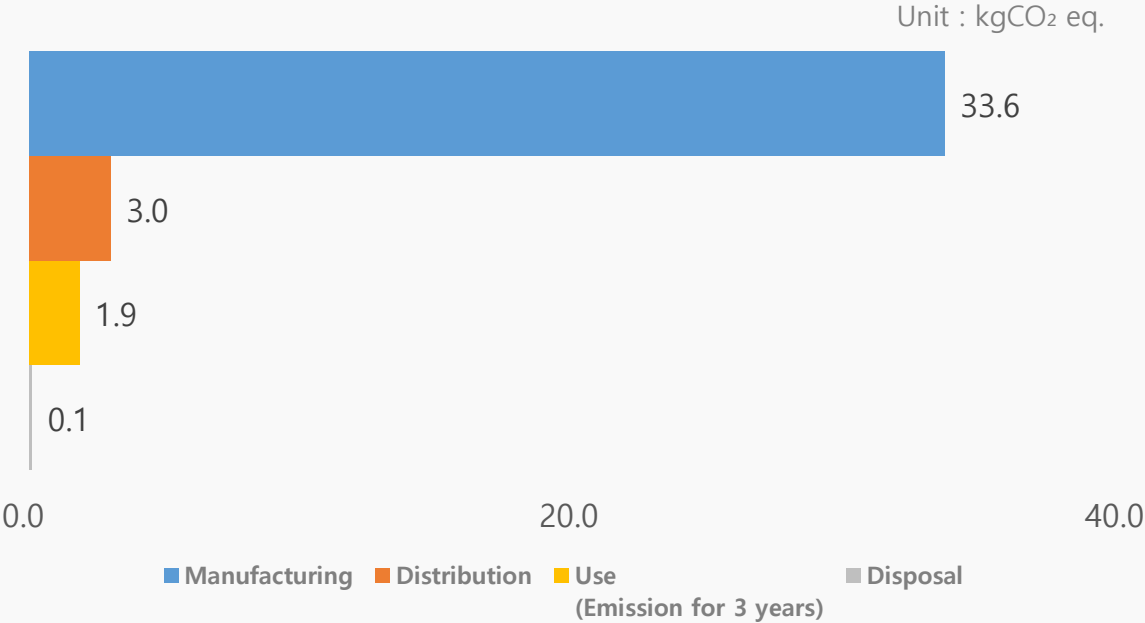
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Flip7 FE(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

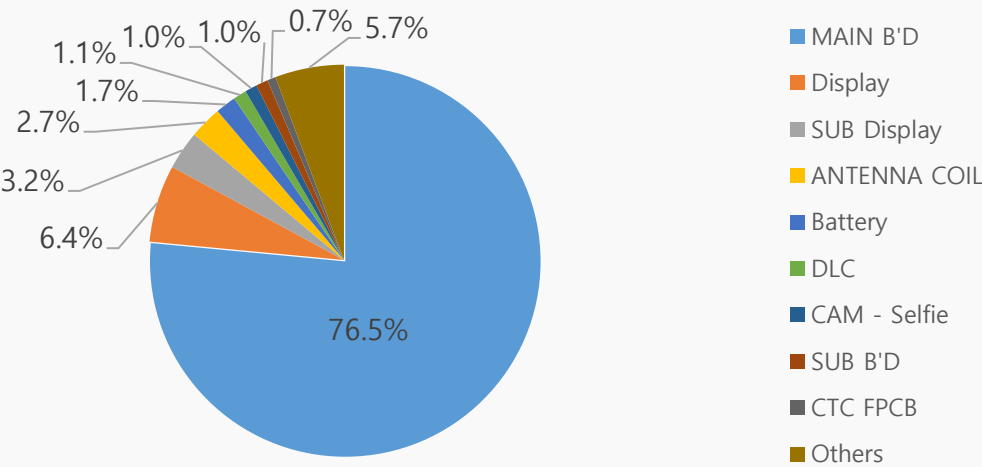
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

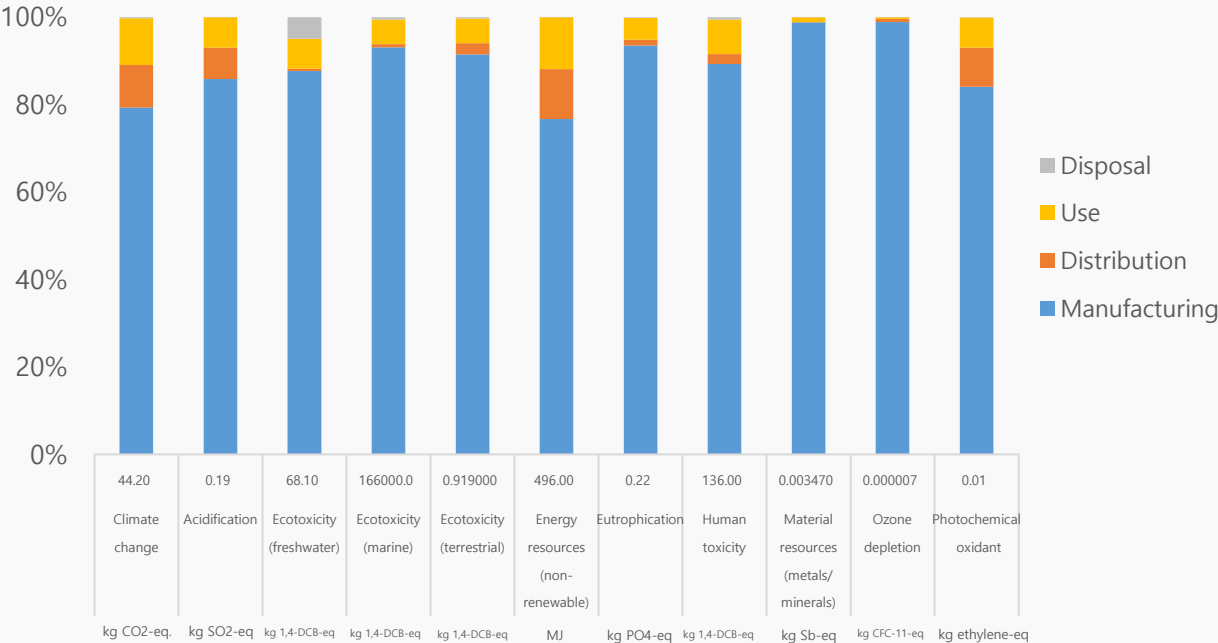


| | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-F761U(Galaxy Z Flip7 FE) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 165.1 x 71.9 x 6.9 | |
| Display (mm) | 187 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 221.60 |
| | Packages | 151.83 |

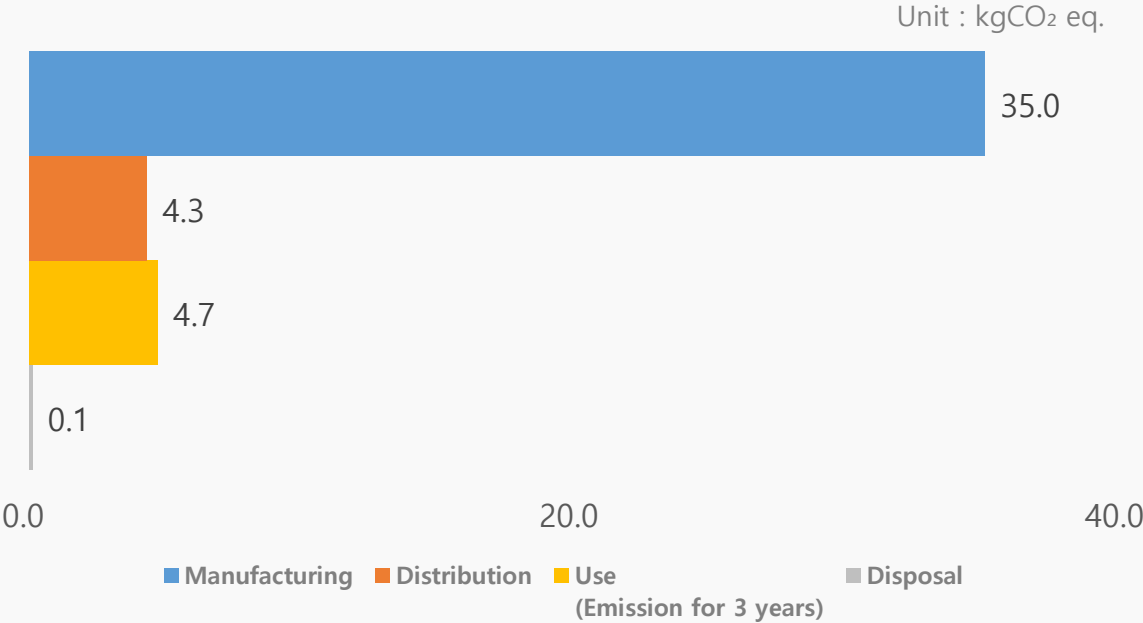
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Flip7 FE(UK)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

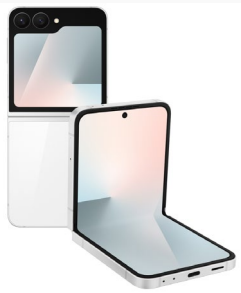
SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

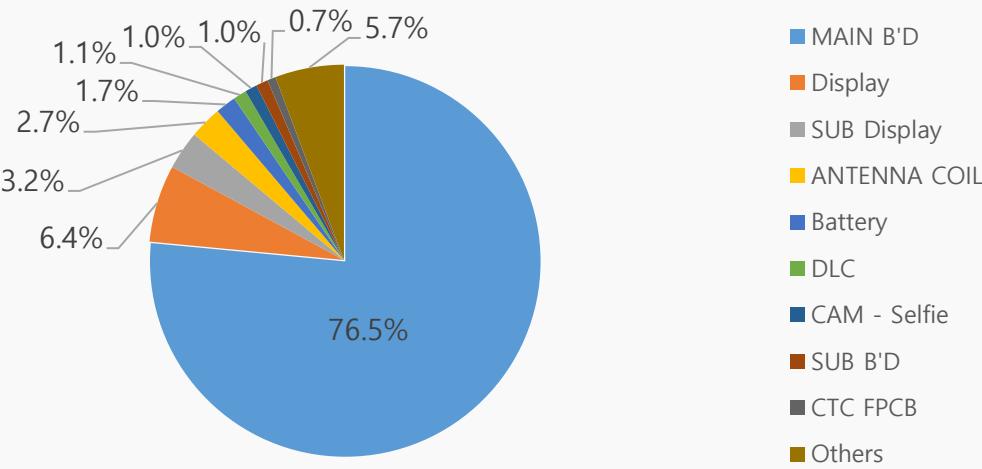
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UK |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

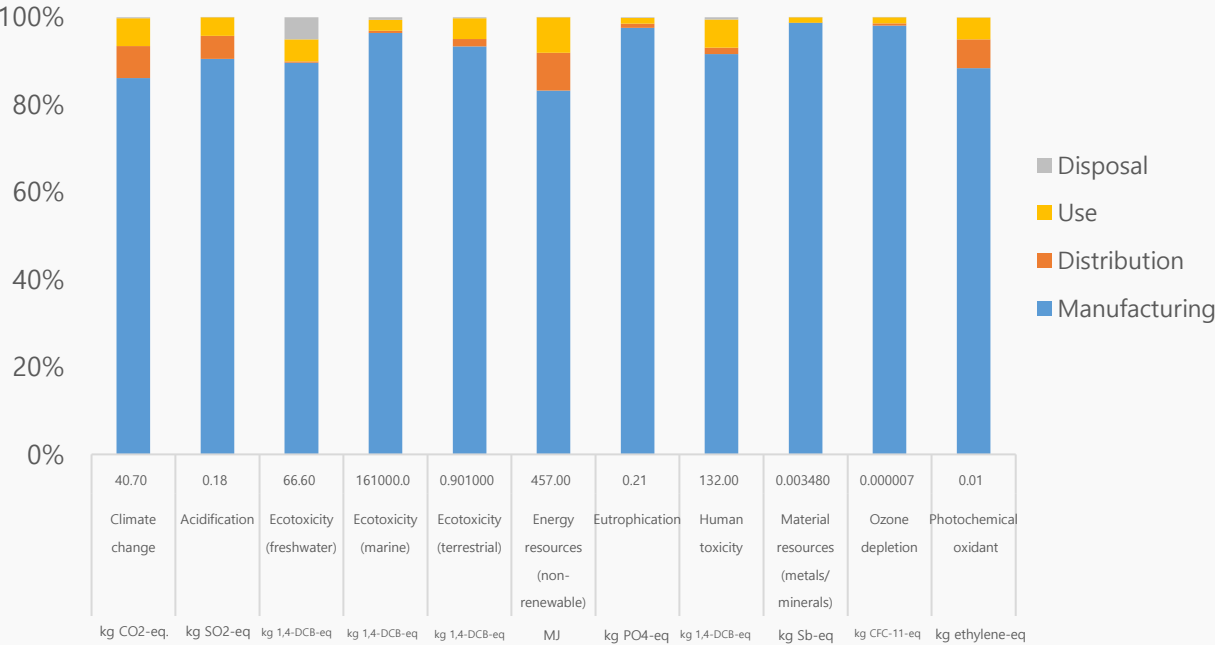


| | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-F761B(Galaxy Z Flip7 FE) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 165.1 x 71.9 x 6.9 | |
| Display (mm) | 187 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 221.60 |
| | Packages | 151.83 |

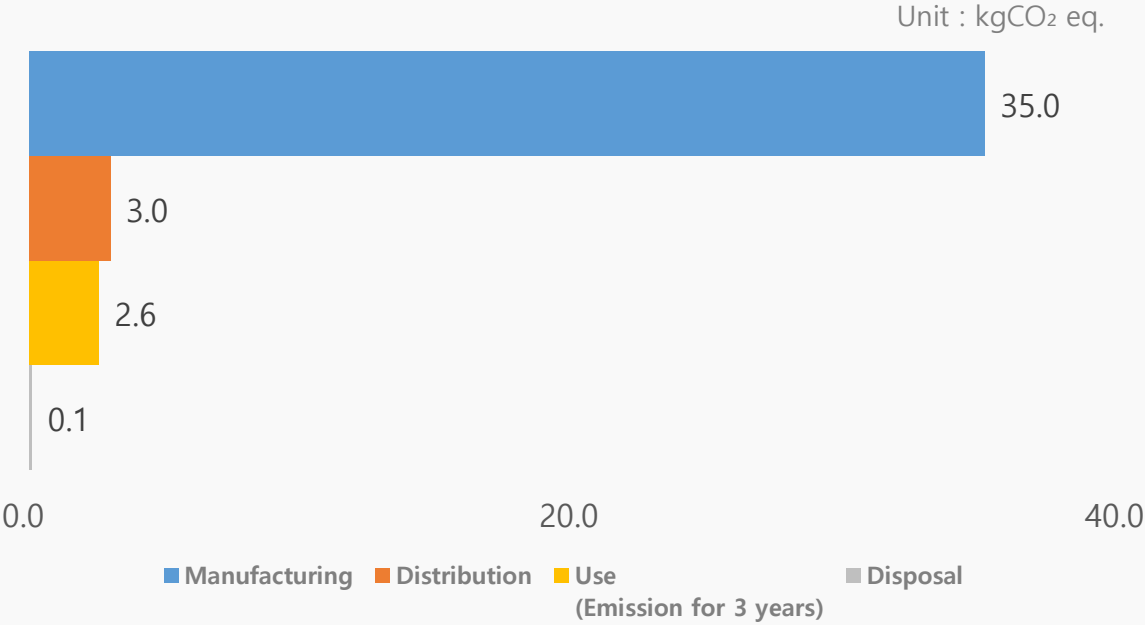
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S25 Edge(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform
BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

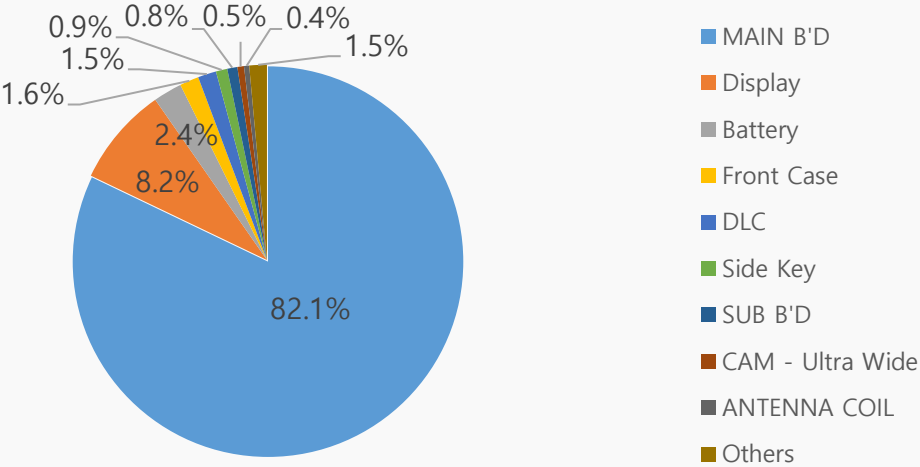
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

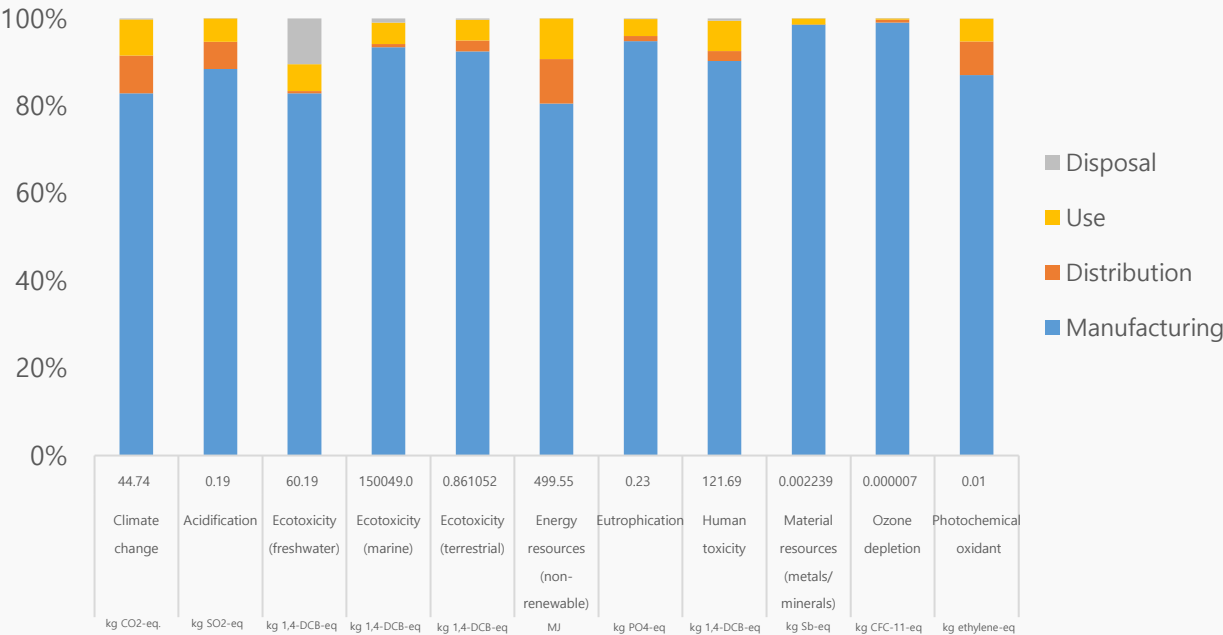


| | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-S937U (Galaxy S25 Edge) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 158.2 x 75.6 x 5.8 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 187.47 |
| | Packages | 147.11 |

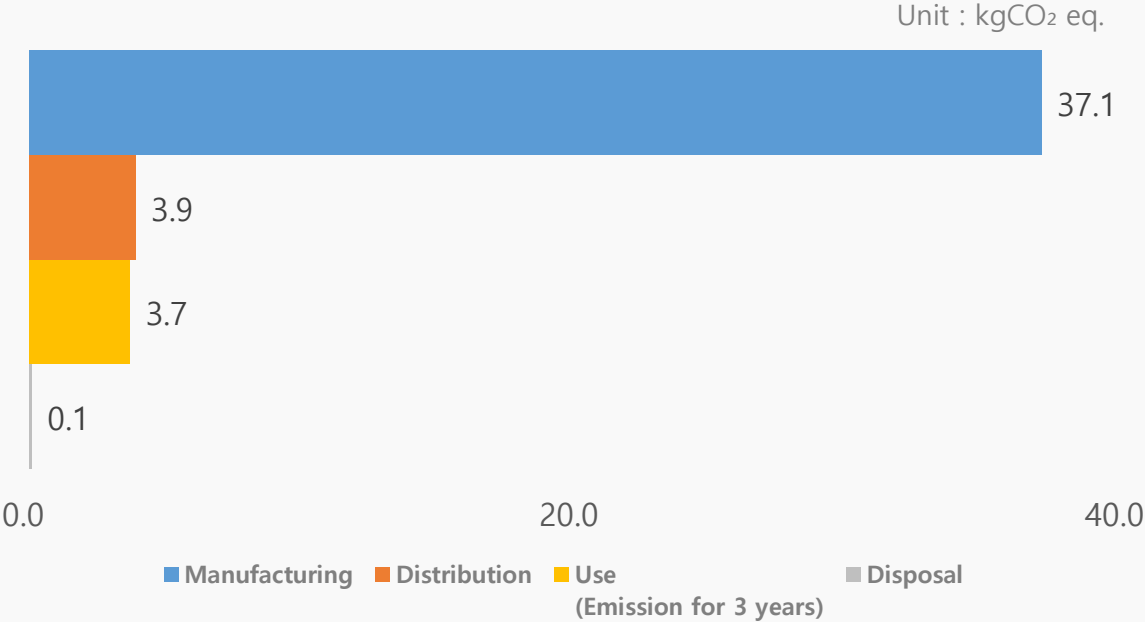
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S25 Edge(UK)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

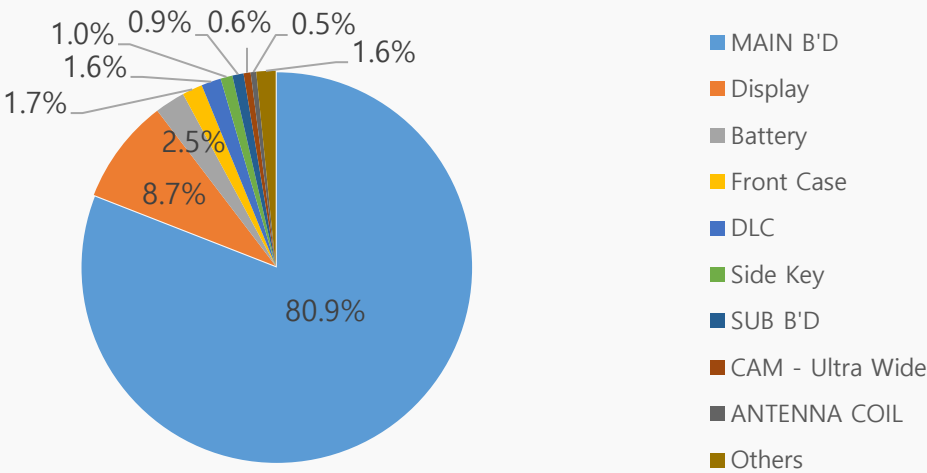
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UK |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

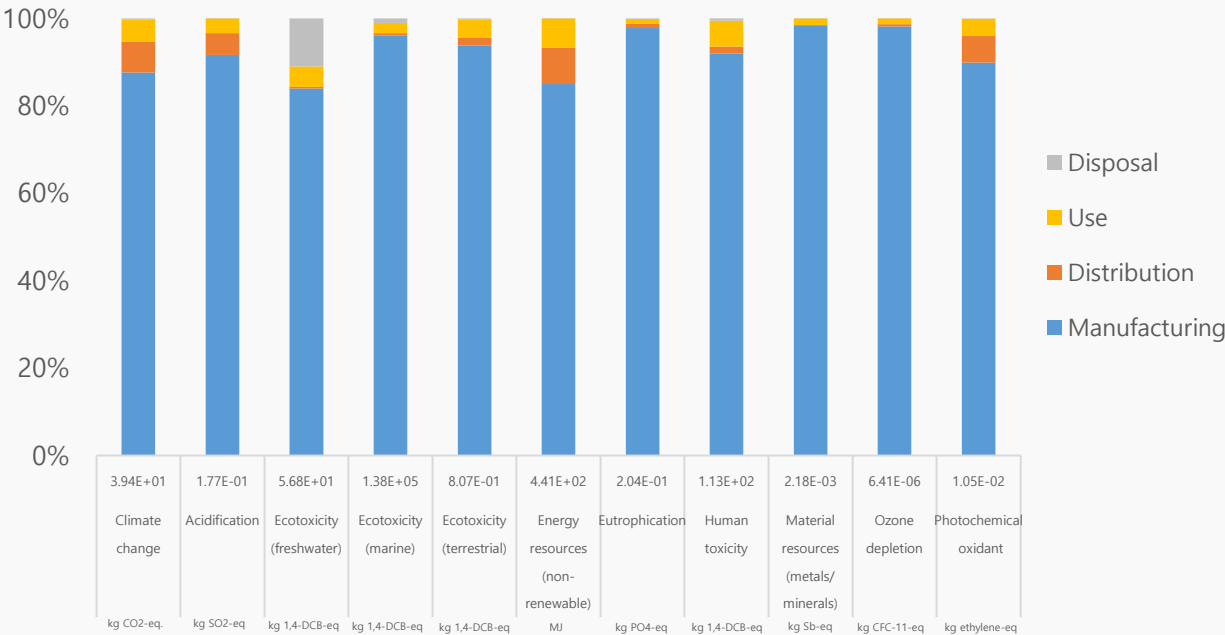


| | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-S937B (Galaxy S25 Edge) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 158.2 x 75.6 x 5.8 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 183.99 |
| | Packages | 163.88 |

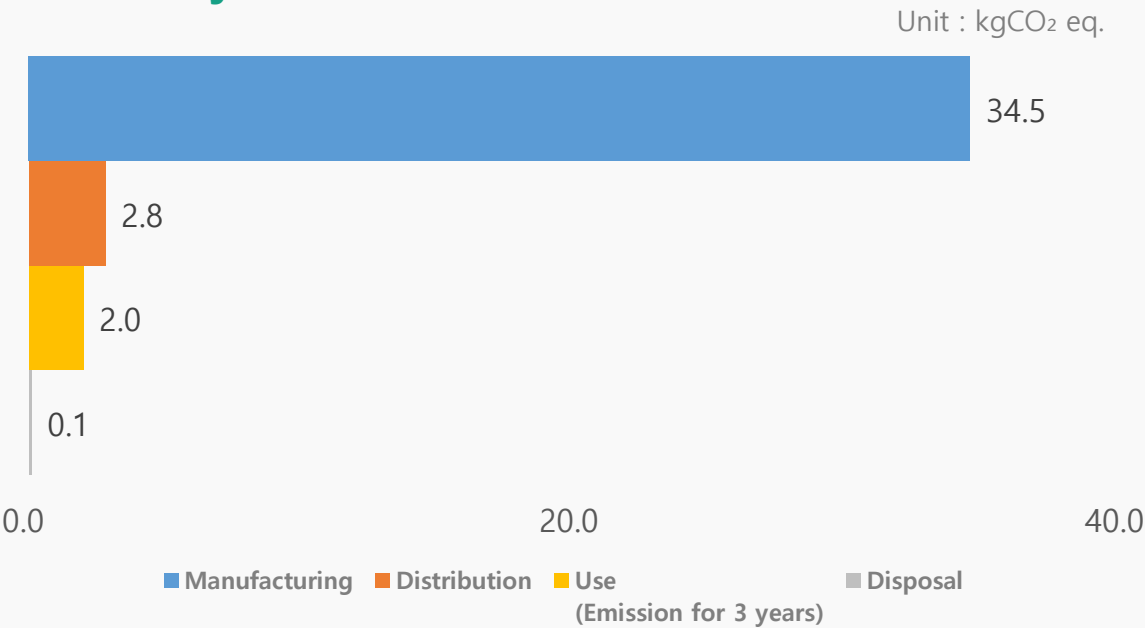
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy XCover7 Pro(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform
BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

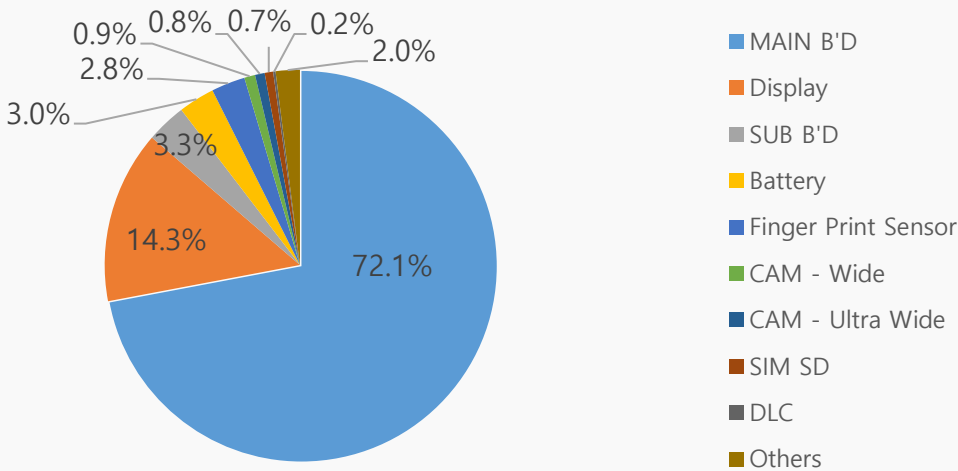
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

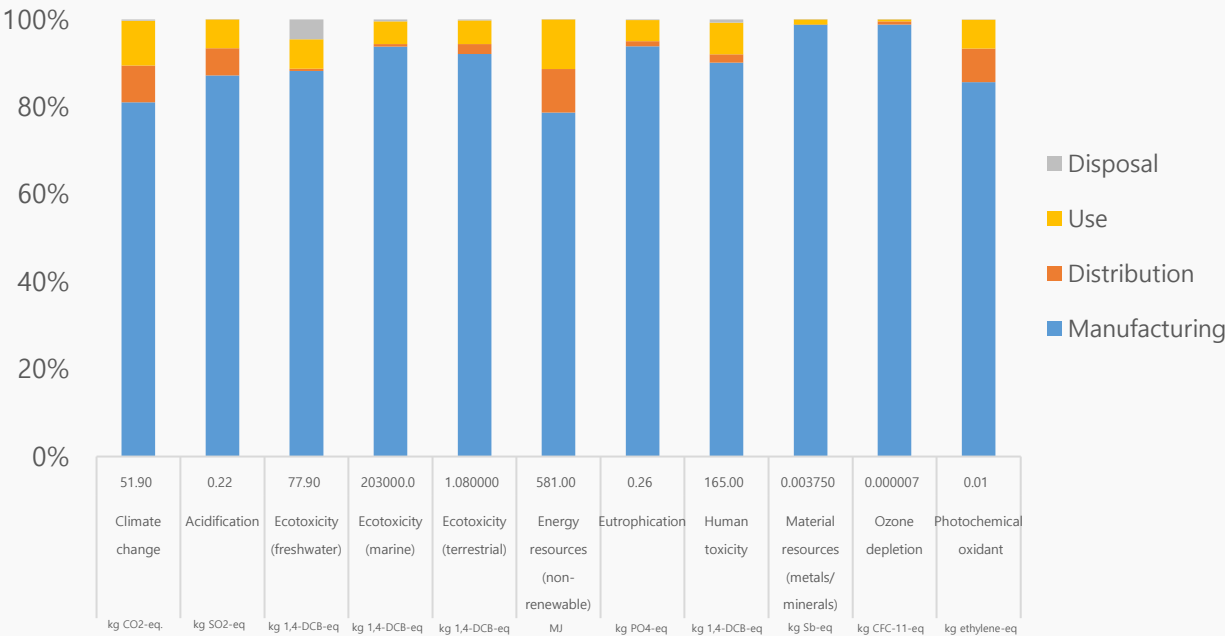


| | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-G766U (Galaxy XCover7 Pro) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 168.6 x 79.9 x 10.2 | |
| Display (mm) | 167.2 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 259.93 |
| | Packages | 118.99 |

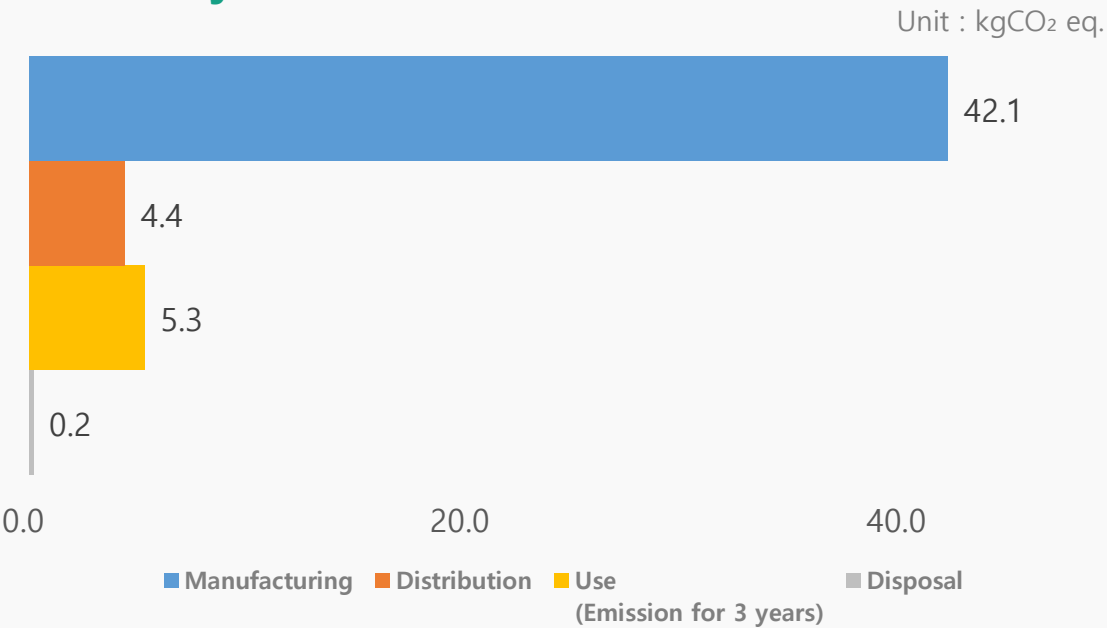
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy XCover7 Pro(UK)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

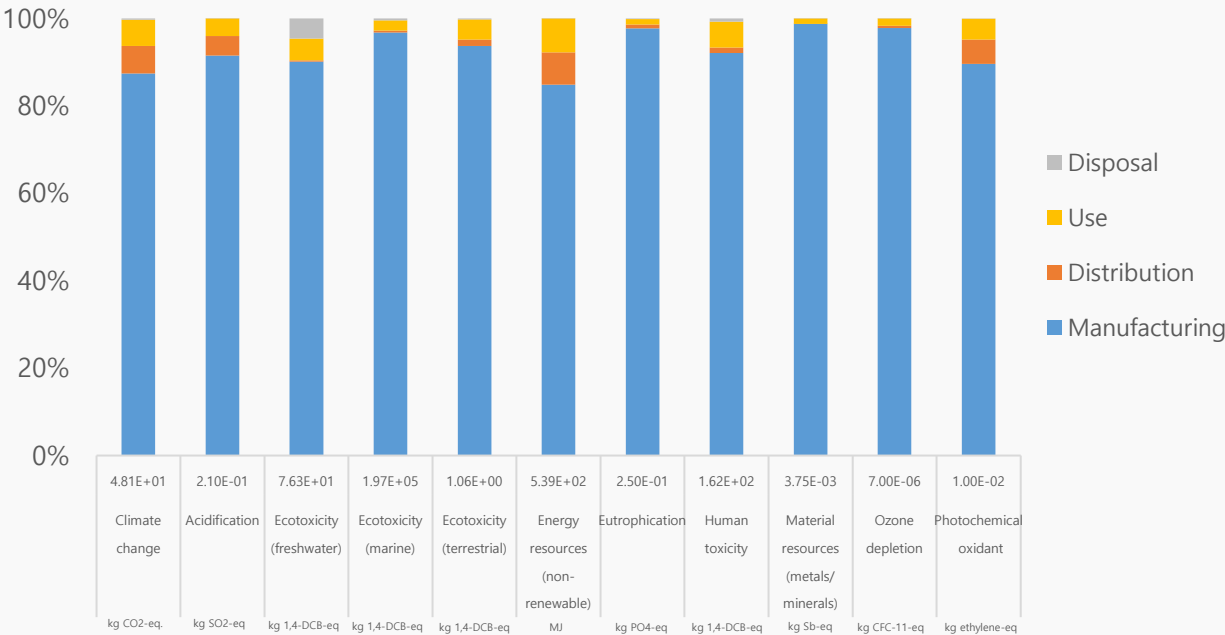
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UK |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

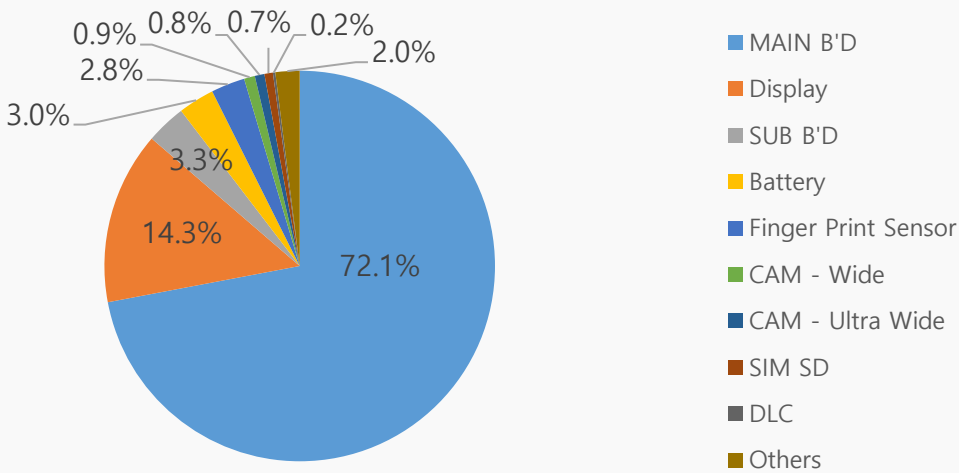


| | | |
|----------------|--|---------------|
| Model name | SM-G766B (Galaxy XCover7 Pro) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 168.6 x 79.9 x 10.2 | |
| Display (mm) | 167.2 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 259.93 |
| | Packages | 118.99 |

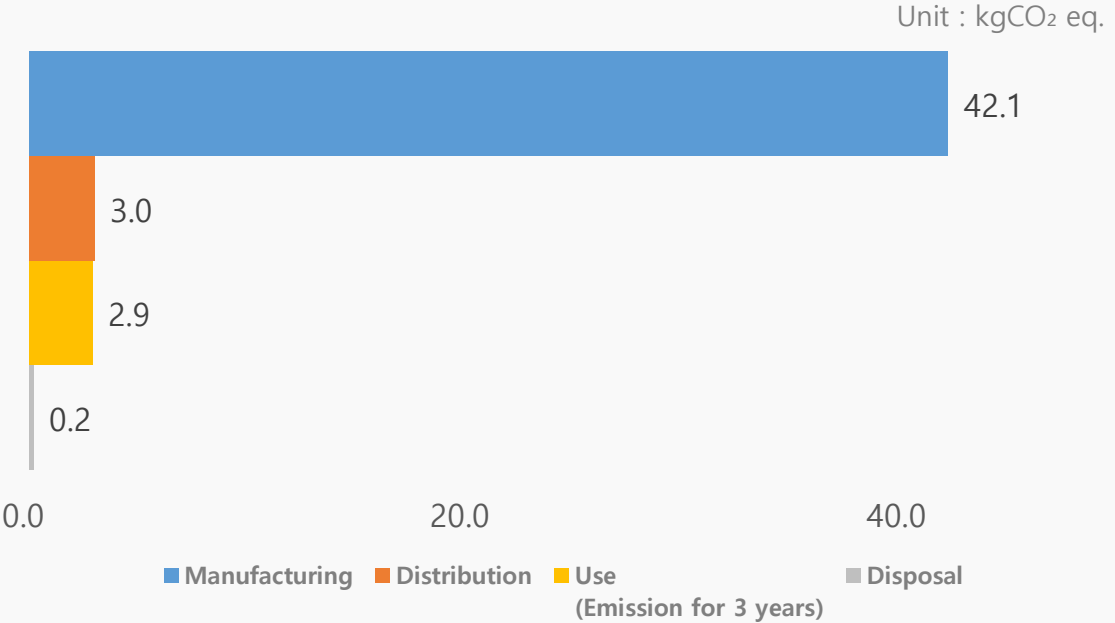
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A36 5G(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

LCA Report Issuance Date : Apr. 02, 2025

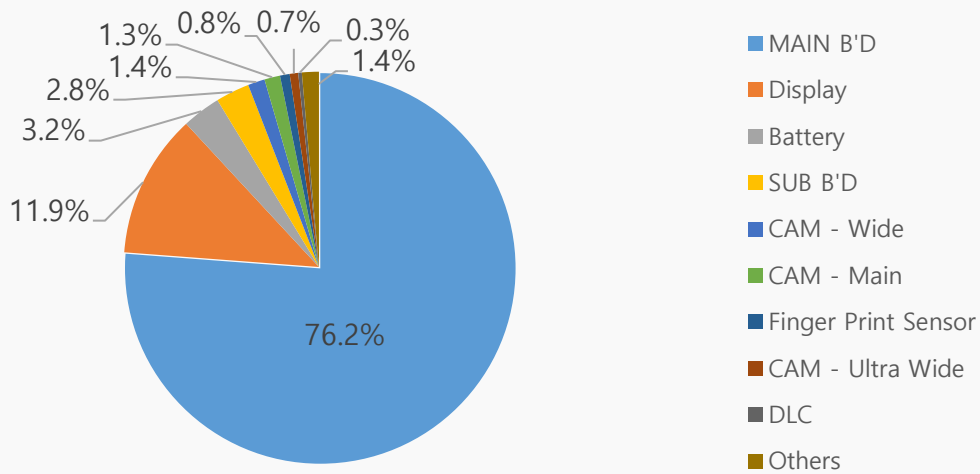
Webpage Publication Date of Summary of LCA : Apr. 25, 2025

● Product Features

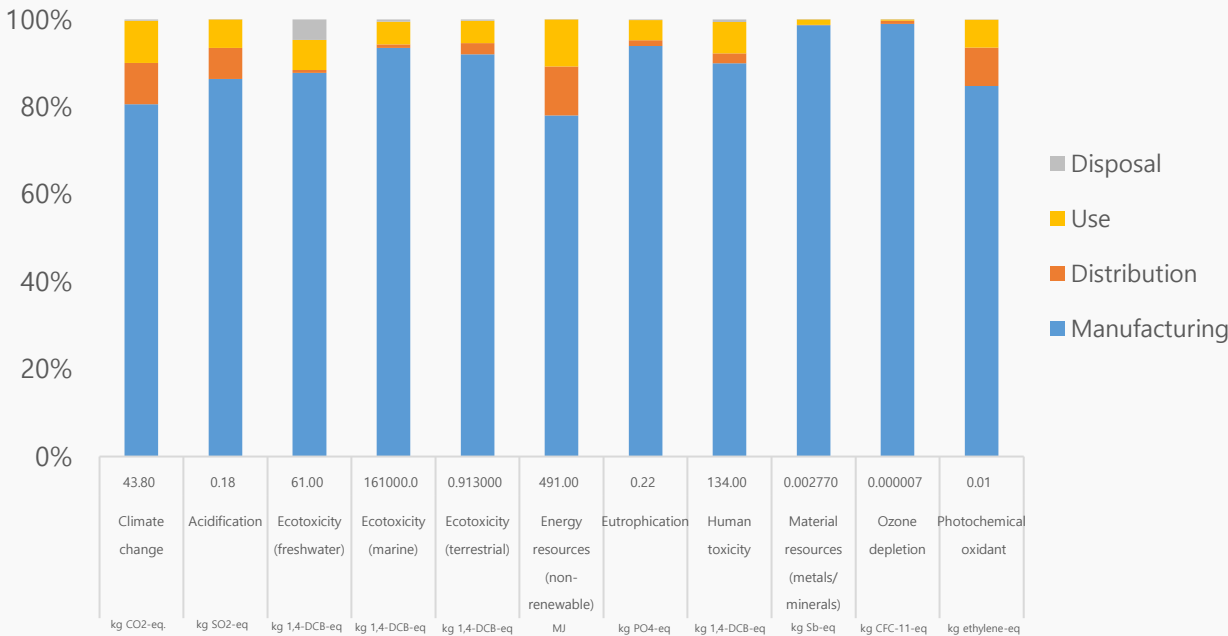


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A366U (Galaxy A36 5G) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 162.9 x 78.2 x 7.4 | |
| Display (mm) | 170.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 227.73 |
| | Packages | 120.81 |

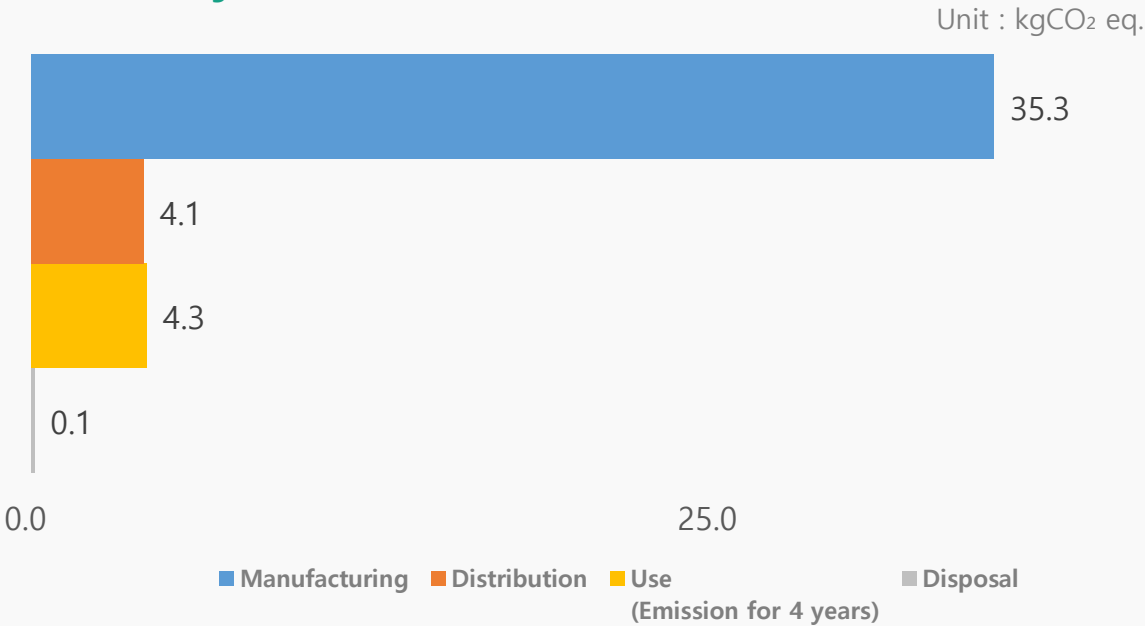
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A26 5G(EU)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

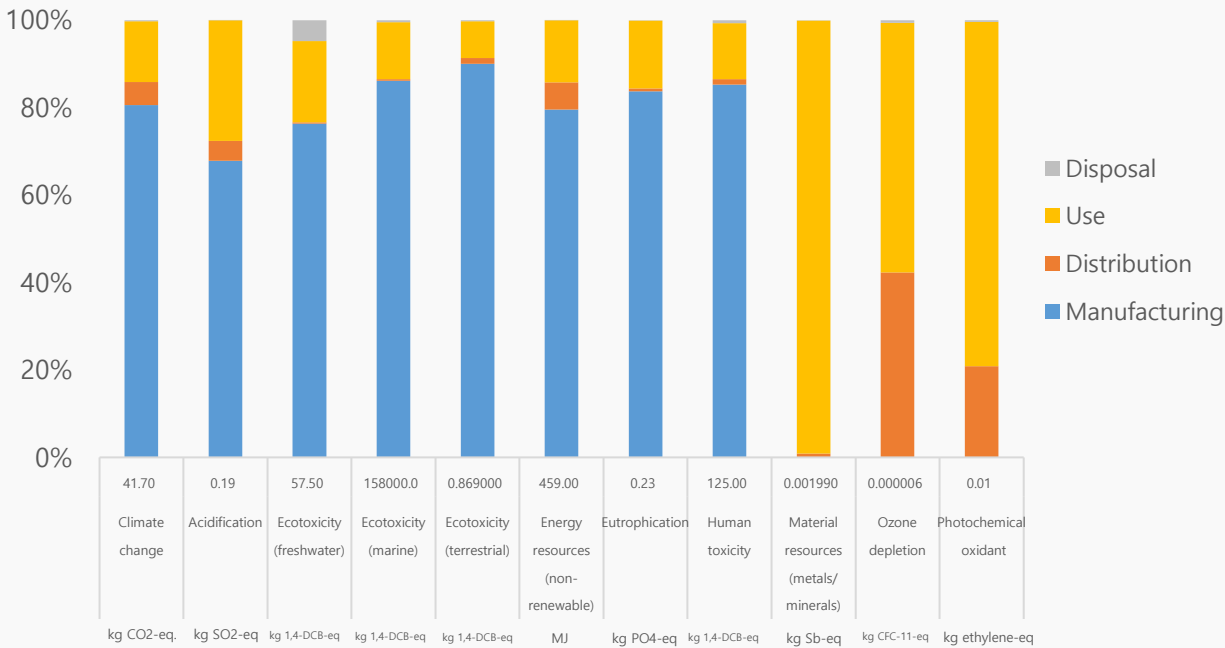
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

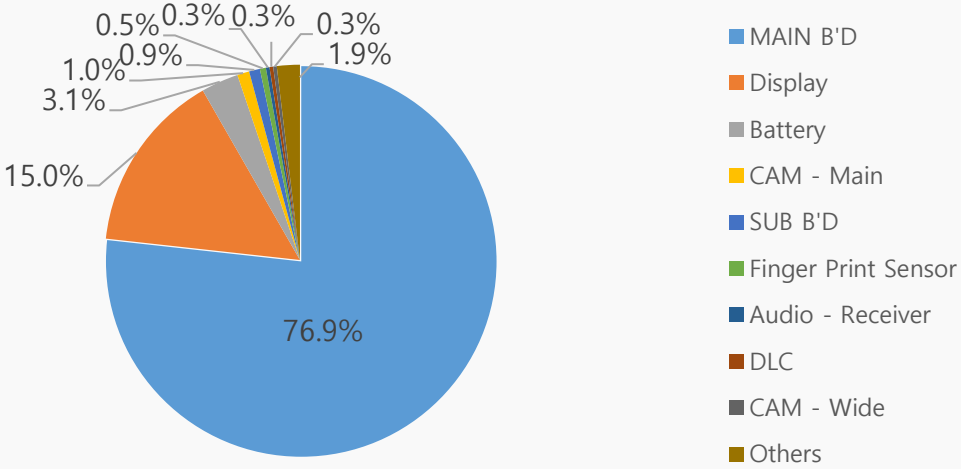


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A266B (Galaxy A26 5G) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 164.0 x 77.5 x 7.7 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 220.15 |
| | Packages | 77.74 |

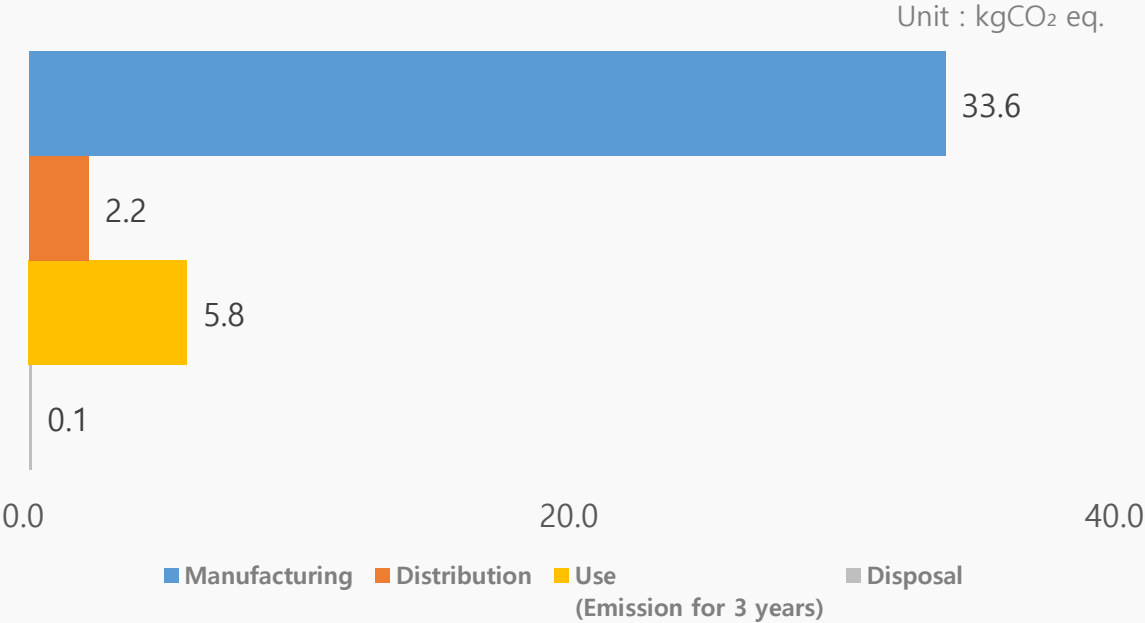
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A56 5G(EU)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

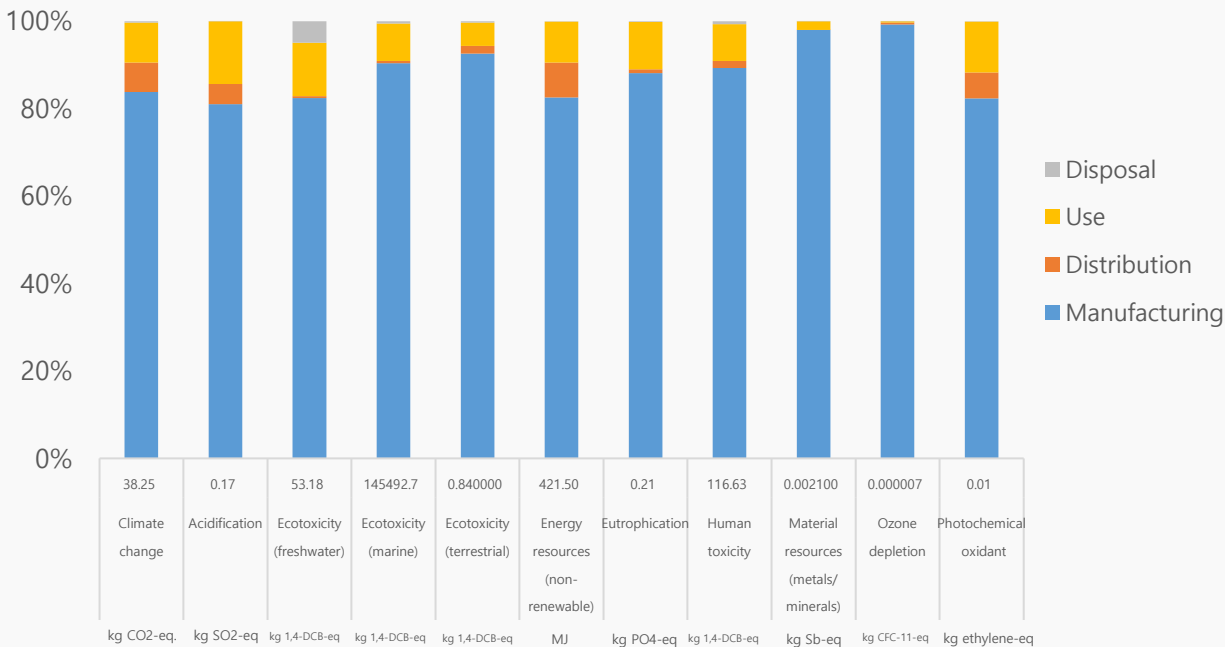
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

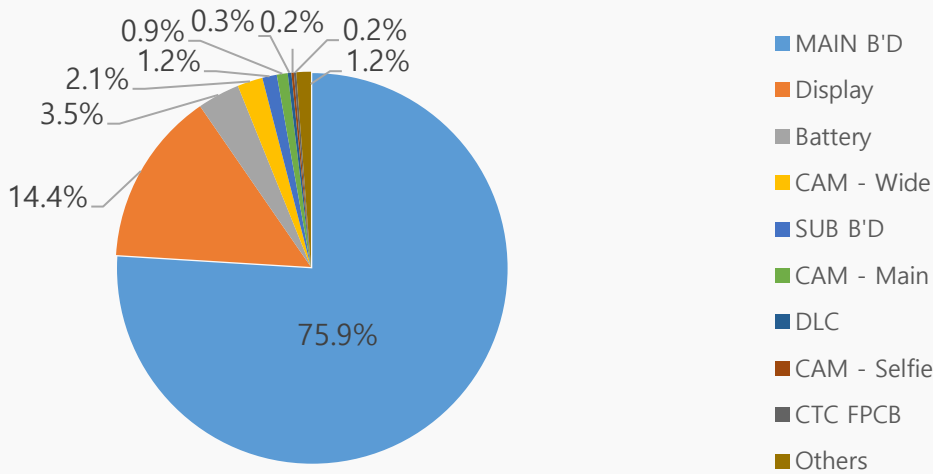


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A566B (Galaxy A56 5G) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 162.2 x 77.5 x 7.4 | |
| Display (mm) | 170.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 230.57 |
| | Packages | 119.80 |

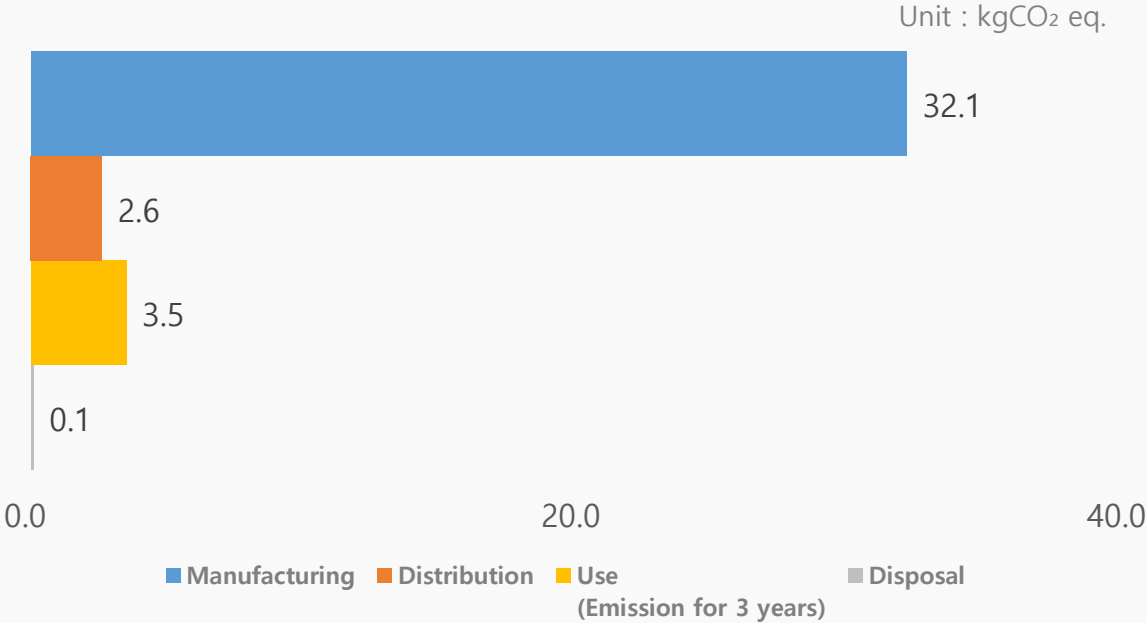
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A36 5G(EU)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

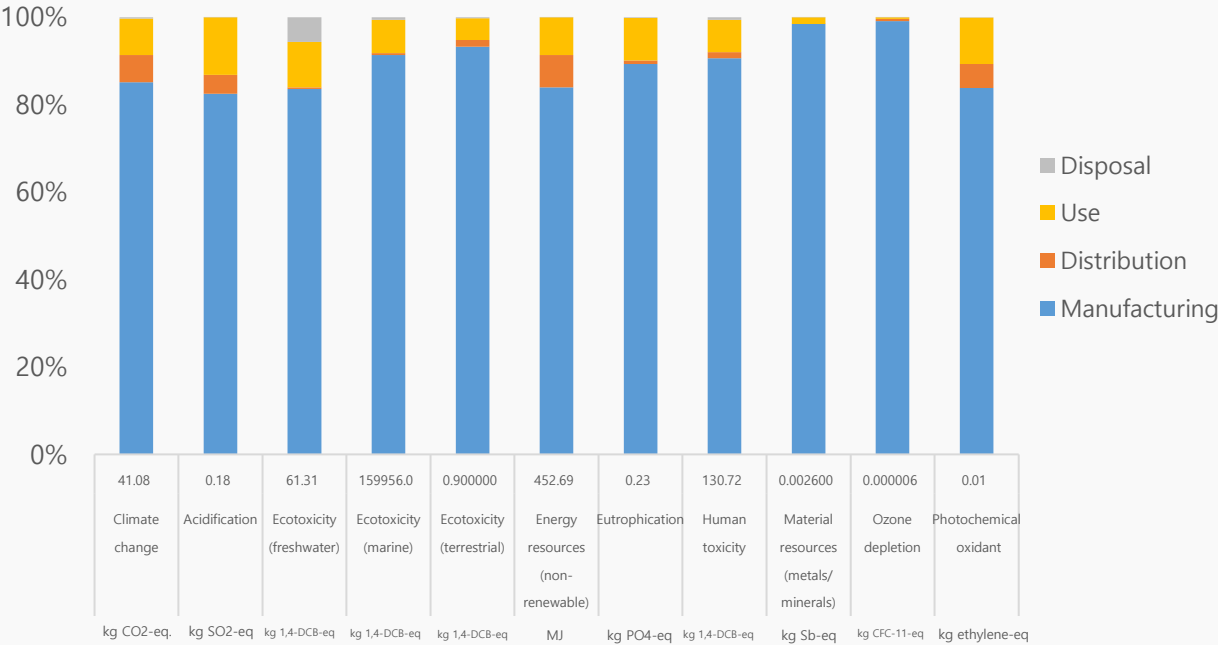
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

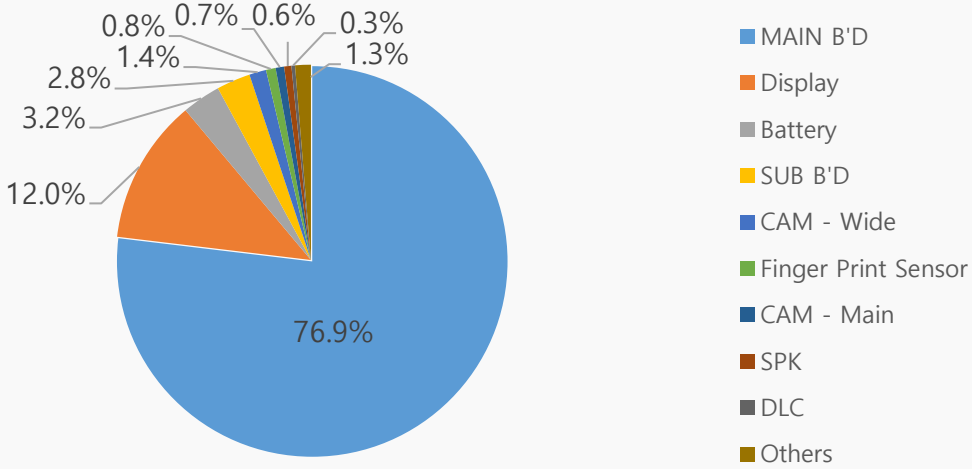


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A366B (Galaxy A36 5G) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 162.9 x 78.2 x 7.4 | |
| Display (mm) | 170.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 227.22 |
| | Packages | 121.32 |

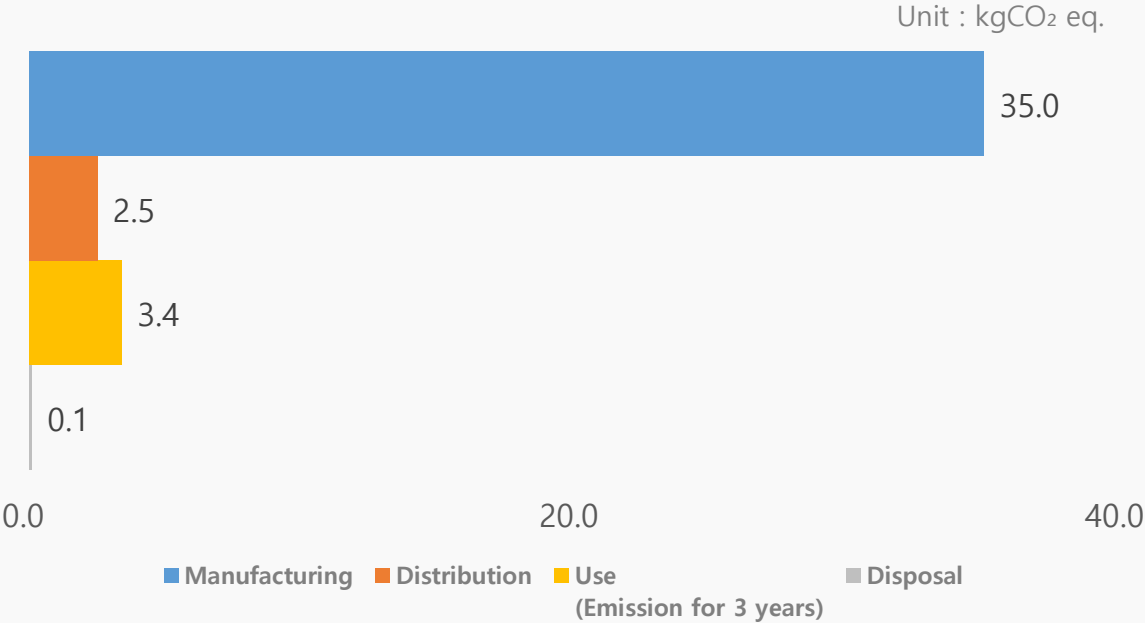
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S25 Ultra(EU)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform
BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

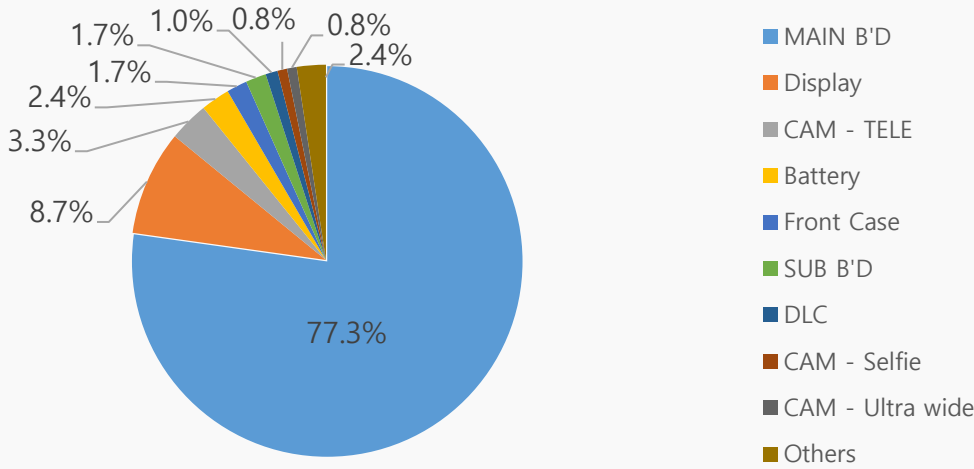
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

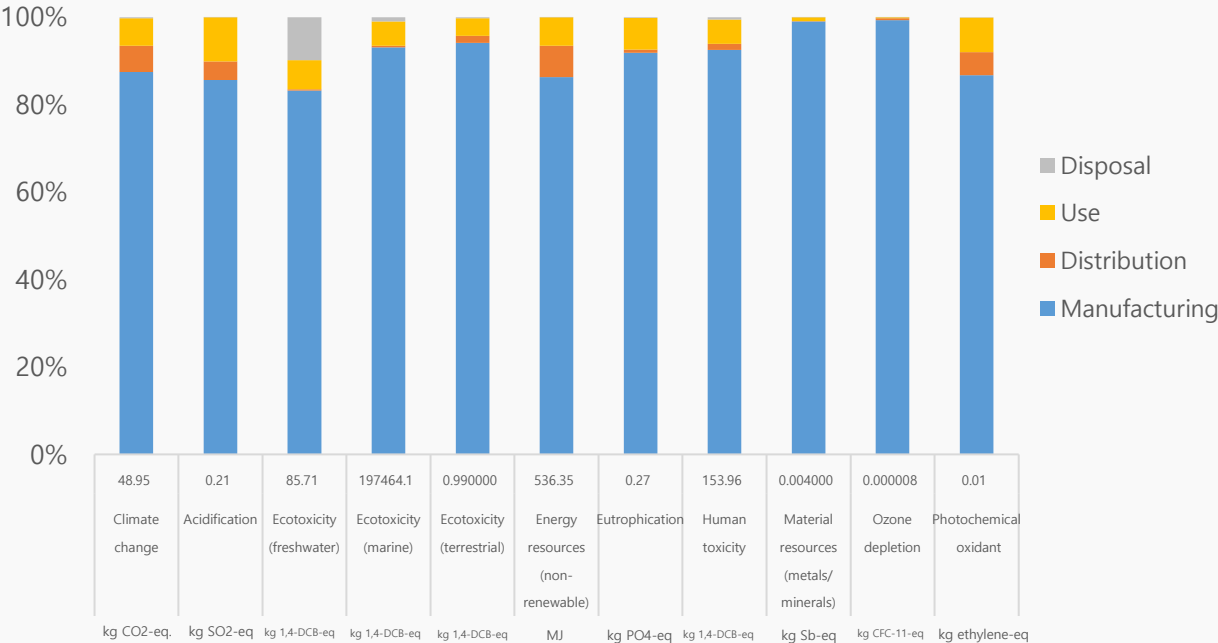


| | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-S938B (Galaxy S25 Ultra) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 162.8 x 77.6 x 8.2 | |
| Display (mm) | 174.2 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 240.57 |
| | Packages | 158.99 |

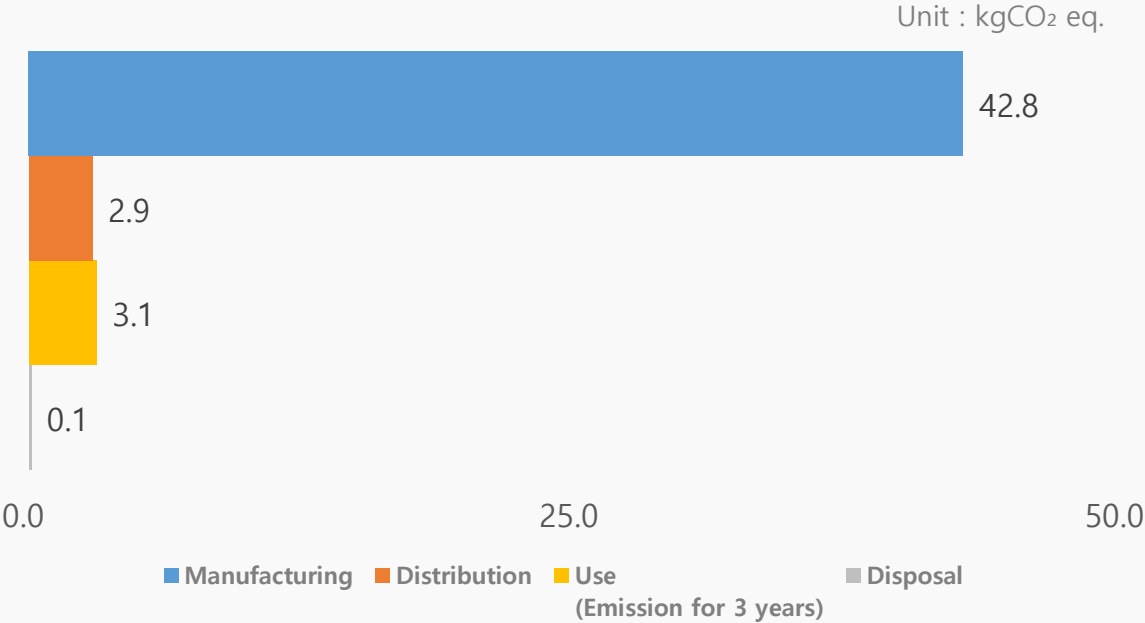
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S25 Ultra(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform
BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

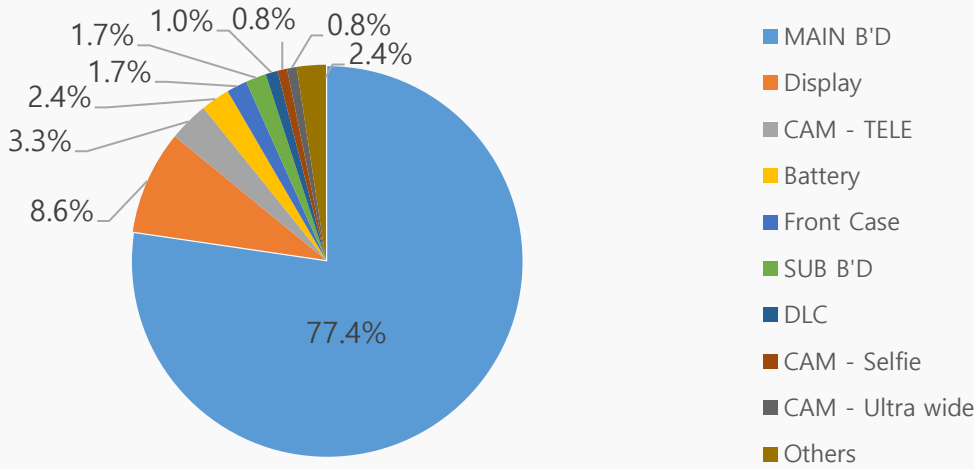
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features



| | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-S938U (Galaxy S25 Ultra) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 162.8 x 77.6 x 8.2 | |
| Display (mm) | 174.2 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 241.27 |
| | Packages | 147.49 |

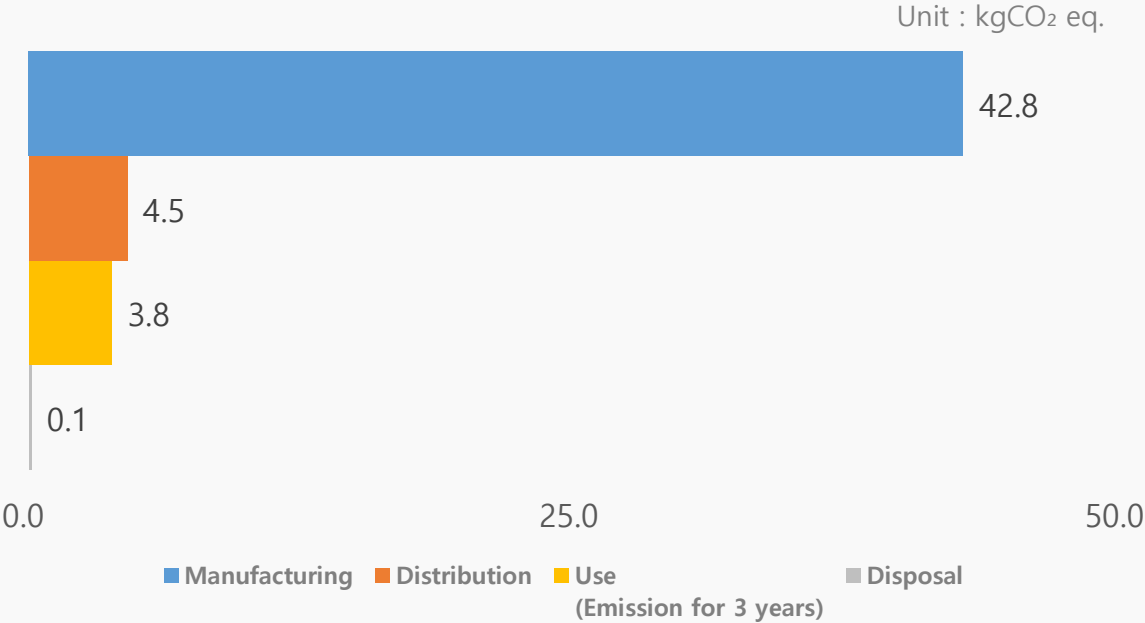
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S25+(EU)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

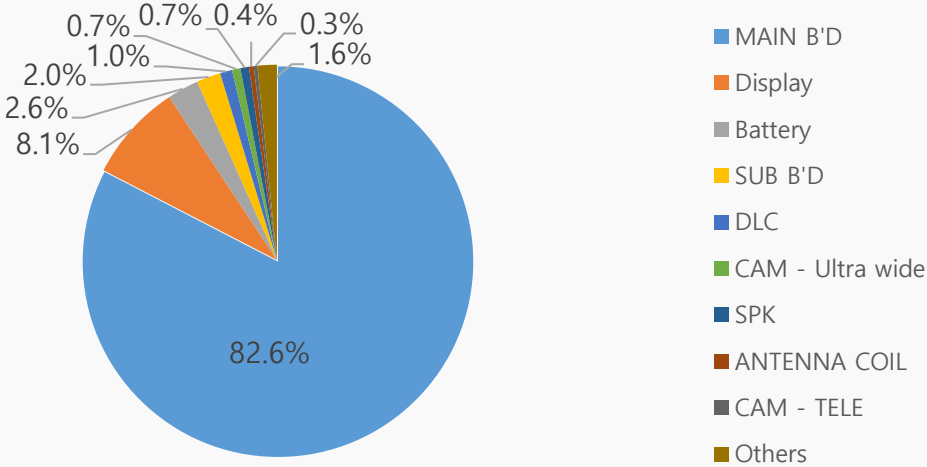
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

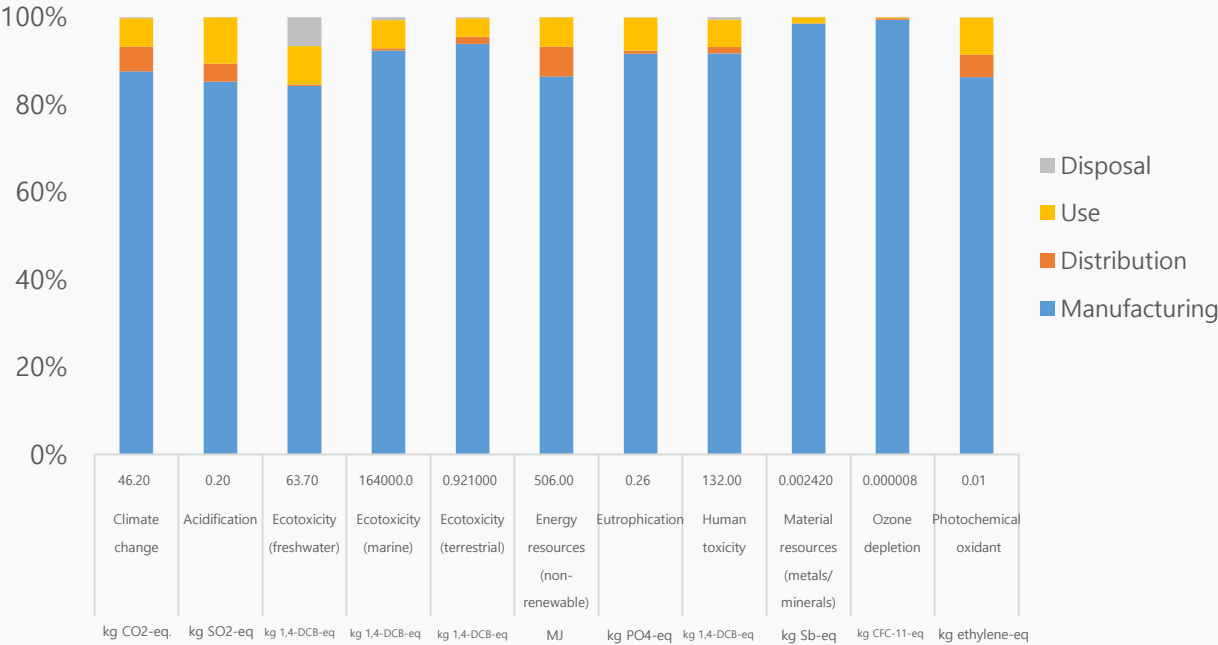


| | | |
|----------------|------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-S936B (Galaxy S25+) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 158.4 x 75.8 x 7.3 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 210.25 |
| | Packages | 145.97 |

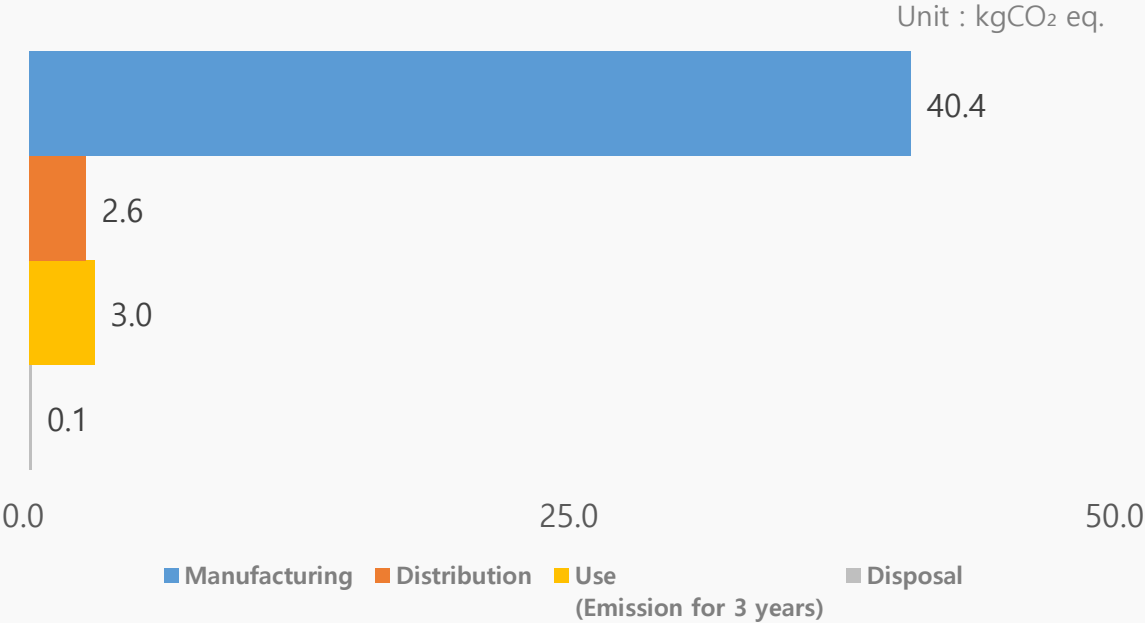
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S25+(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

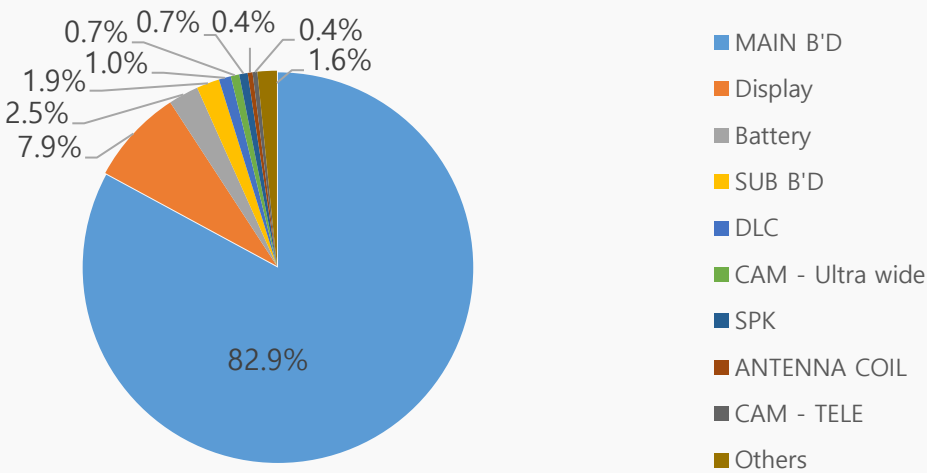
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

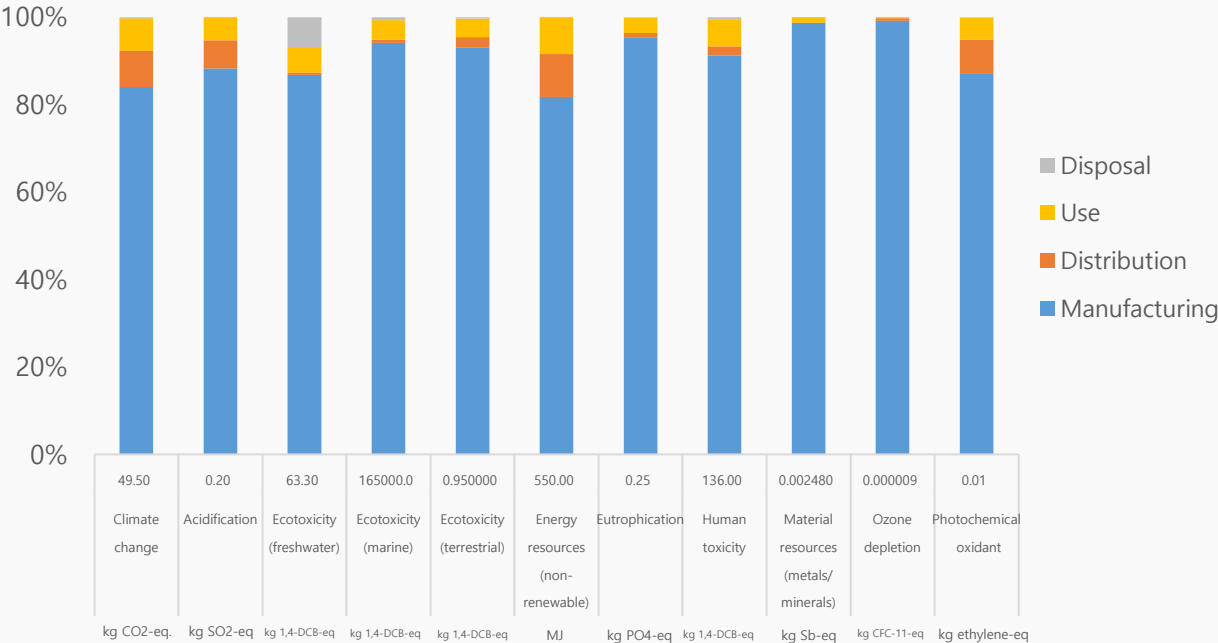


| | | |
|----------------|------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-S936U (Galaxy S25+) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 158.4 x 75.8 x 7.3 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 212.42 |
| | Packages | 140.7 |

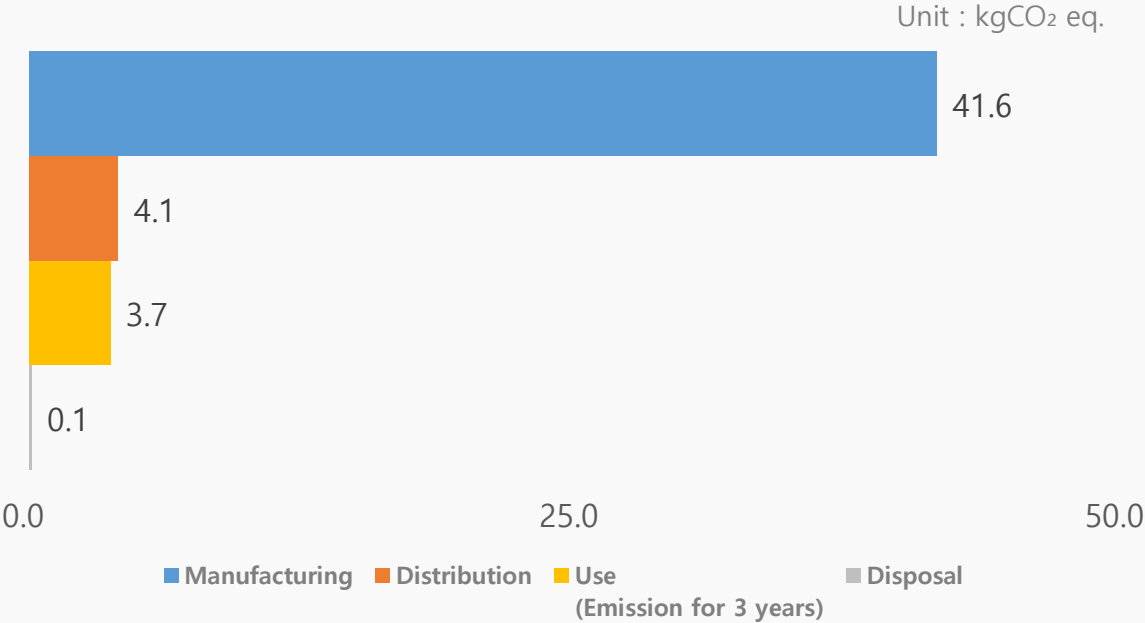
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S25(EU)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

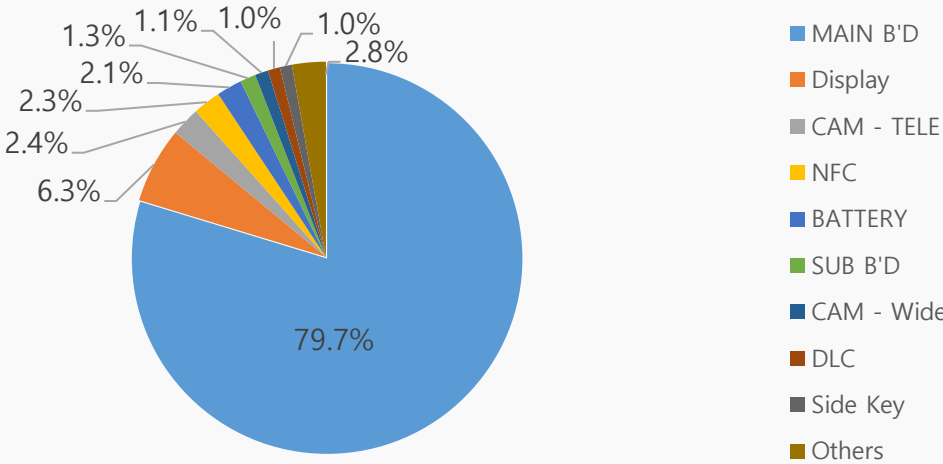
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

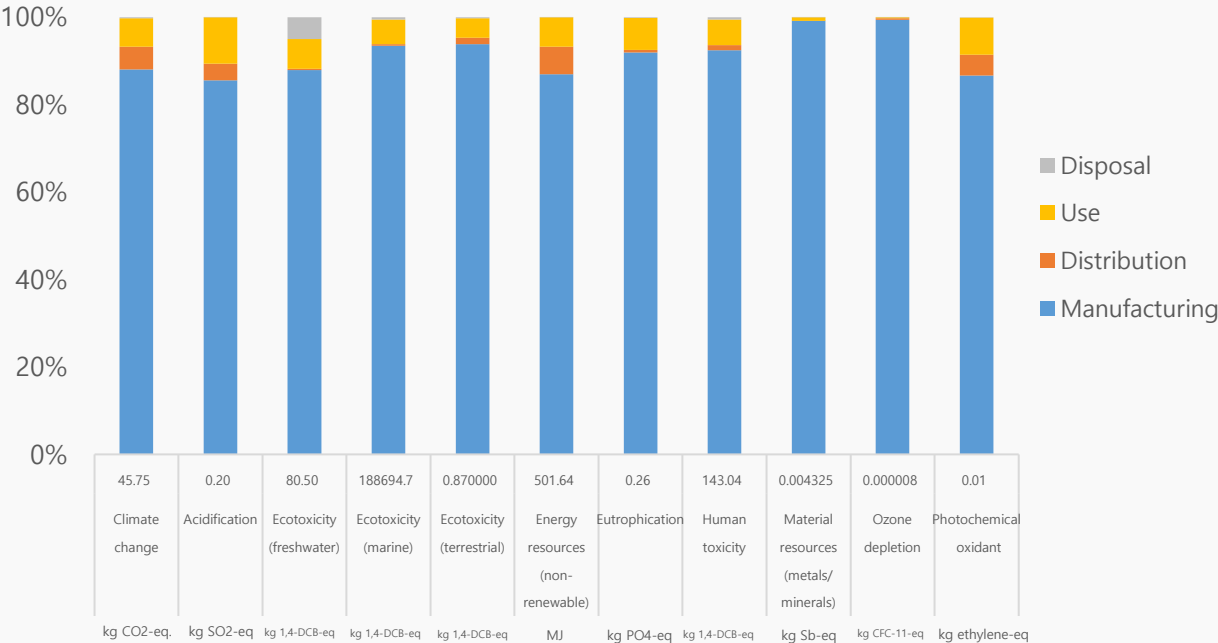


| | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-S931B (Galaxy S25) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 146.9 x 70.5 x 7.2 | |
| Display (mm) | 156.4 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 188.68 |
| | Packages | 139.22 |

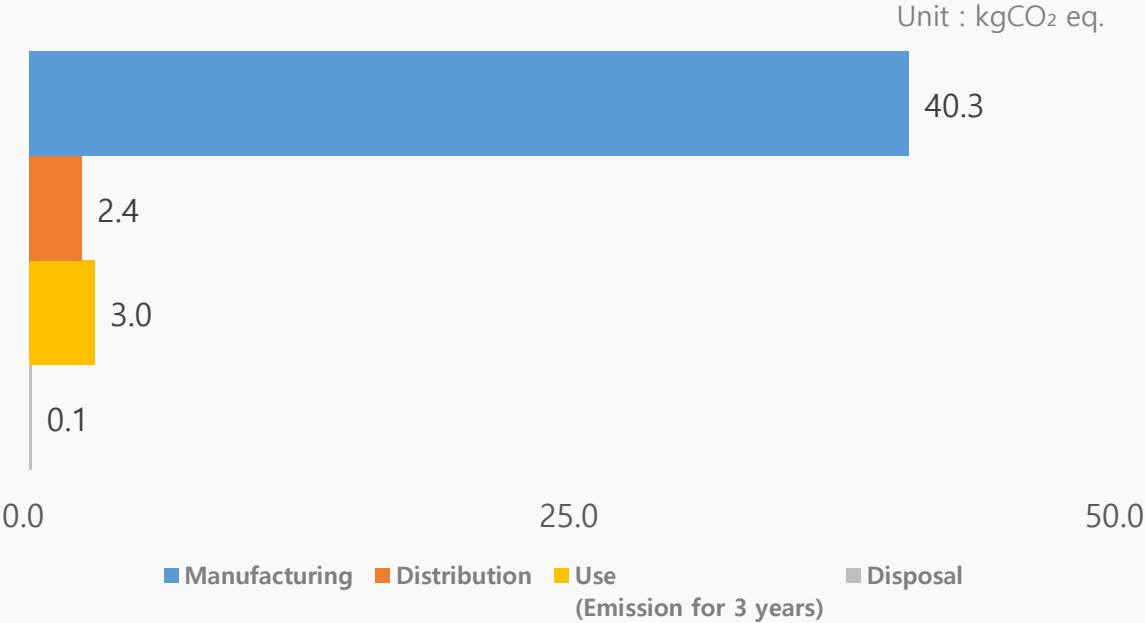
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S25(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

LCA Report Issuance Date : Jan. 22, 2025

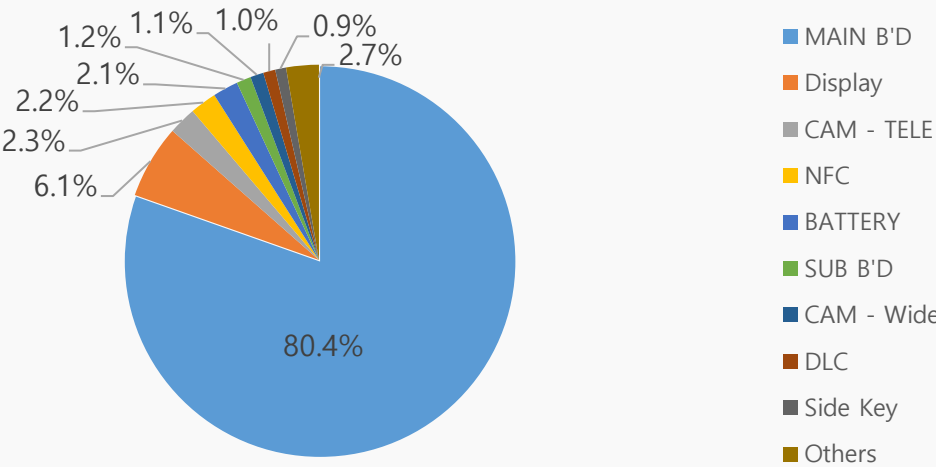
Webpage Publication Date of Summary of LCA : Feb. 14, 2025

● Product Features

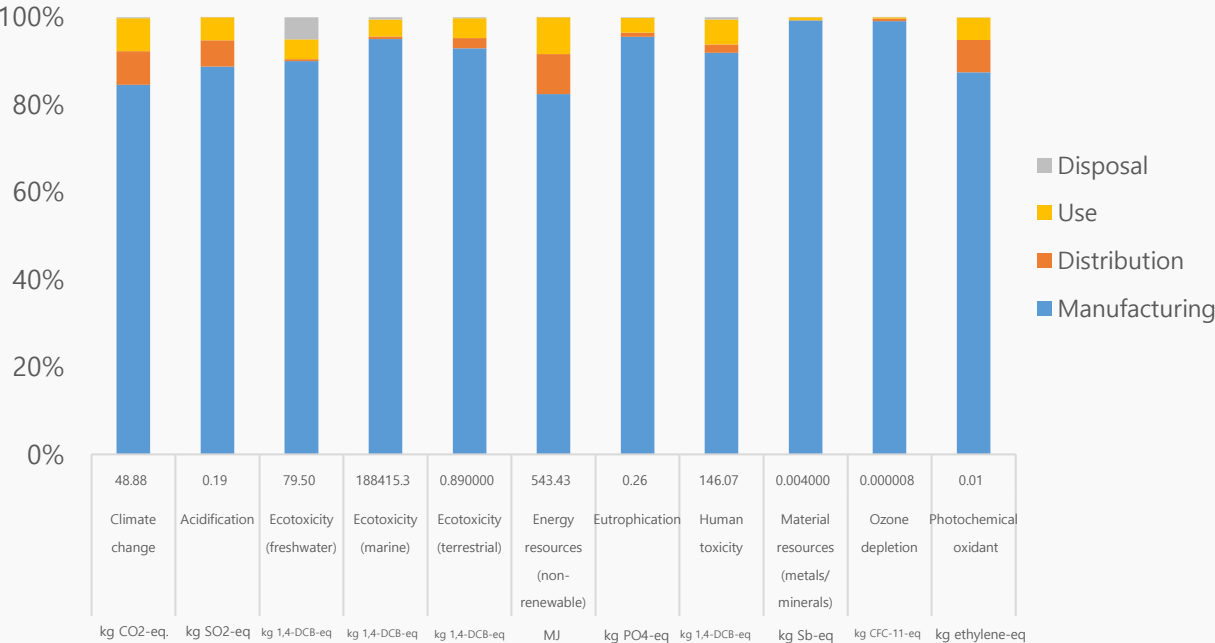


| | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-S931U (Galaxy S25) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 146.9 x 70.5 x 7.2 | |
| Display (mm) | 156.4 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 188.48 |
| | Packages | 128.12 |

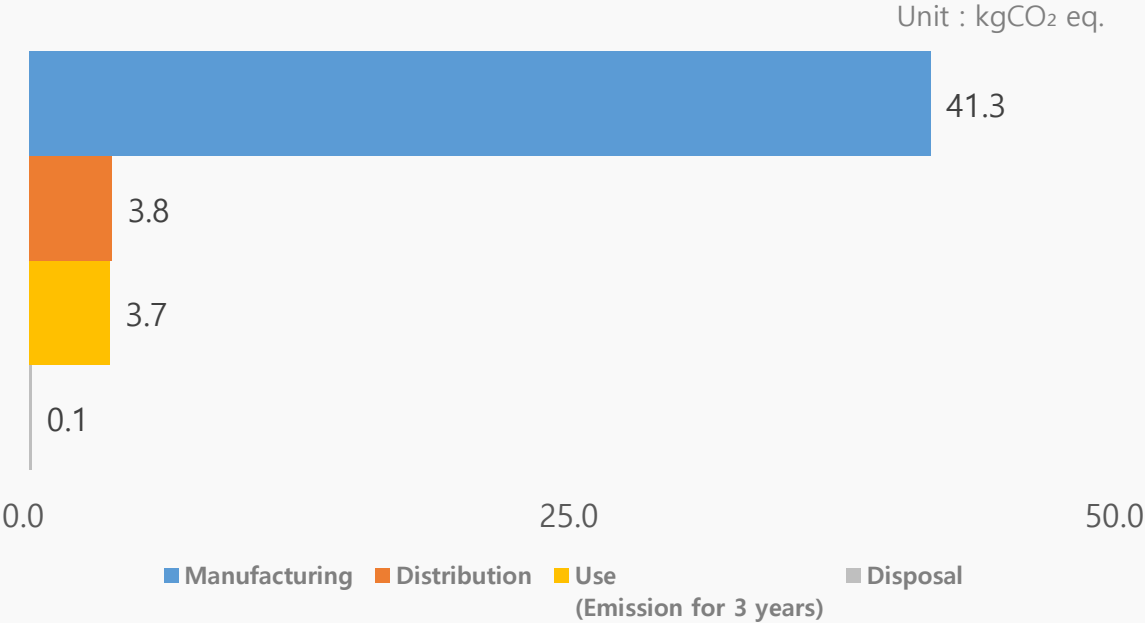
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Fold Special Edition (KR)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

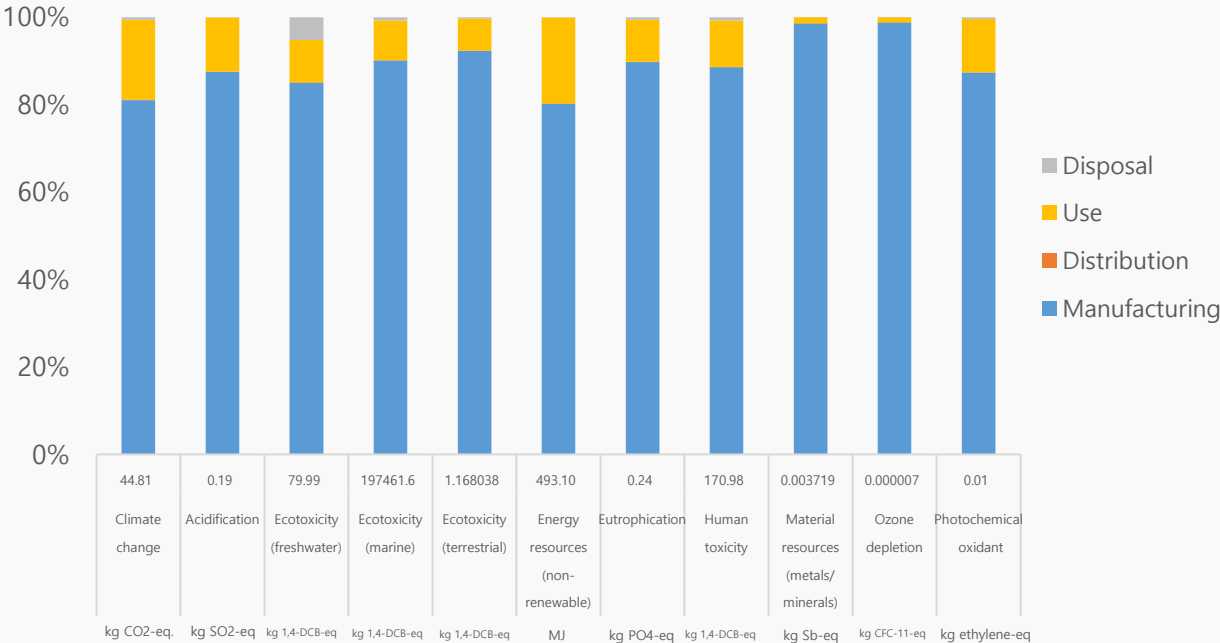
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Korea to Korea |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

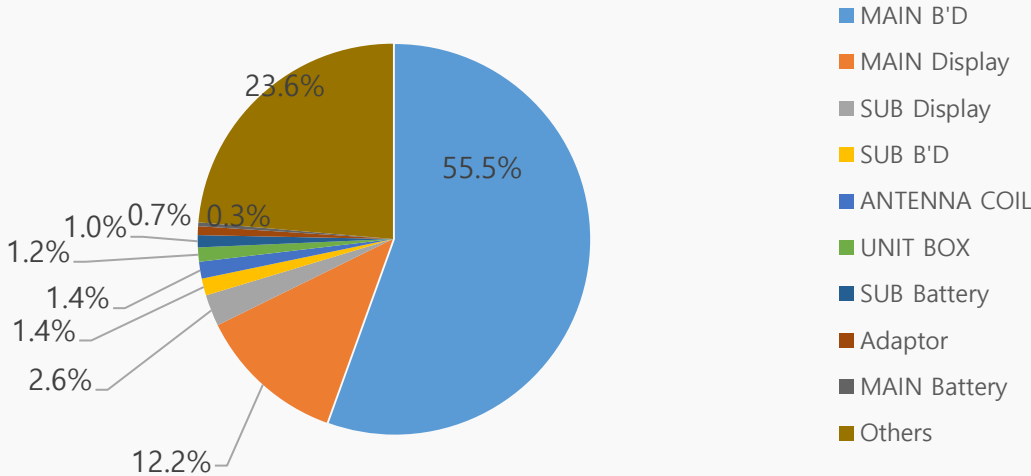


| | | |
|----------------|--|--------|
| Model name | SM-F958N (Galaxy Z Fold Special Edition) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 157.9 x 142.6 x 4.9 | |
| Display (mm) | 203.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 351.90 |
| | Packages | 843.10 |

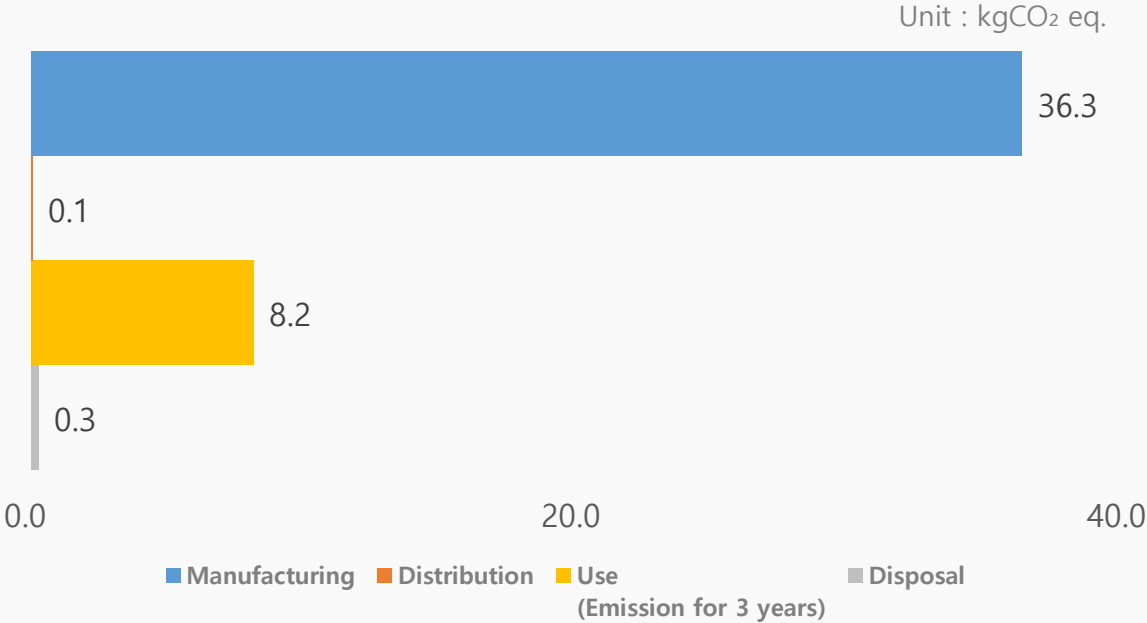
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A16 (EU)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

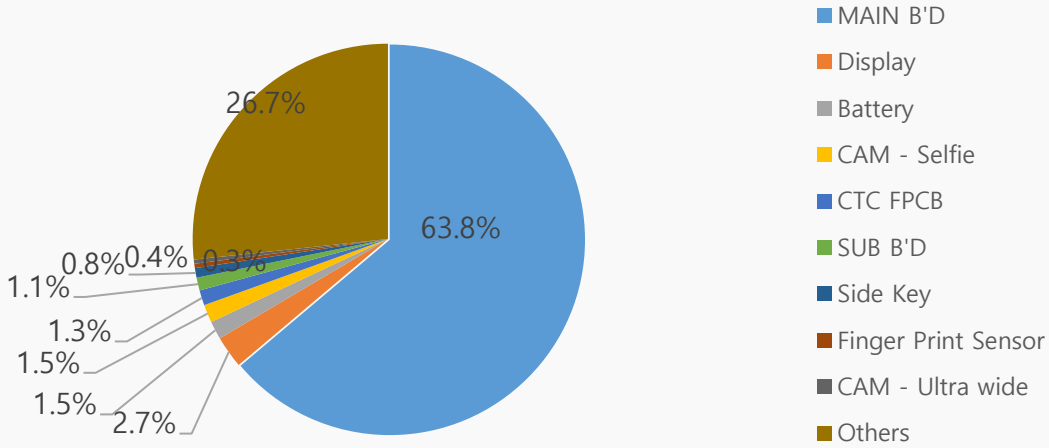
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

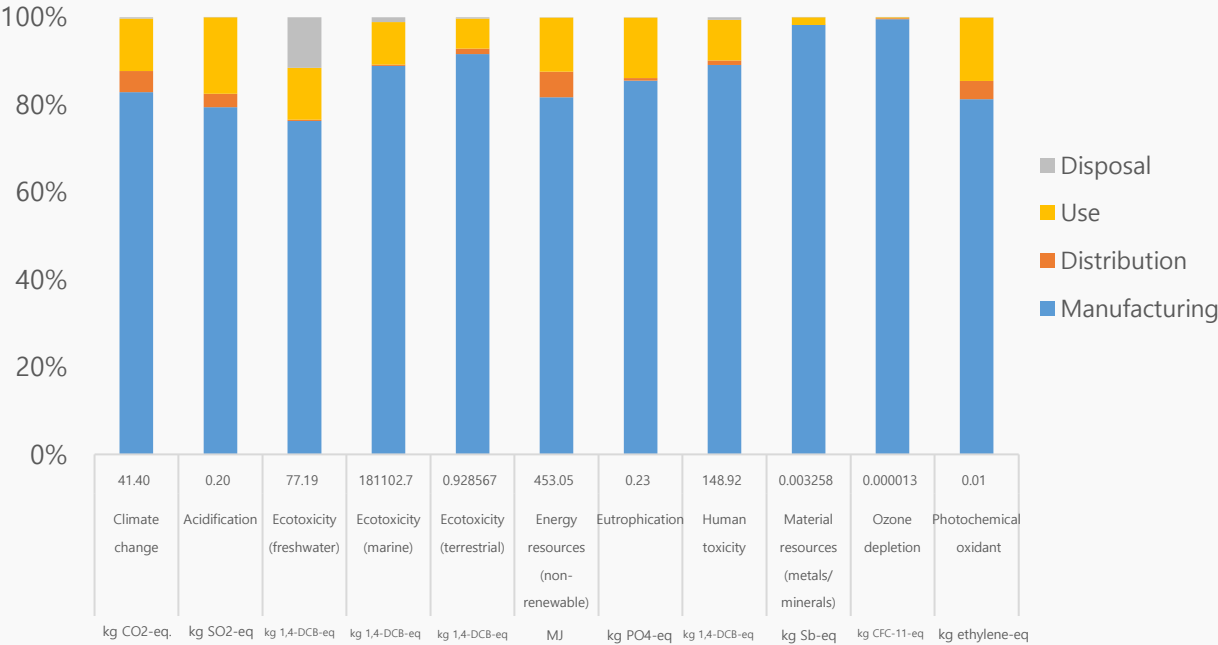


| | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A165F (Galaxy A16) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 164.4 x 77.9 x 7.9 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 216.55 |
| | Packages | 59.01 |

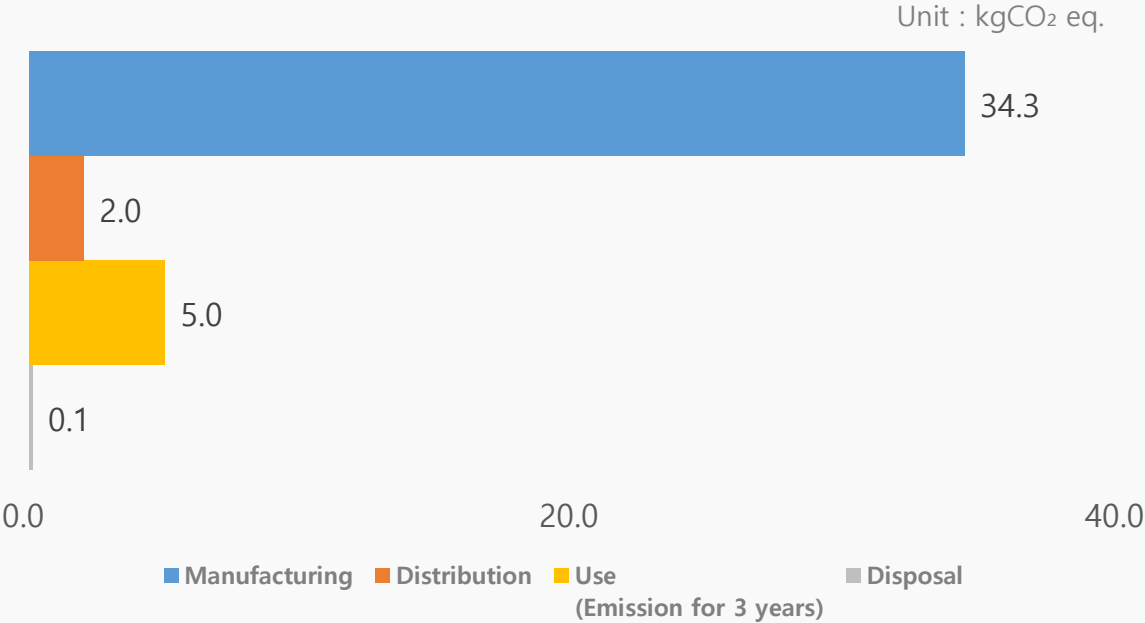
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A16 5G (EU)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

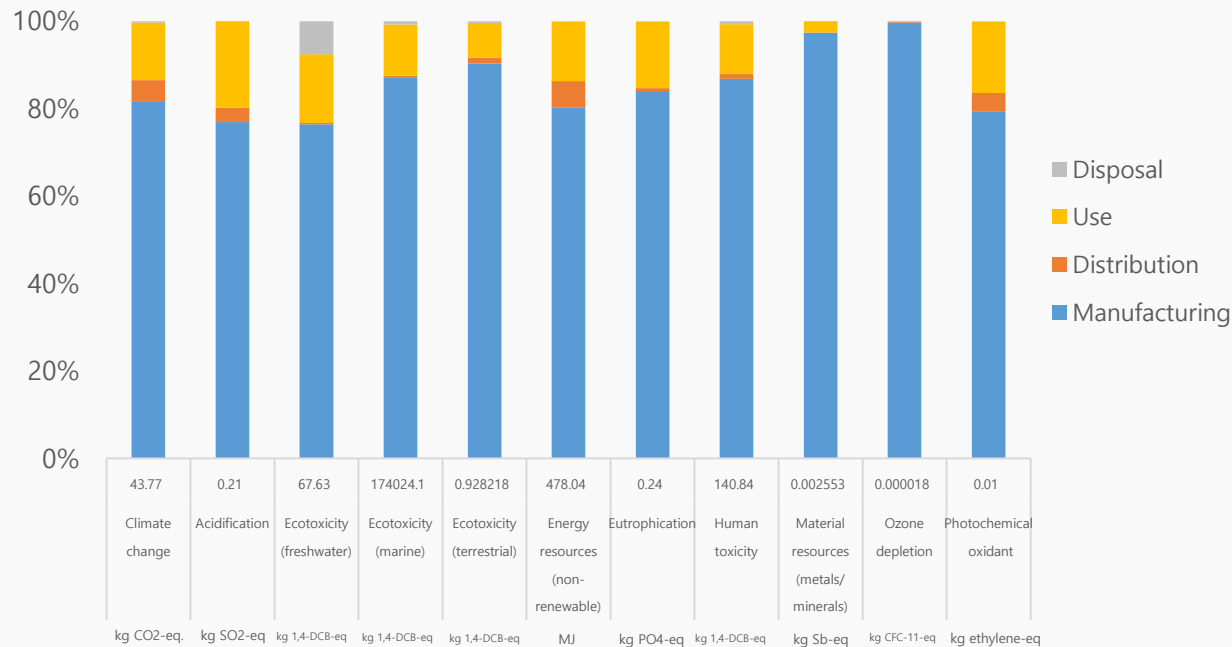
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

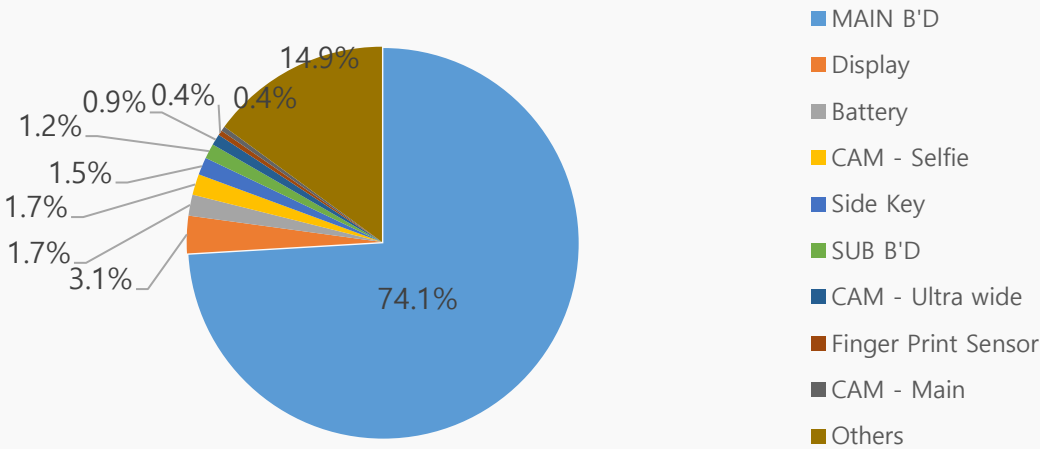


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A166B (Galaxy A16 5G) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 164.4 x 77.9 x 7.9 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 223.13 |
| | Packages | 71.52 |

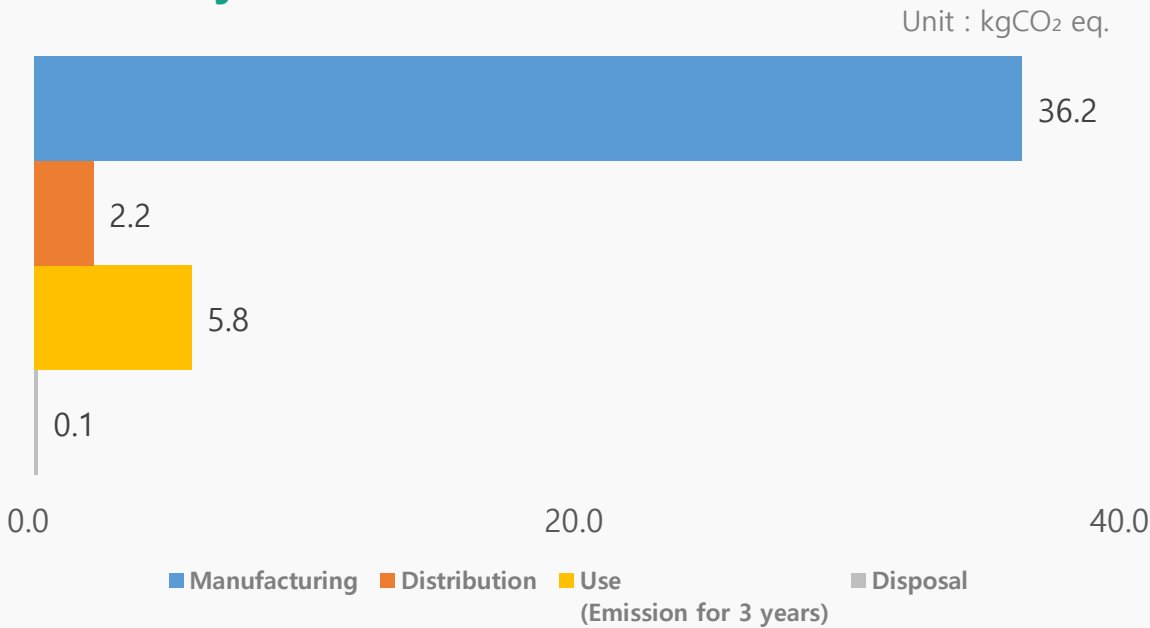
● Characterized Environment Impact



● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A16 5G (US)

● Background

Samsung has developed the technical expertise to analyze and evaluate the environmental impact of its products. Based on international standards such as ISO14040 and ISO14044, Samsung has implemented the SDP*. This evaluation considers the entire product lifecycle, including manufacturing, distribution, usage, and disposal. The SDP analyzes various data categories, including the materials and weight of product BOM**, inputs/outputs in manufacturing processes, distribution routes, energy consumption during product usage, and disposal scenarios to precisely measure environmental impacts.

The LCA results identified and quantified 11 environmental impact categories, including climate change, acidification, ecotoxicity, and ozone depletion. Each category was evaluated for every lifecycle stage. These results will be utilized to improve product environmental specifications and inform product development.

This verification includes implementation methods, related procedures, and requirements for LCA, but does not ensure the reliability of the data used for the product model or the resulting outcomes. Considering these uncertainties, this report will be continuously updated and improved.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML v4.8 (Climate Change:IPCC) |
| LCA software | SDP(Sustainability Data Platform) |

SDP* : Sustainability Data Platform

BOM** : Bill of Material

● System boundary of LCA

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

LCA Report Issuance Date : Feb. 03, 2025

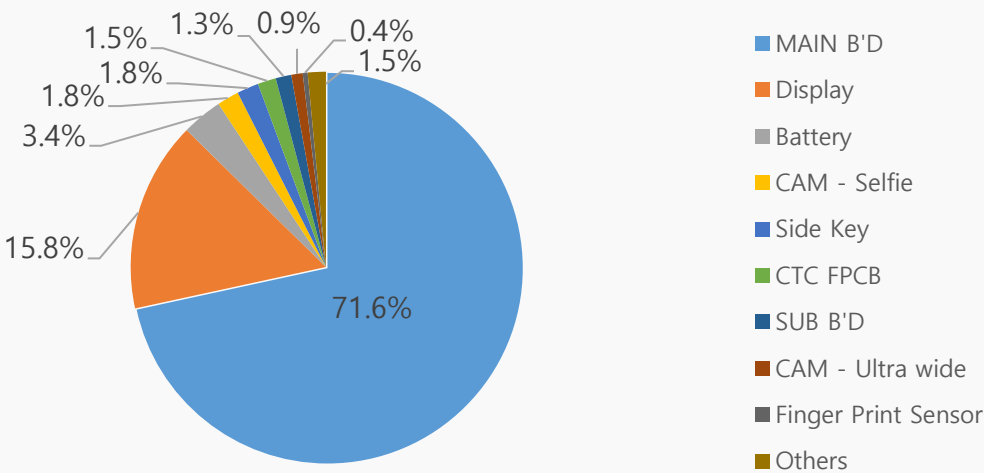
Webpage Publication Date of Summary of LCA : Feb. 14, 2025

● Product Features

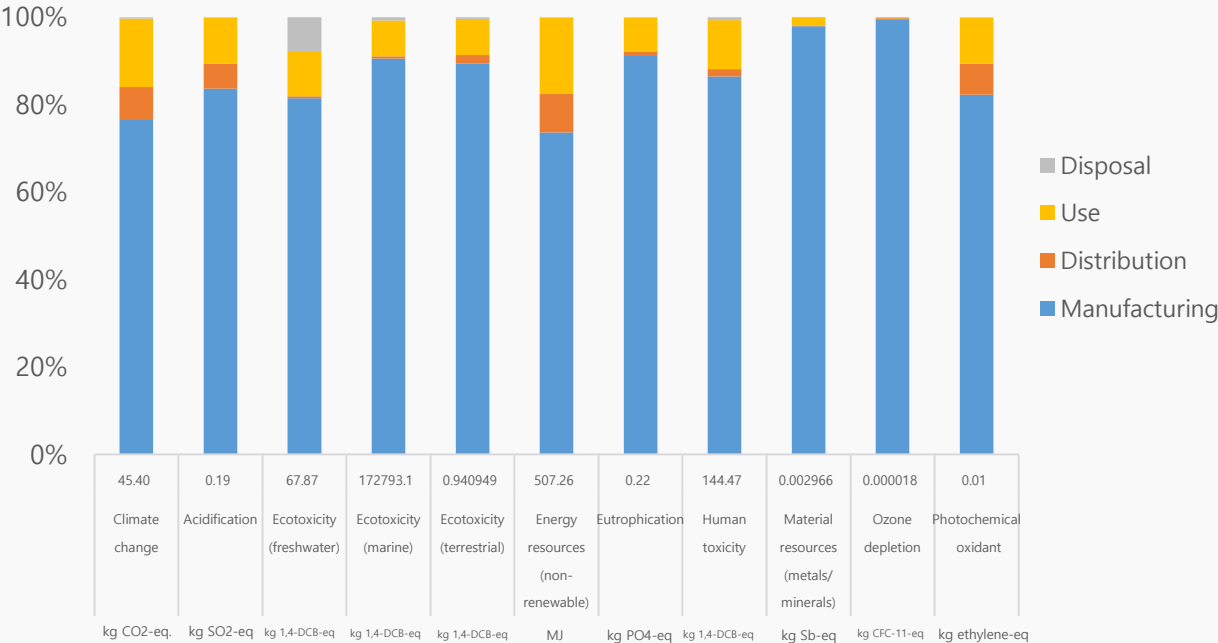


| | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Model name | SM-A166U (Galaxy A16 5G) | |
| Dimension (mm) | 164.4 x 77.9 x 7.9 | |
| Display (mm) | 169.1 | |
| Weight (g) | Product & Acc. | 223.13 |
| | Packages | 71.52 |

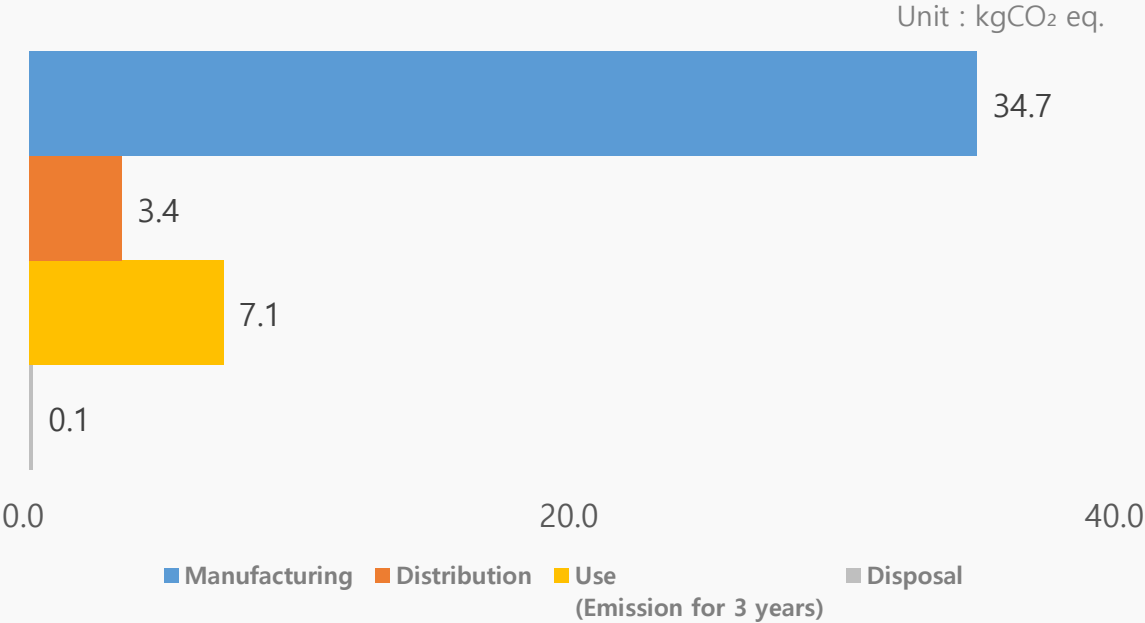
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S24 FE

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

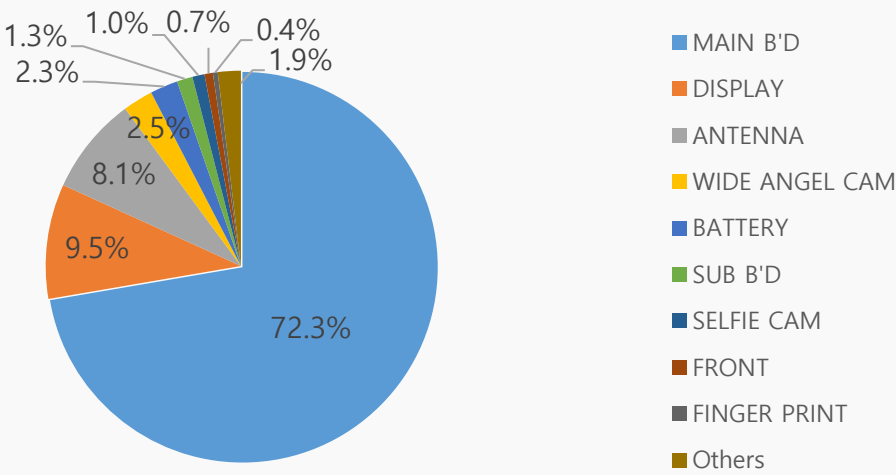
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

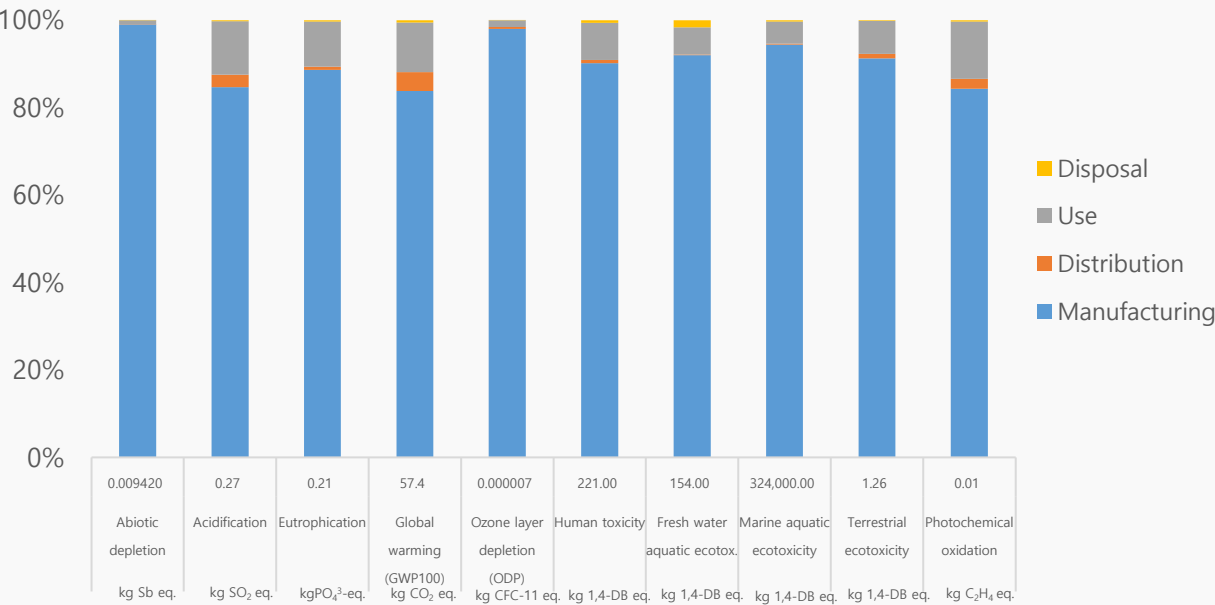


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-S721B(Galaxy S24 FE) |
| Dimension | 162 x 77.3 x 8.0 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" |
| Weight | Product & Acc. : 232.58g Packages : 138.35g |

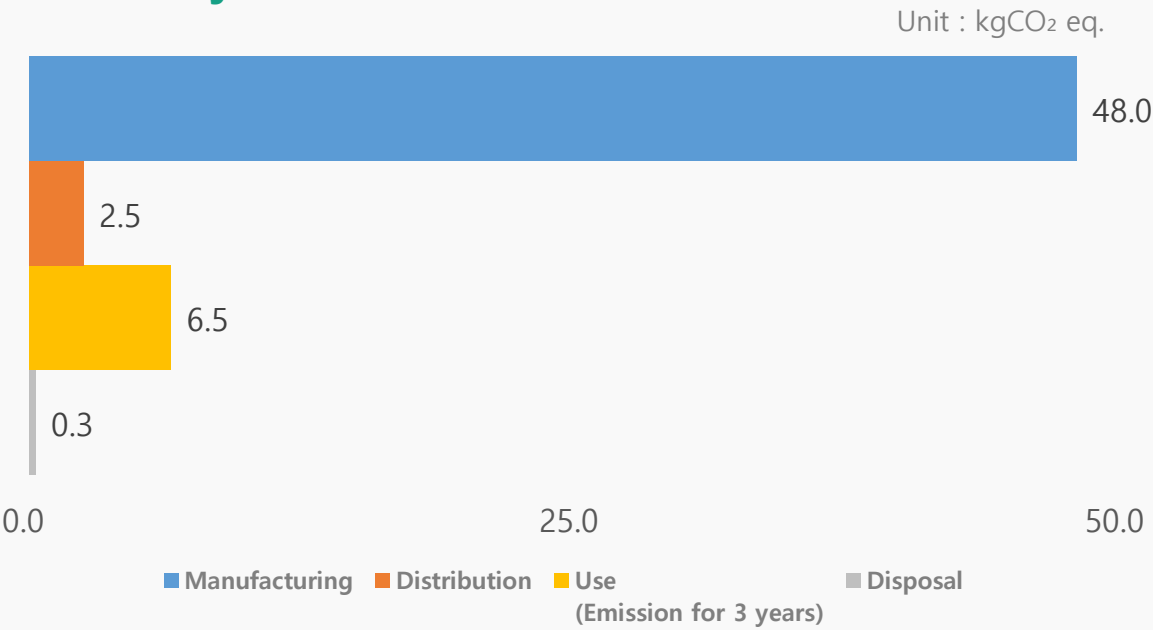
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S24 FE

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

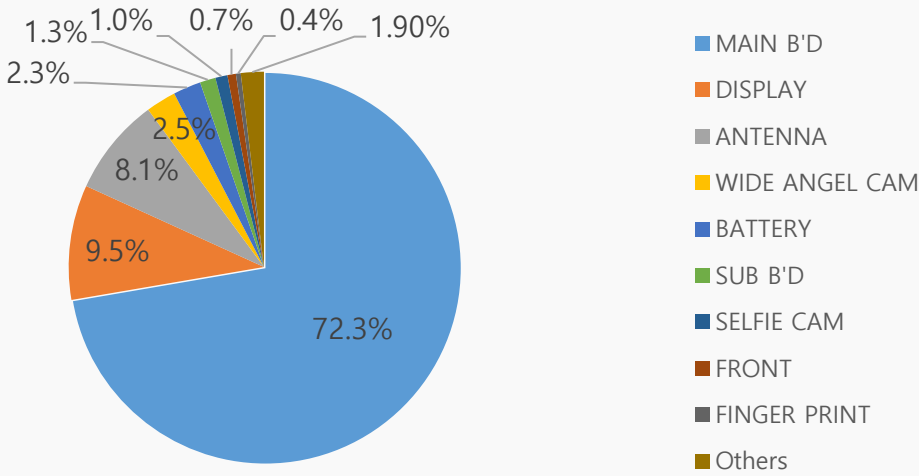
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

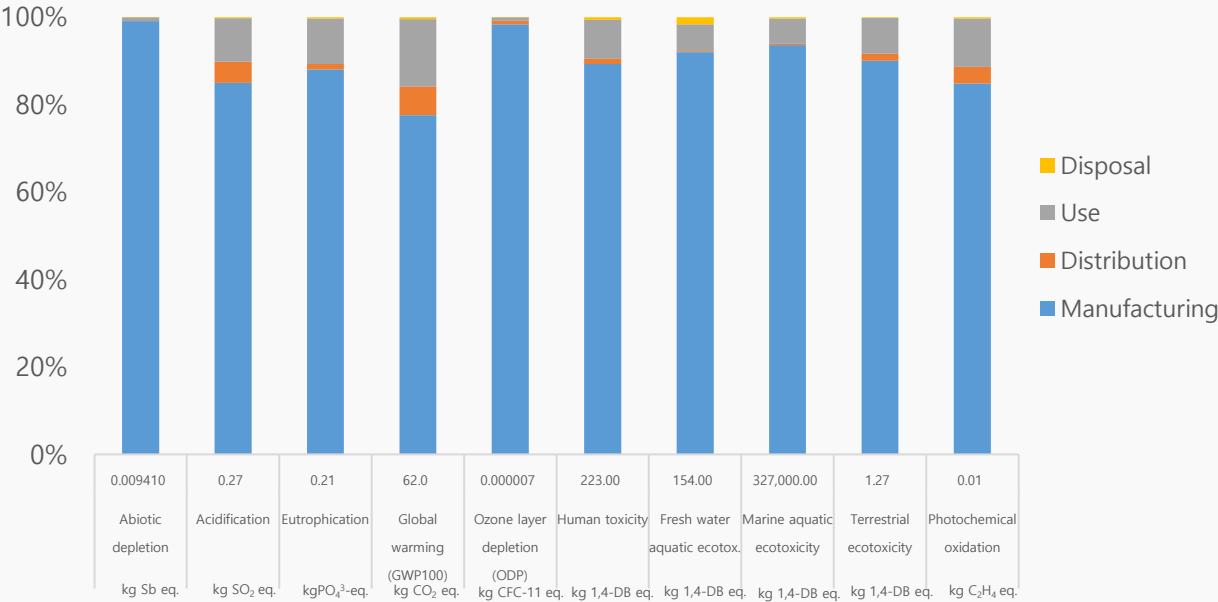


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-S721U(Galaxy S24 FE) |
| Dimension | 162 x 77.3 x 8.0 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" |
| Weight | Product & Acc. : 232.58g Packages : 138.35g |

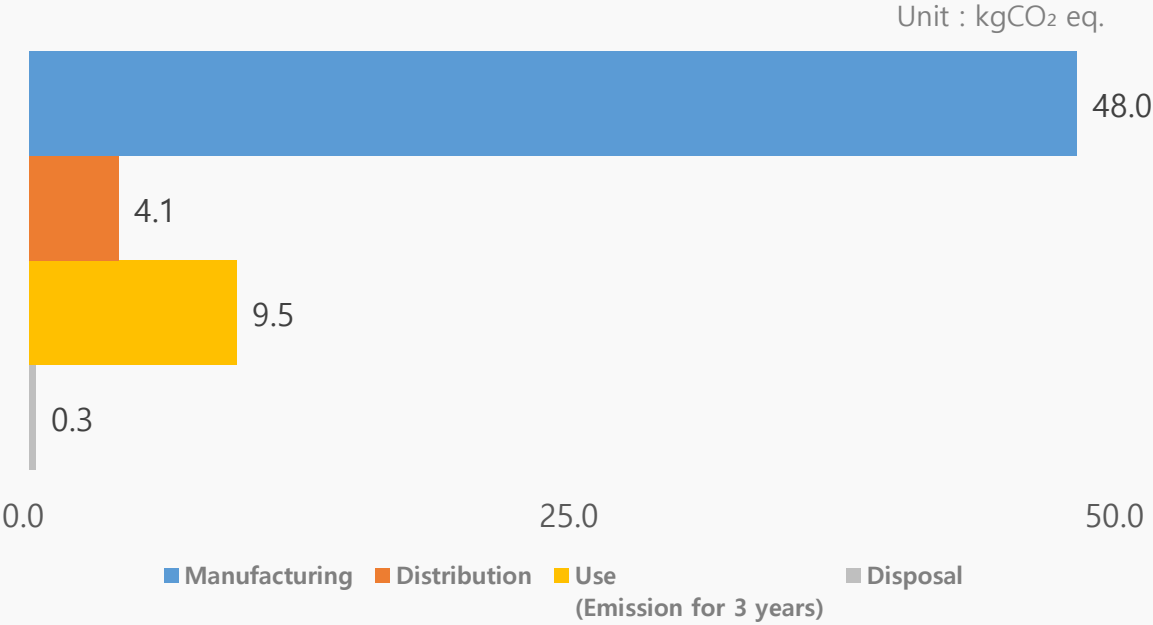
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Flip6

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

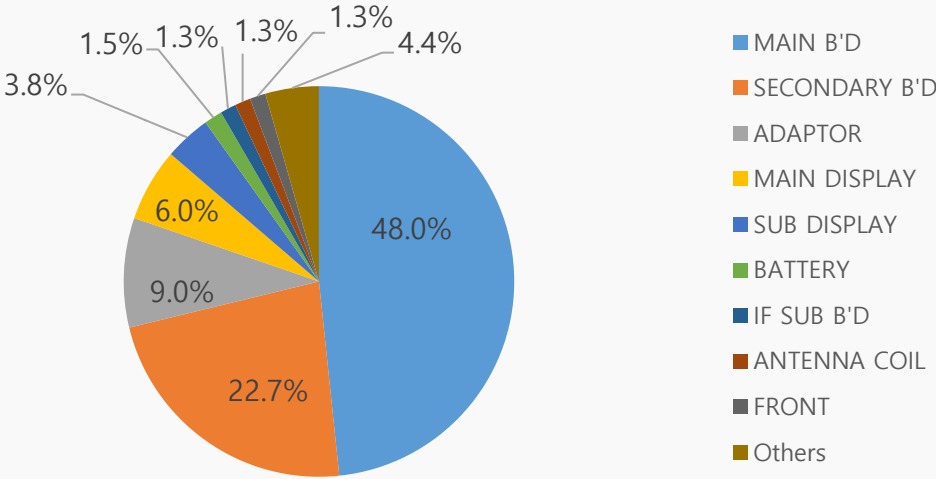
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to China |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

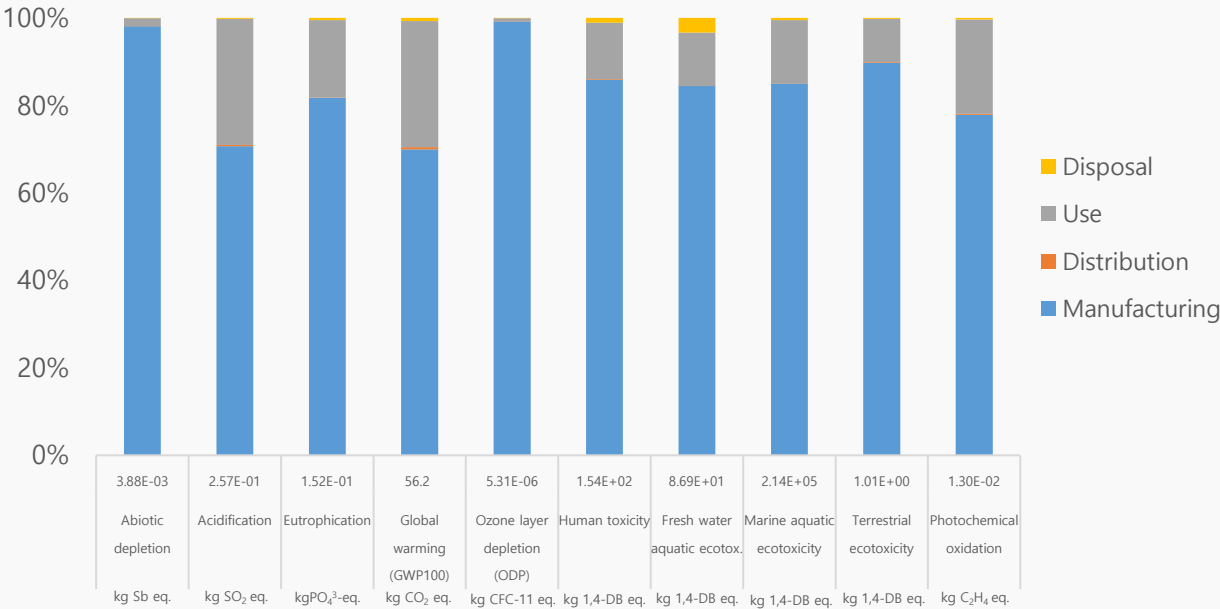


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-F7410(Galaxy Z Flip6) |
| Dimension | 165.1 x 71.9 x 6.9 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" / 3.4" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 263.63 g Packages : 177.80 g |

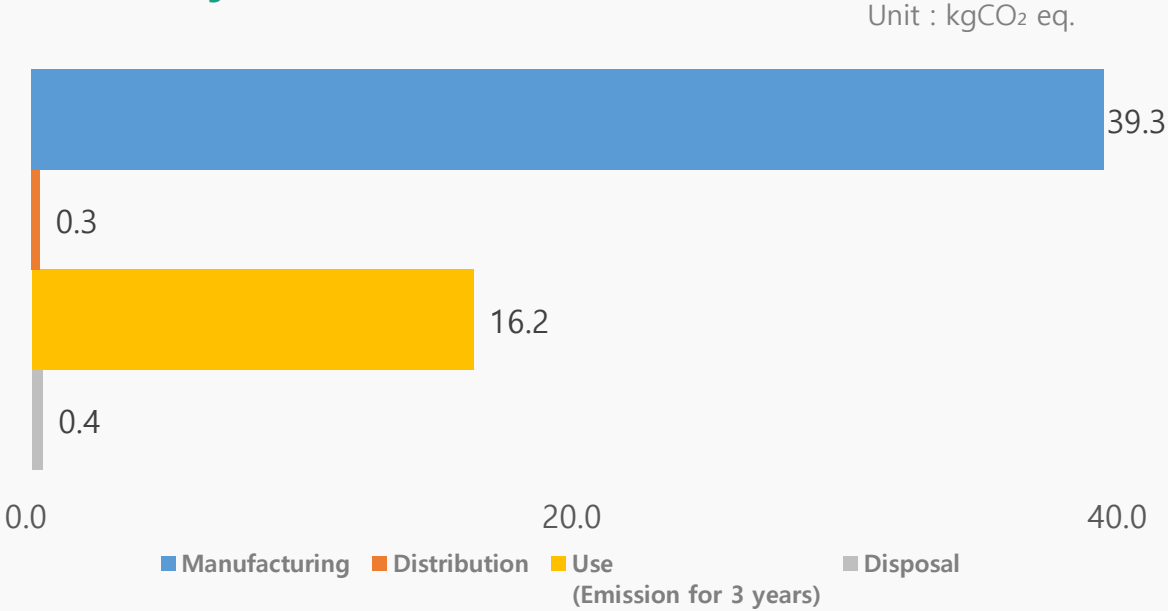
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Fold6

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

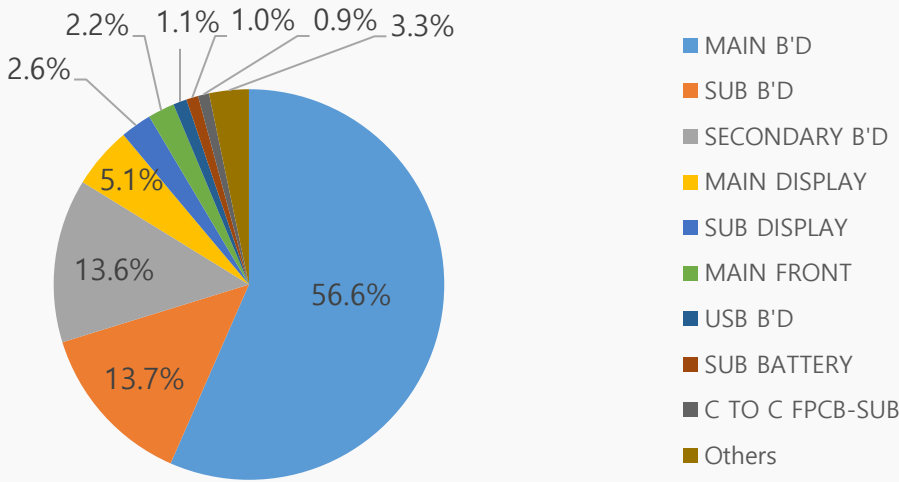
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and Korea to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

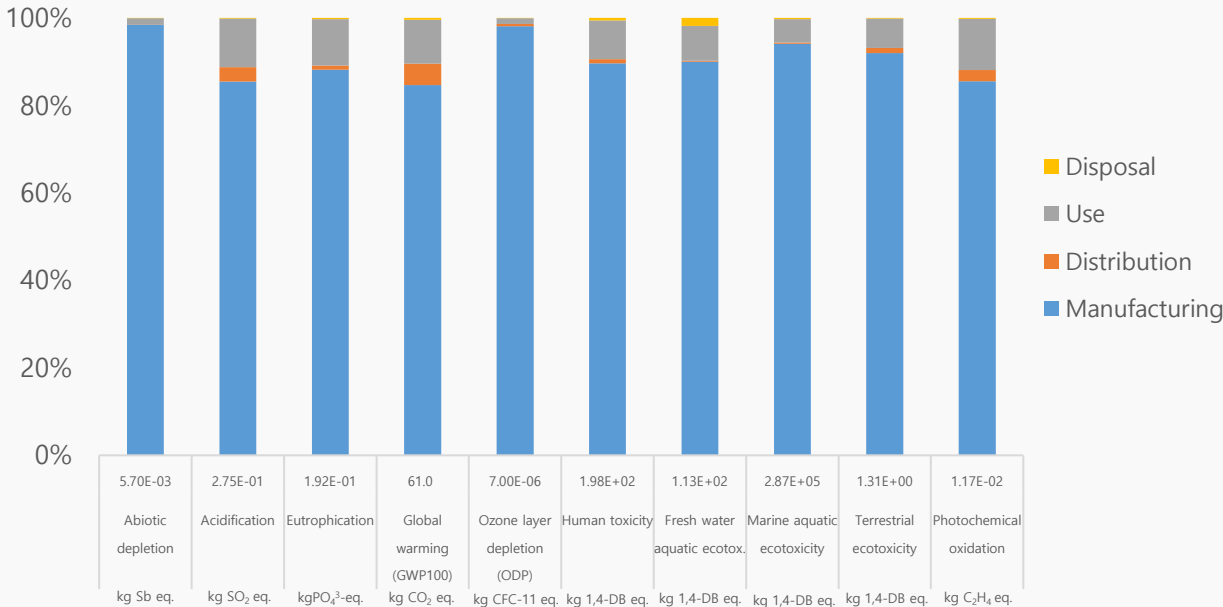


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-F956B(Galaxy Z Fold6) |
| Dimension | 153.5 x 132.6 x 5.6 mm |
| Display | OLED 7.6" / 6.3" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 259.33 g Packages : 193.46 g |

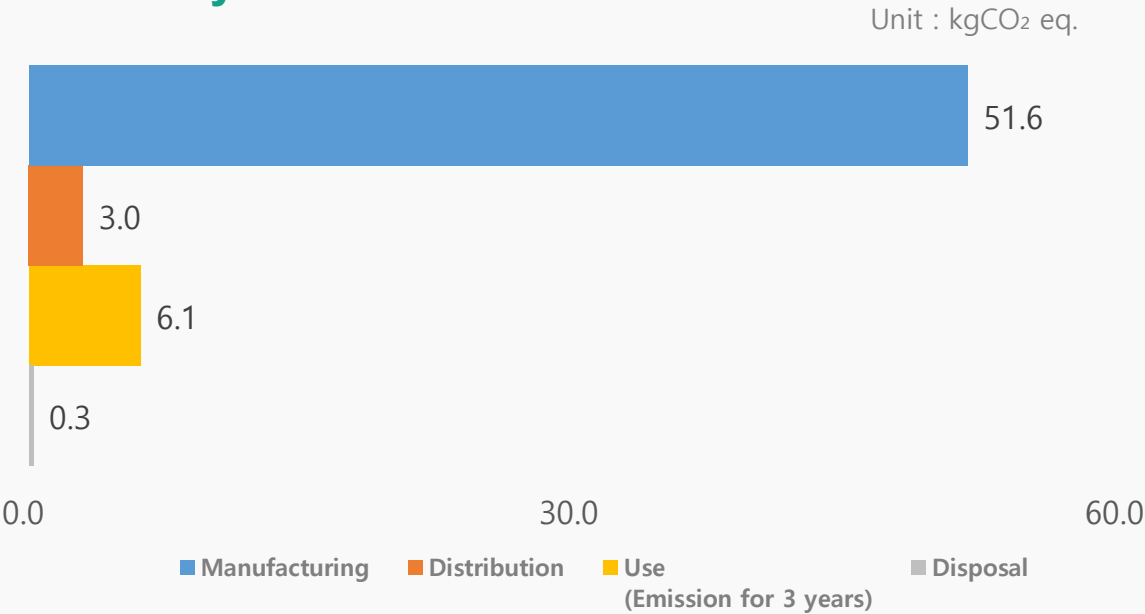
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Fold6

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

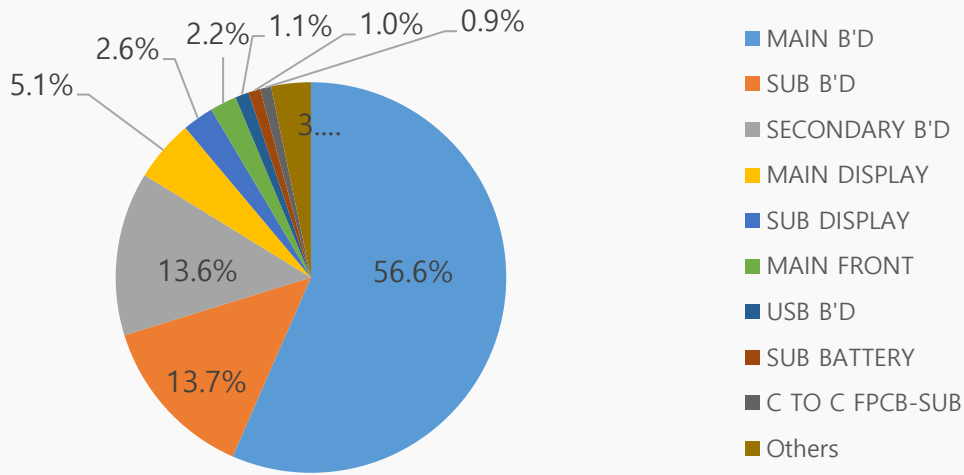
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and Korea to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

Product Features

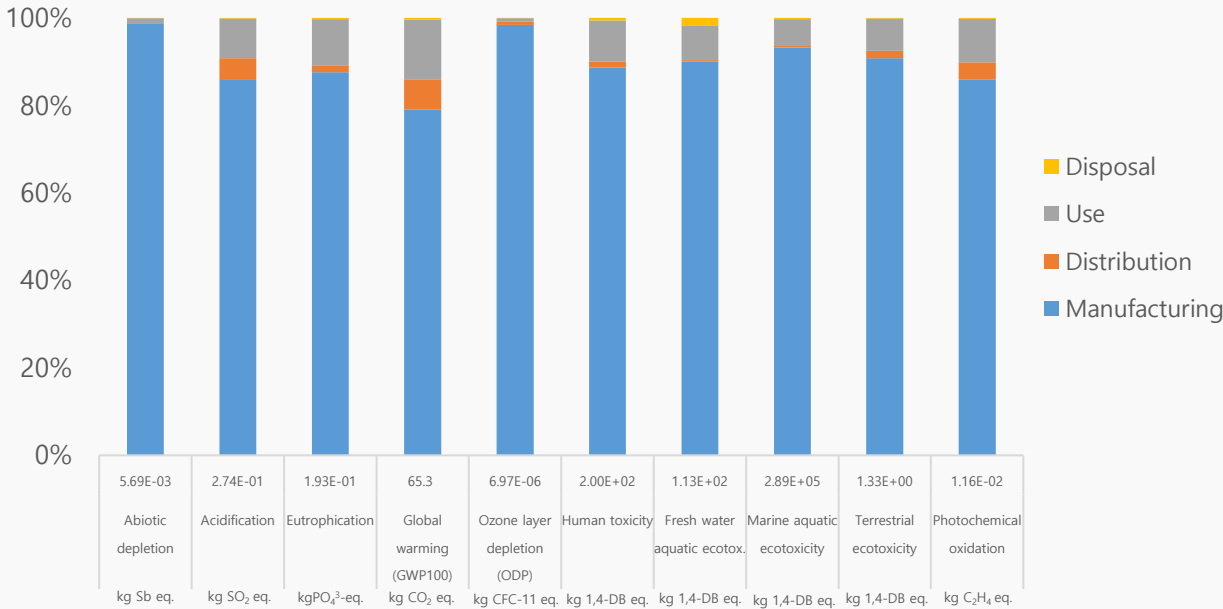


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-F956U(Galaxy Z Fold6) |
| Dimension | 153.5 x 132.6 x 5.6 mm |
| Display | OLED 7.6''' / 6.3''' |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 259.33 g Packages : 193.46 g |

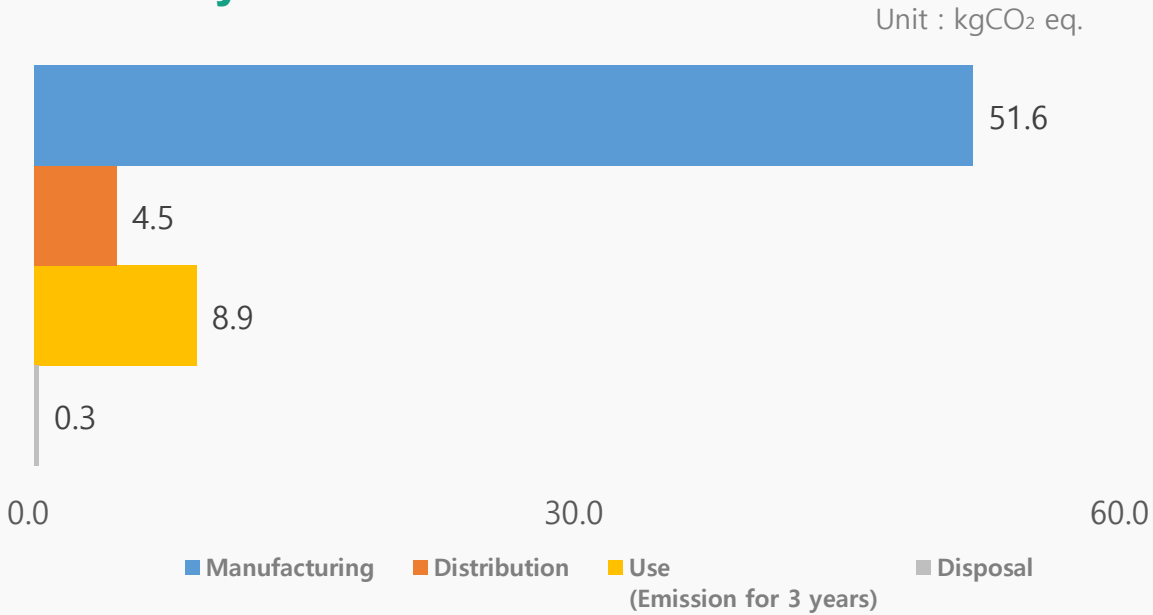
Global Warming Impact Profile



Characterized Environment Impact



Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Flip6

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

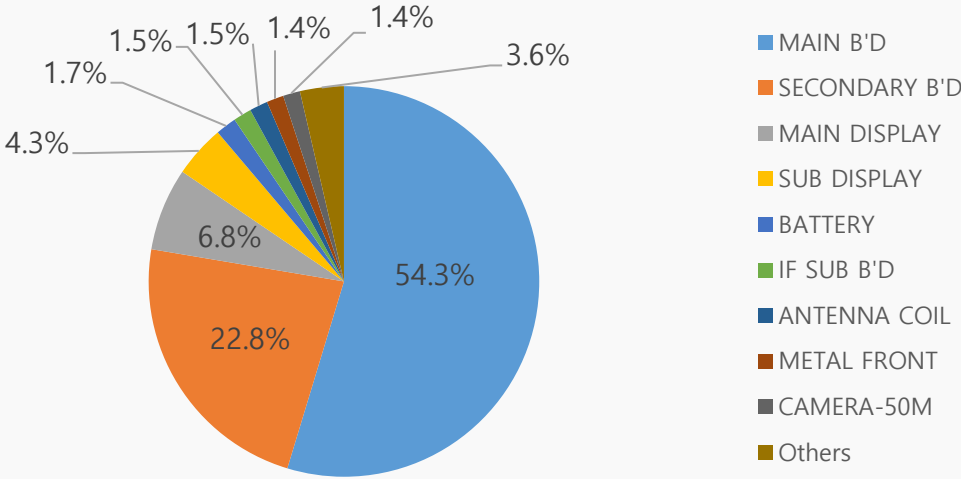
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and Korea to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

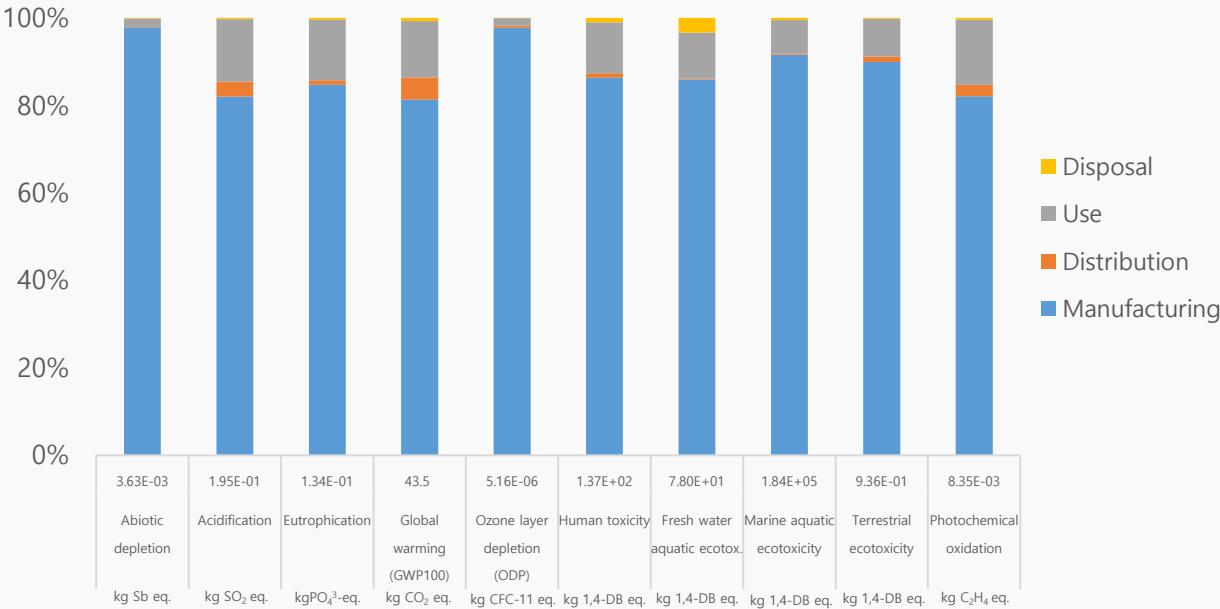


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-F741B(Galaxy Z Flip6) |
| Dimension | 165.1 x 71.9 x 6.9 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" / 3.4" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 208.54 g Packages : 130.45 g |

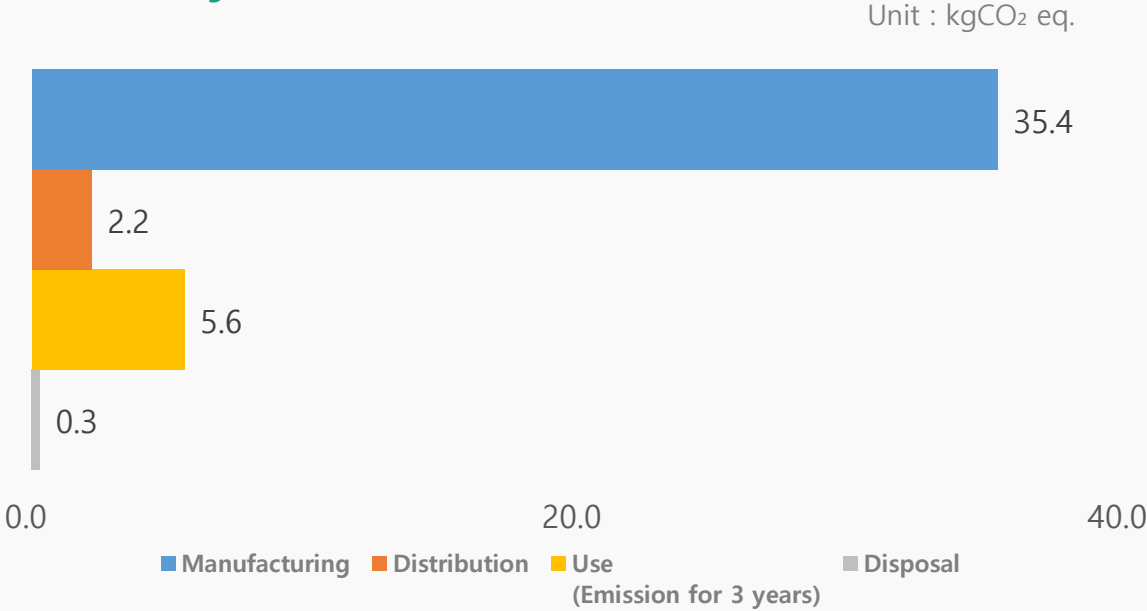
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Flip6

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

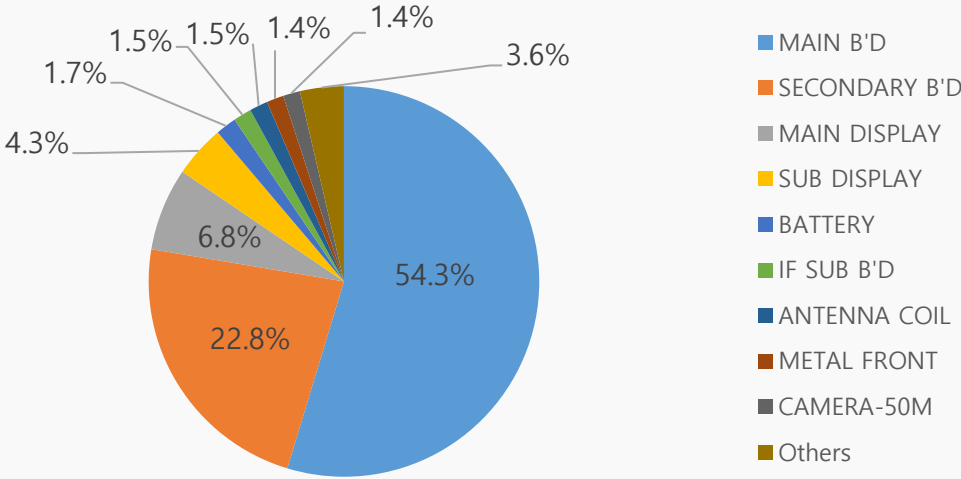
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and Korea to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

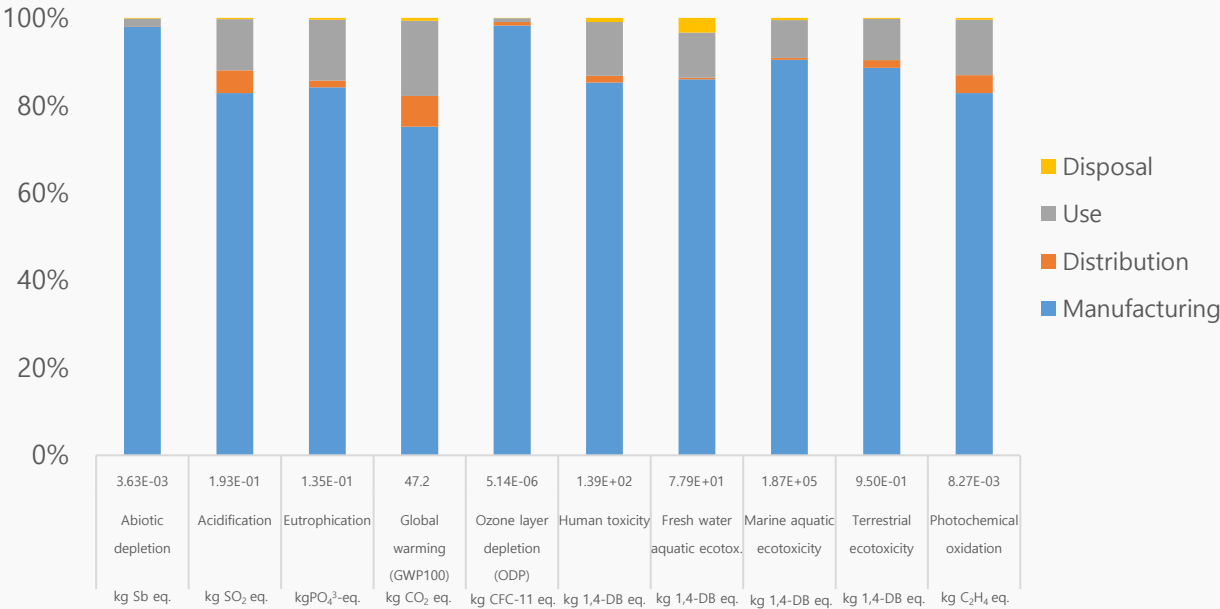


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-F741U(Galaxy Z Flip6) |
| Dimension | 165.1 x 71.9 x 6.9 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" / 3.4" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 208.54 g Packages : 130.45 g |

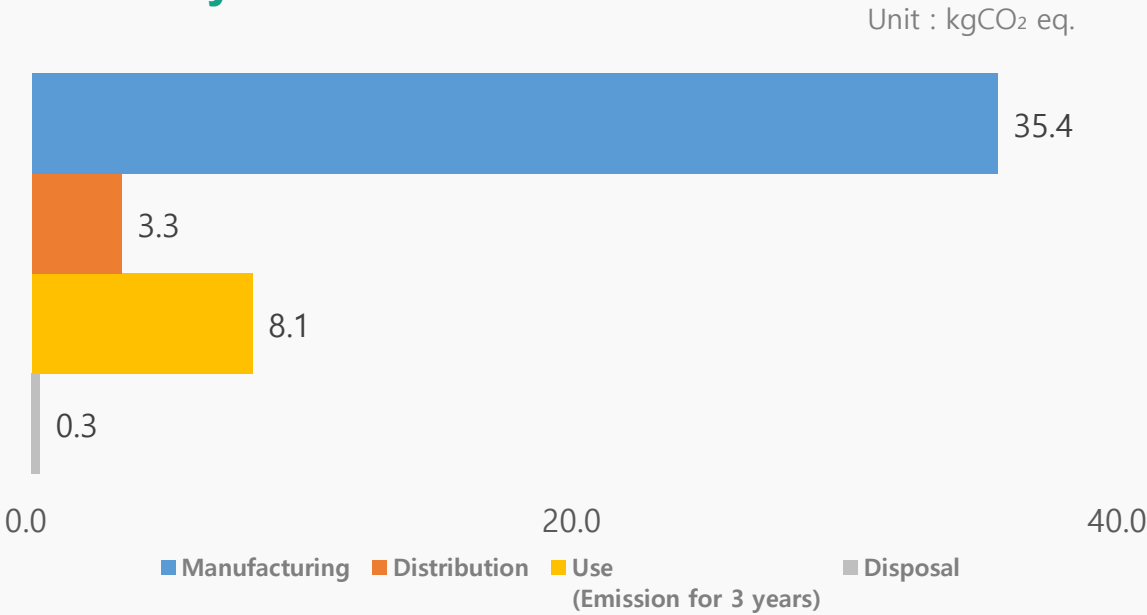
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy M35 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

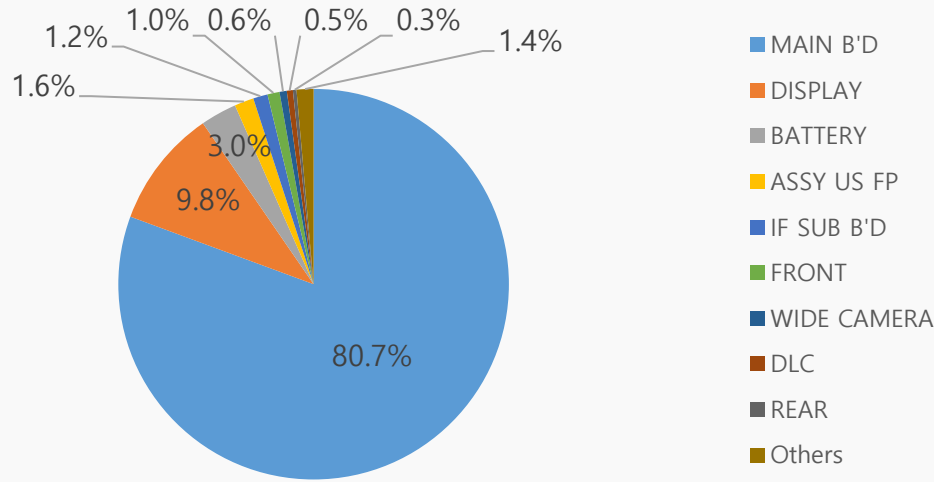
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From India to India |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

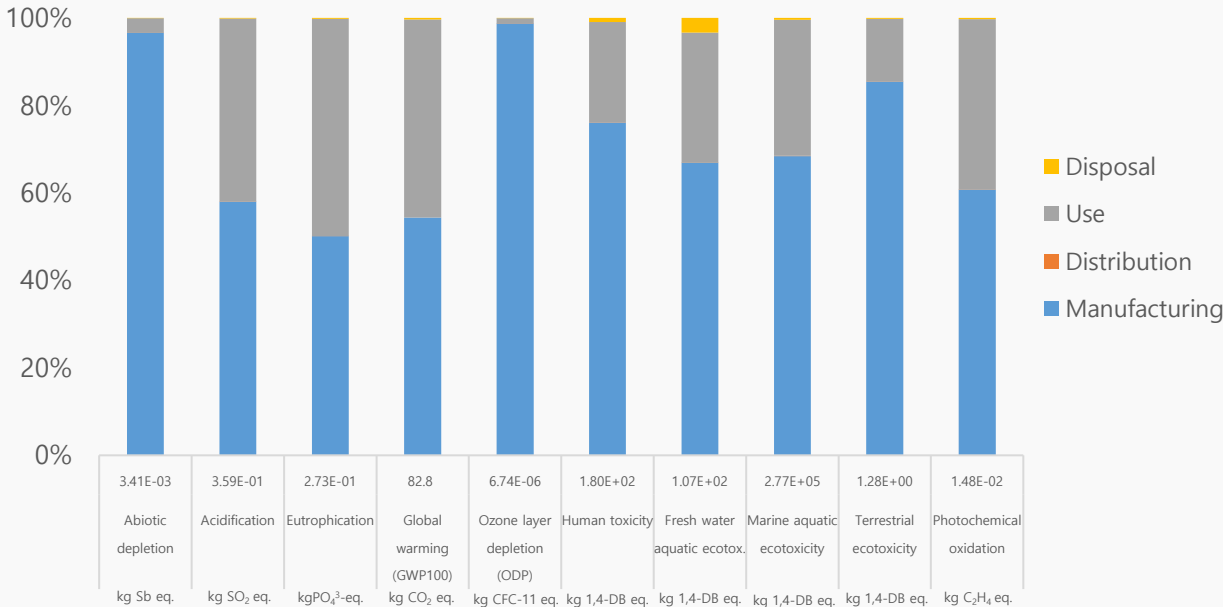


| | |
|------------|---|
| Model name | SM-M356B(Galaxy M35 5G) |
| Dimension | 162.3 x 78.6 x 9.1 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.6" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 243.16 g Packages : 99.57 g |

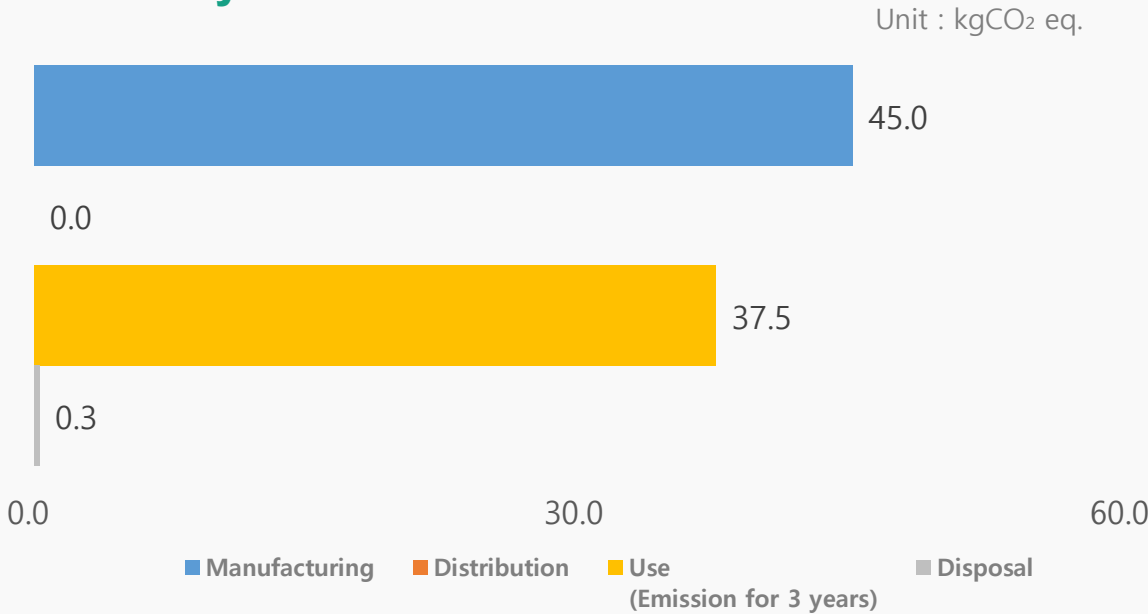
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A35 5G(US)

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 10.2.0.3 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 10.2.0.3 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 10.2.0.3 |

● System boundary of LCA

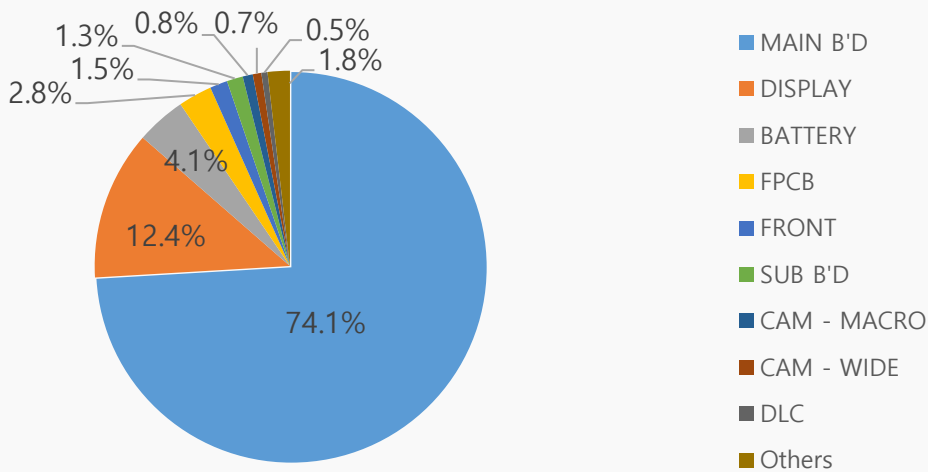
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

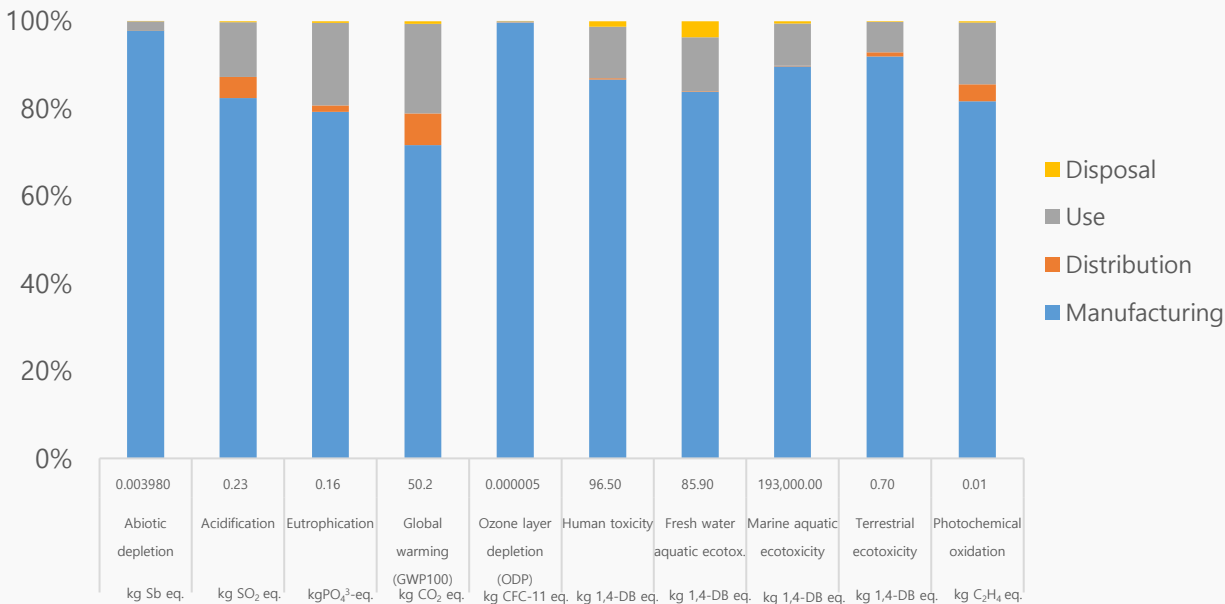


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-A356U(Galaxy A35 5G) |
| Dimension | 161.1 x 78.0 x 8.2 mm |
| Display | LCD 6.6" |
| Weight | Product & Acc. : 231.62g Packages : 114.83g |

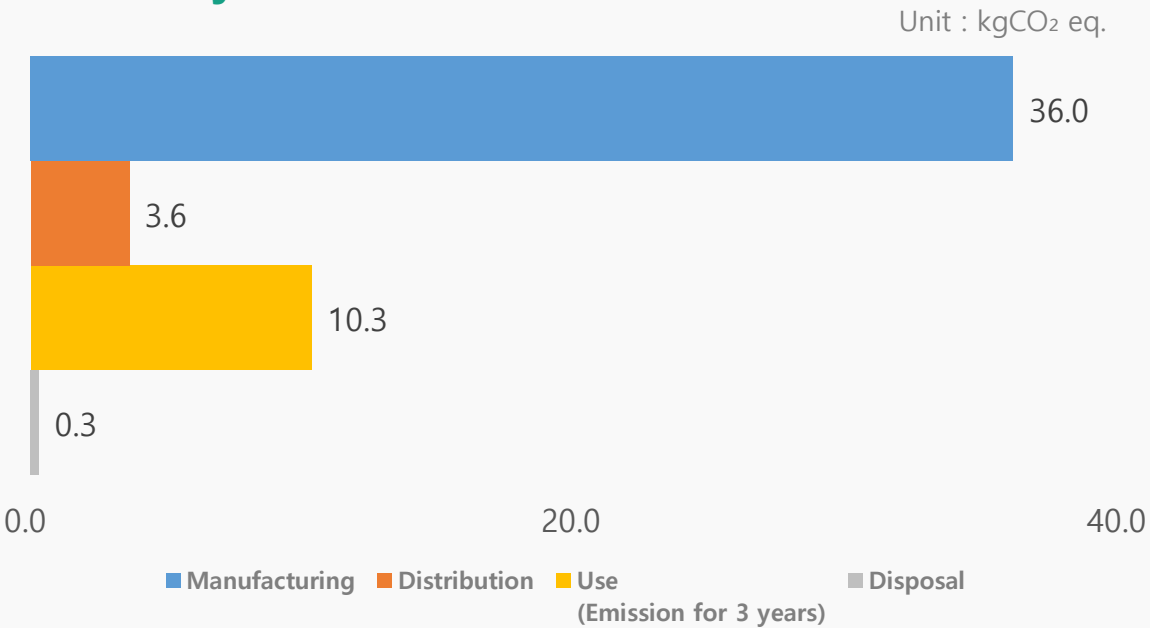
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A35 5G(EU)

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

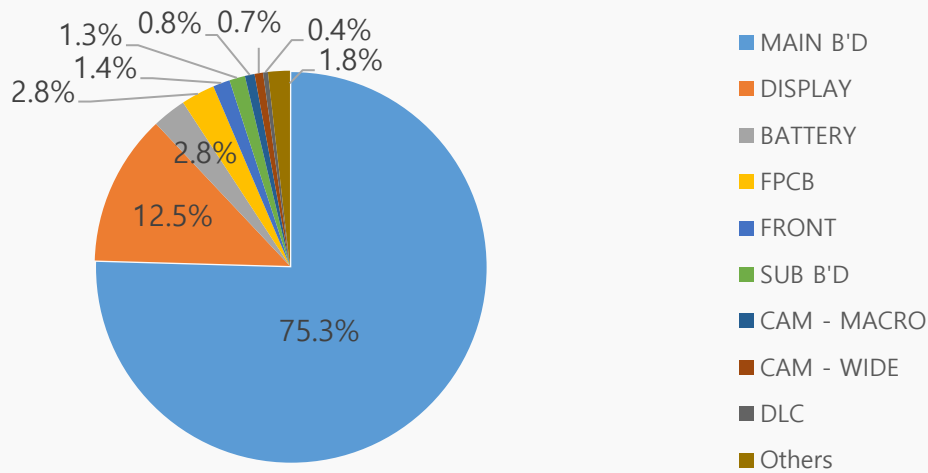
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

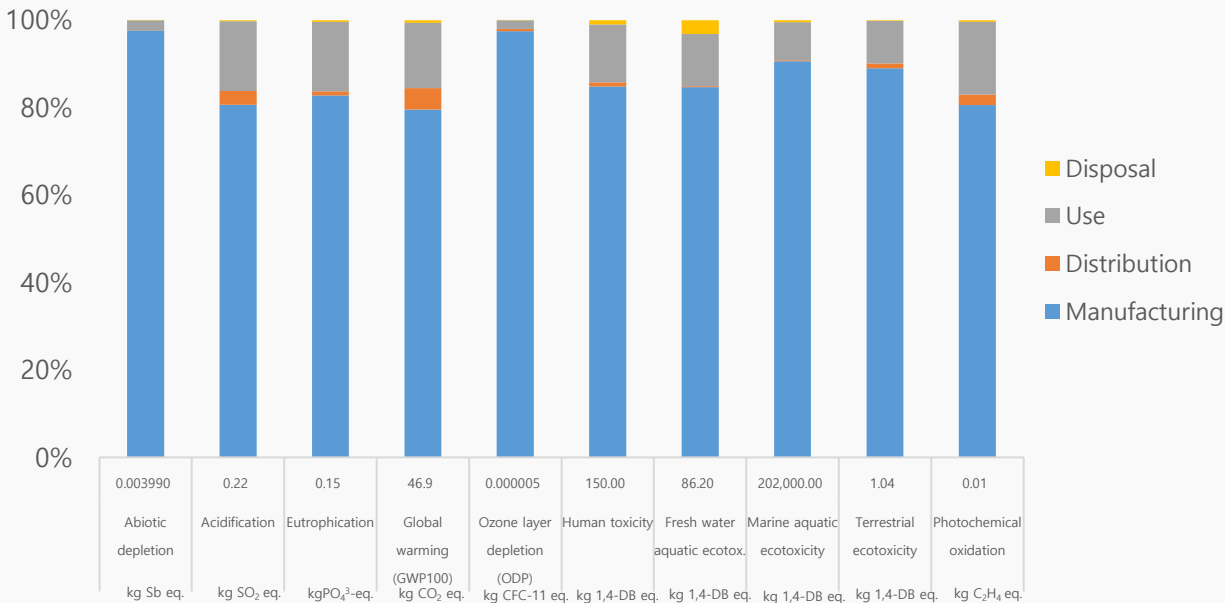


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-A356B(Galaxy A35 5G) |
| Dimension | 161.1 x 78.0 x 8.2 mm |
| Display | LCD 6.6" |
| Weight | Product & Acc. : 231.62g Packages : 114.83g |

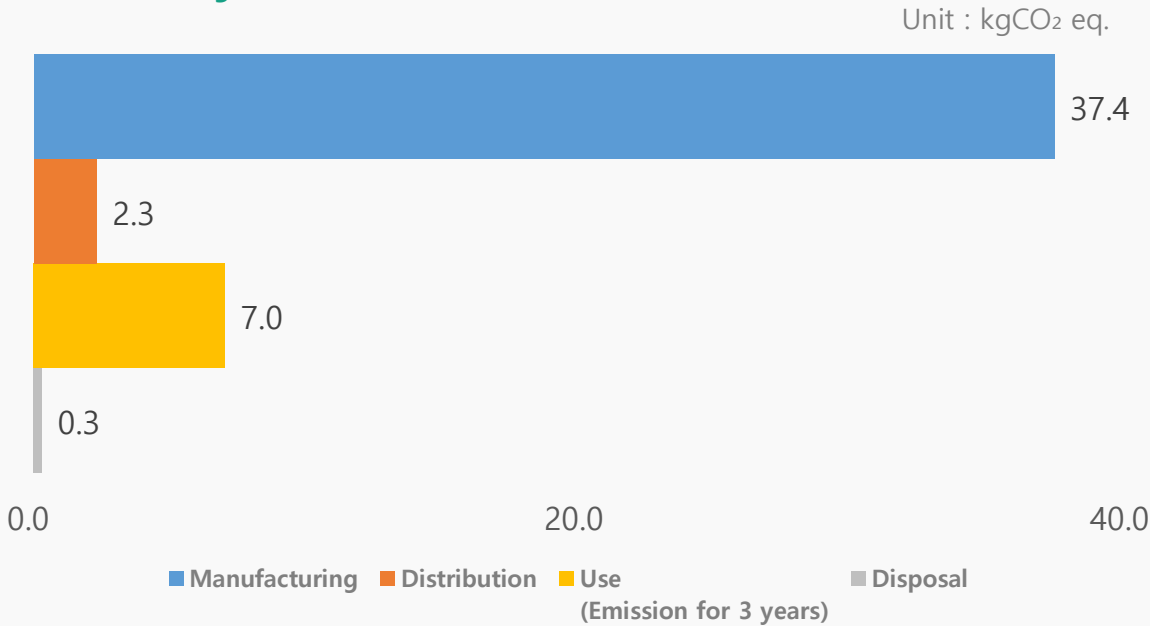
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A55 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.6.0.1 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.10 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.6.0.1 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.6.0.1 |

● System boundary of LCA

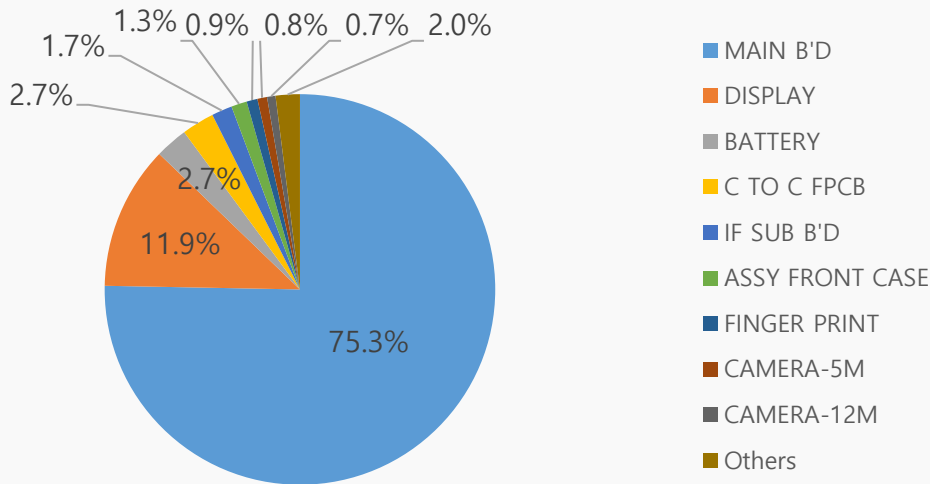
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

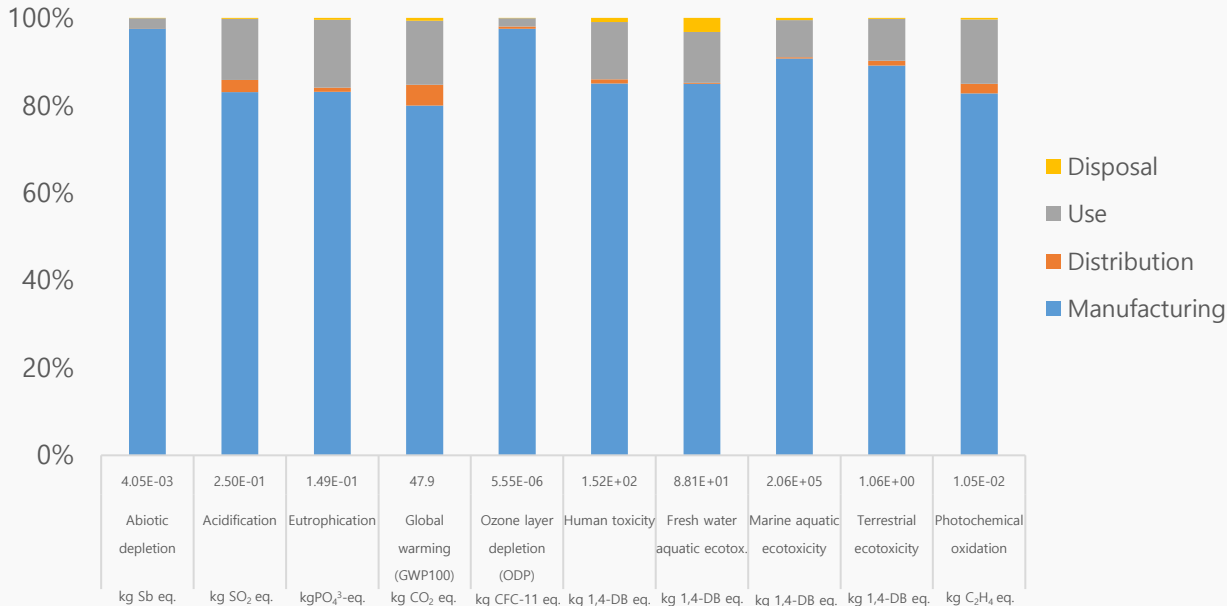


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-A556B(Galaxy A55 5G) |
| Dimension | 161.1 x 77.4 x 8.2 mm |
| Display | LCD 6.6" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 235.93 g Packages : 119.29 g |

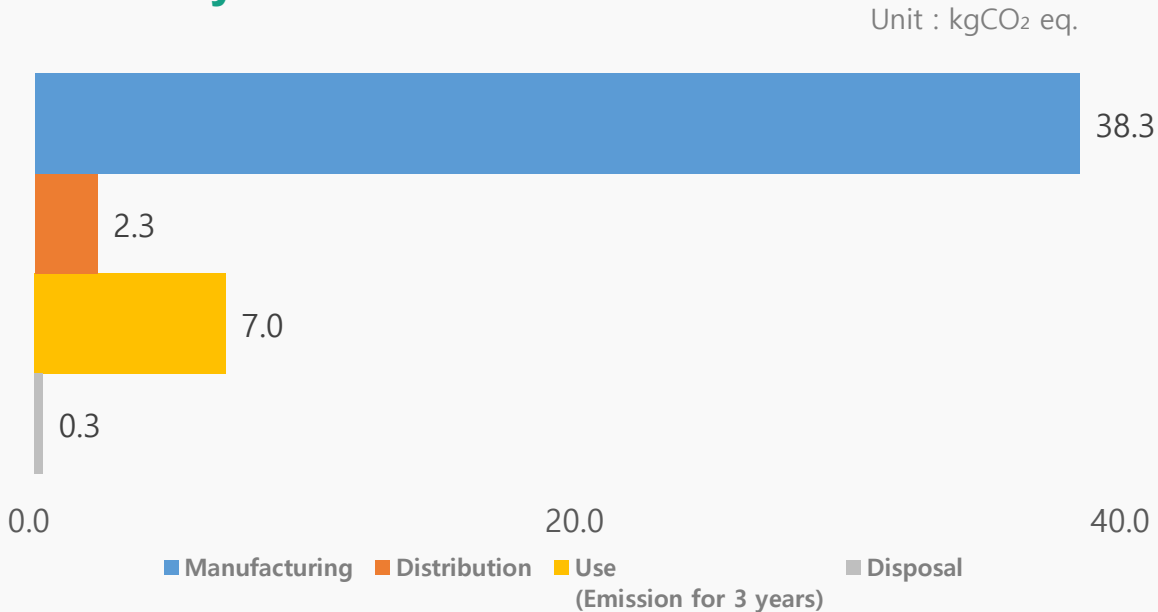
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy M15 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

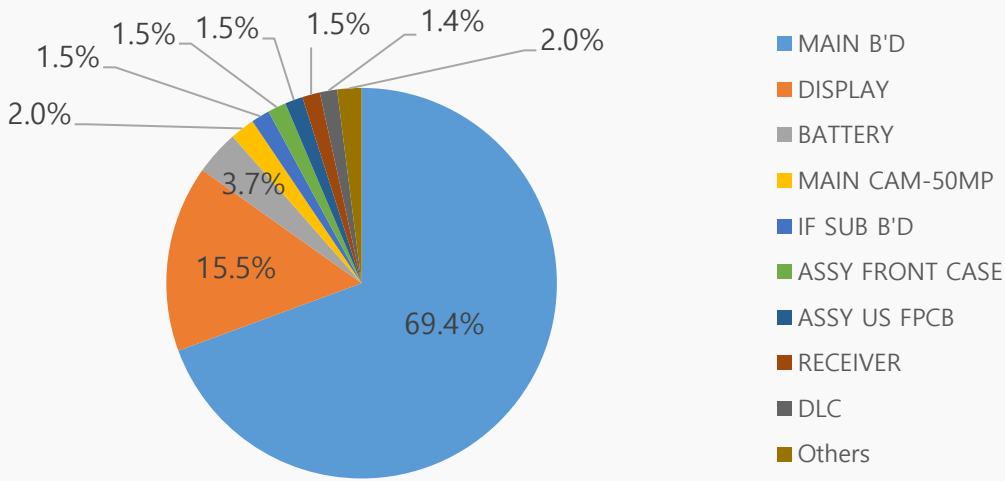
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and India to Turkiye |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

Product Features

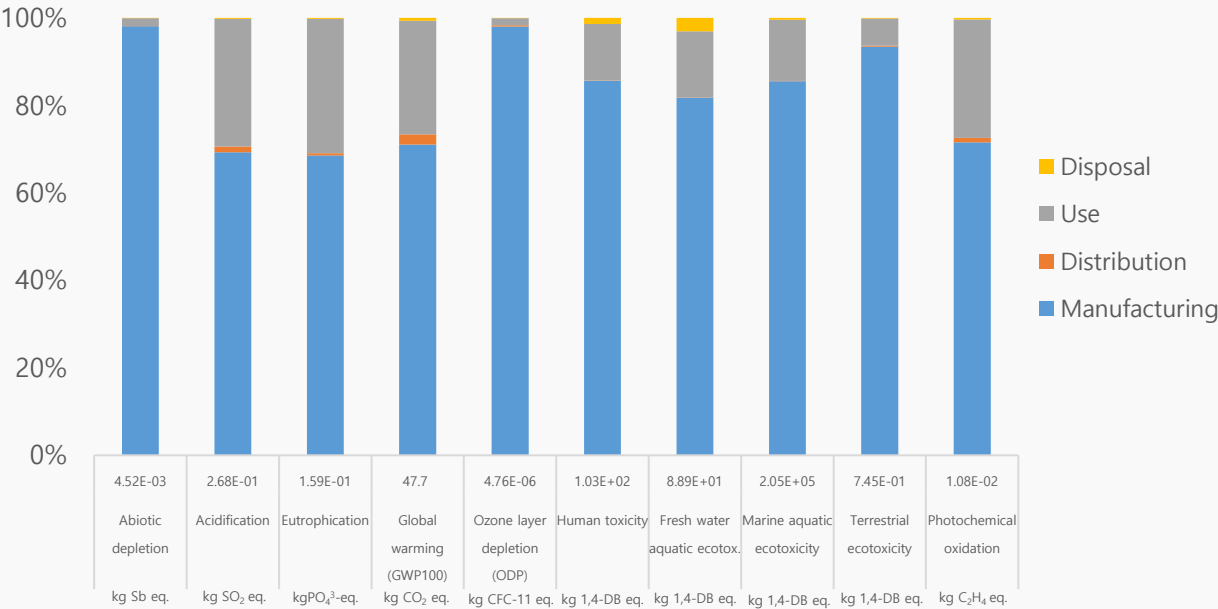


| | |
|------------|---|
| Model name | SM-M156B(Galaxy M15 5G) |
| Dimension | 160.1 x 76.8 x 9.3mm |
| Display | OLED 6.5" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 236.88 g Packages : 89.77 g |

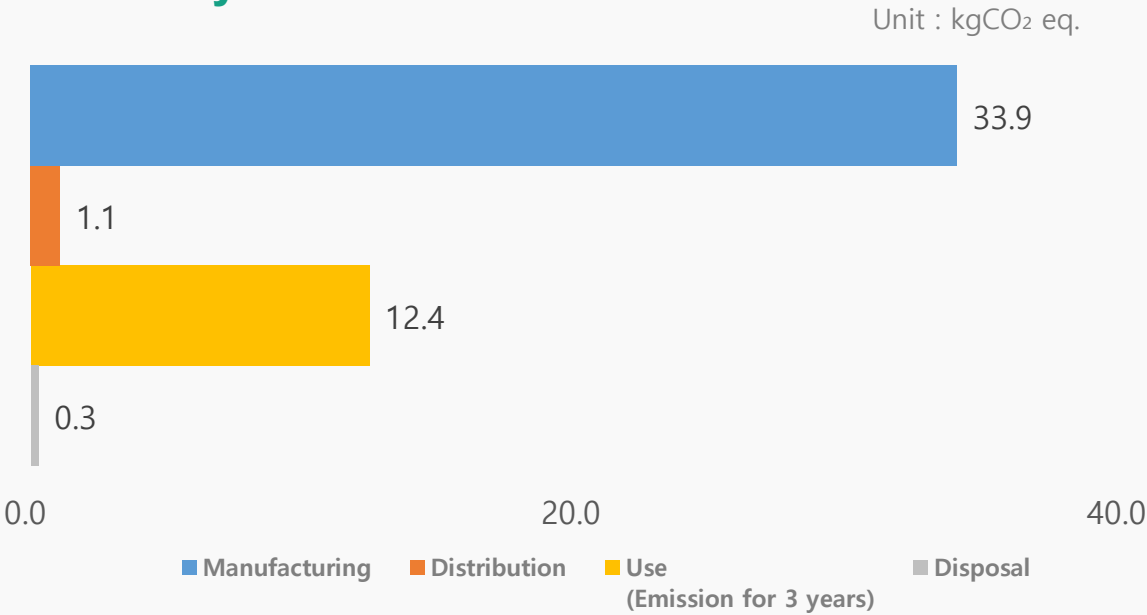
Global Warming Impact Profile



Characterized Environment Impact



Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy XCover7

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

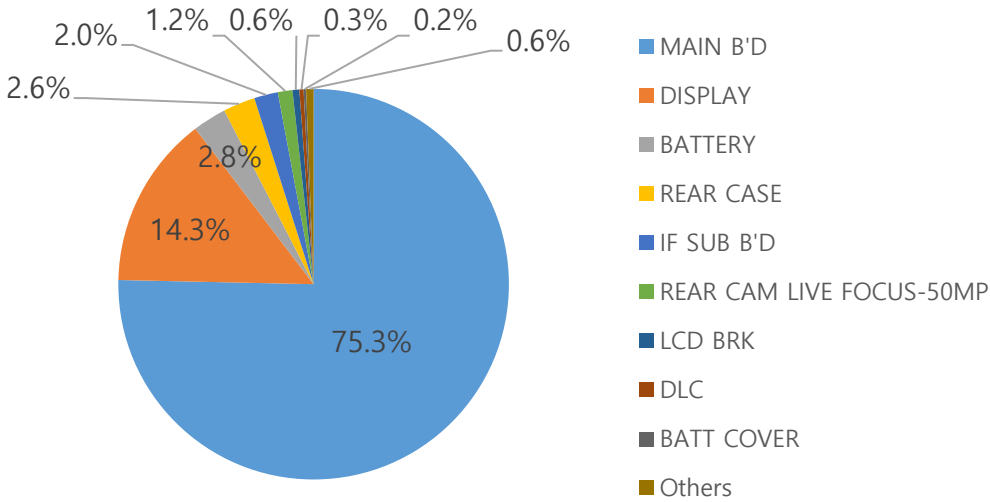
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

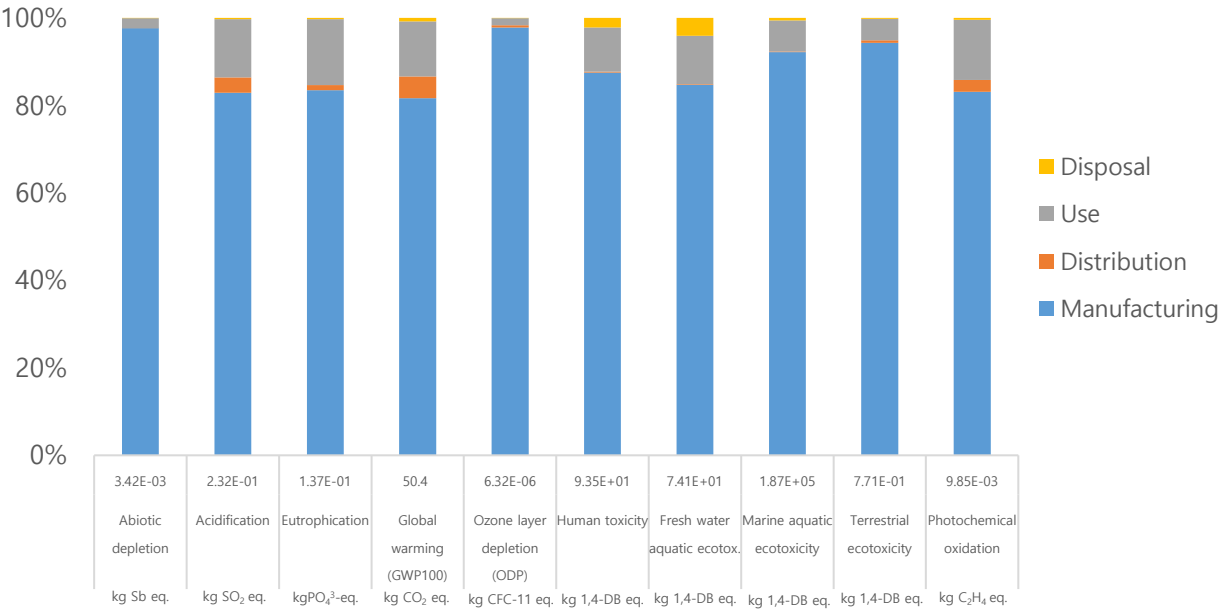


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-G556B(Galaxy XCover7) |
| Dimension | 169.0 x 80.1 x 10.2 mm |
| Display | LCD 6.6" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 261.75 g Packages : 114.76 g |

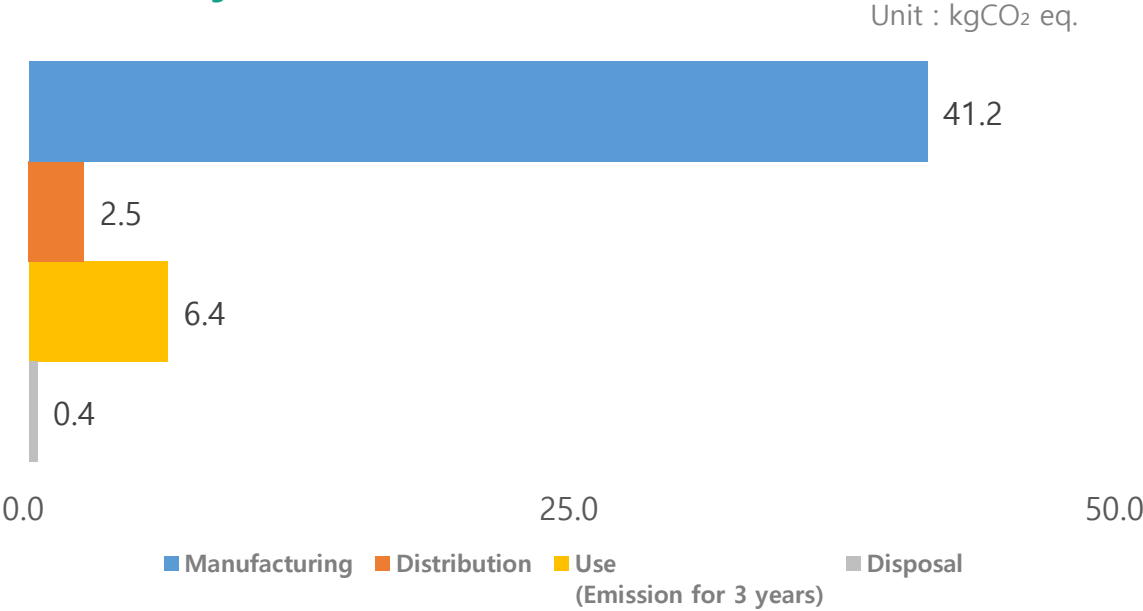
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S24 Ultra

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

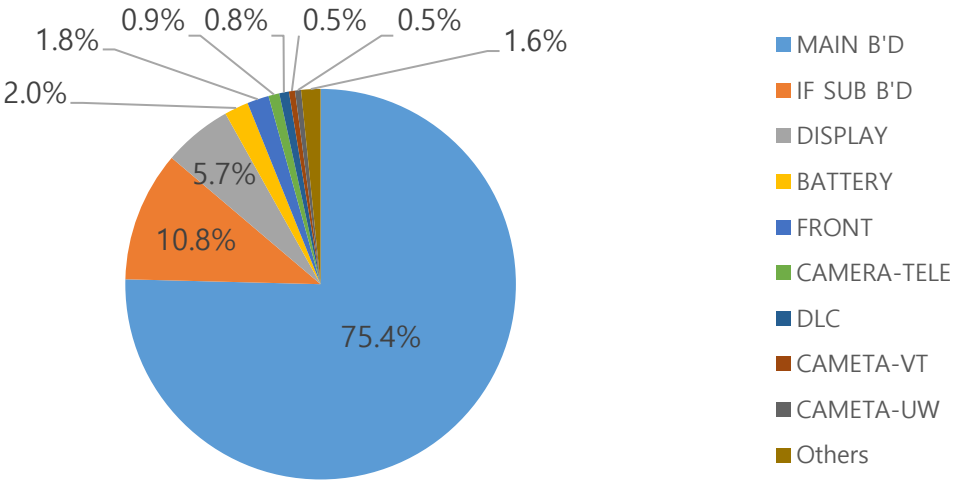
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

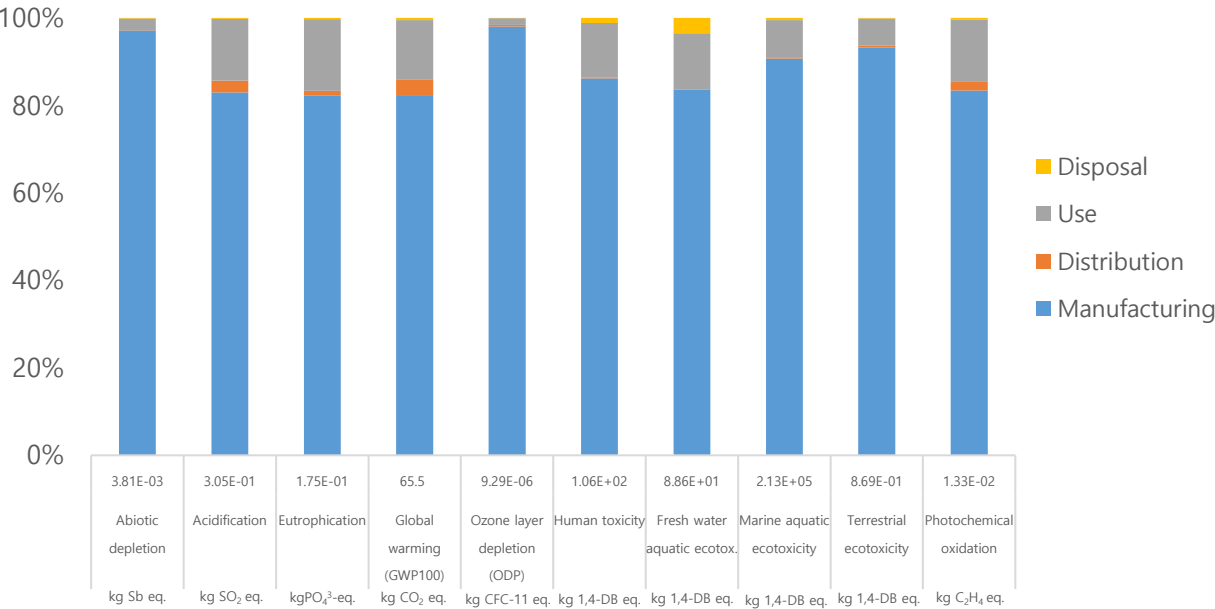


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-S928B(Galaxy S24 Ultra) |
| Dimension | 162.3 x 79 x 8.6 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.8" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 253.41 g Packages : 124.63 g |

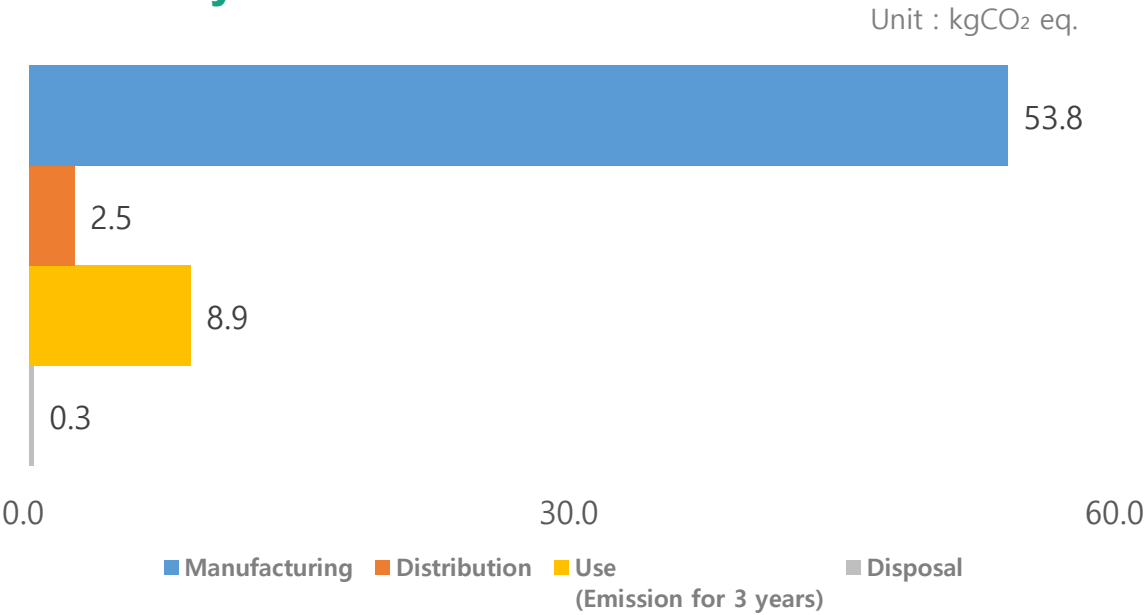
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S24 Ultra

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

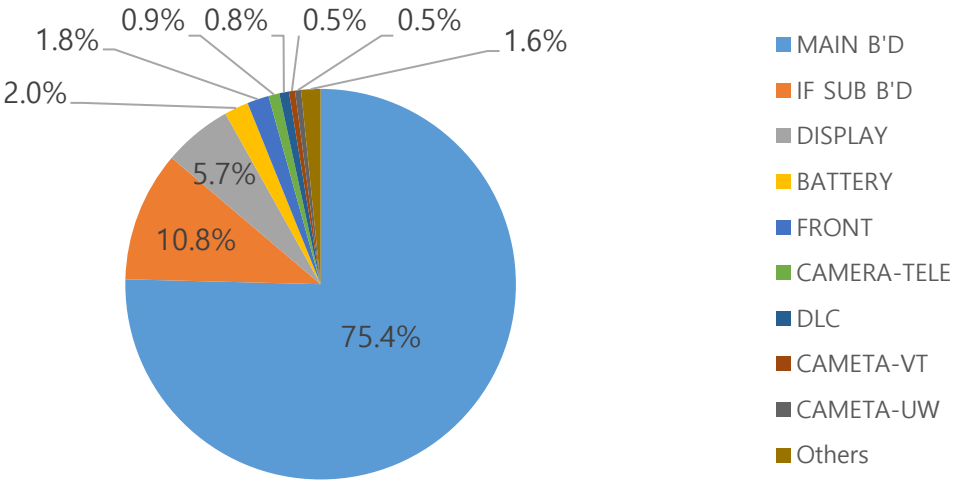
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

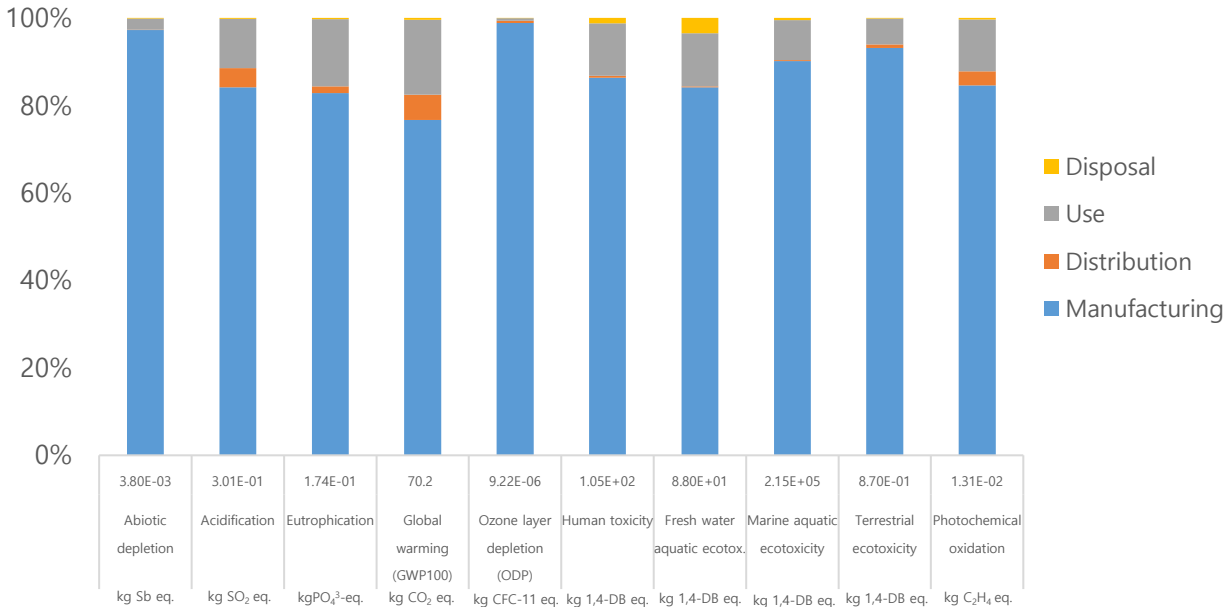


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-S928U(Galaxy S24 Ultra) |
| Dimension | 162.3 x 79 x 8.6 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.8" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 253.41 g Packages : 124.63 g |

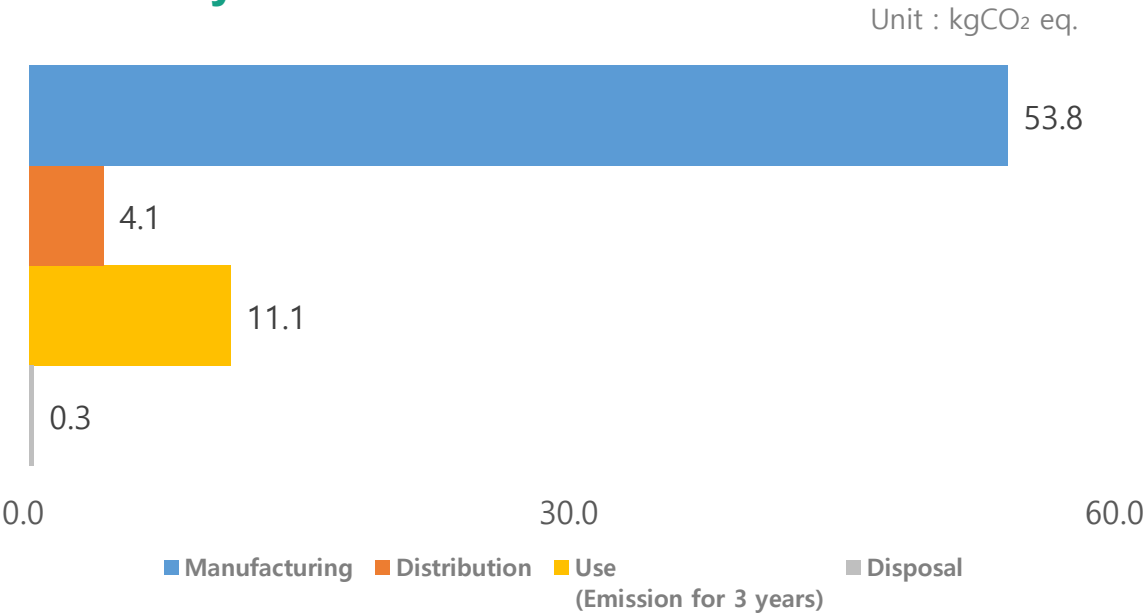
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S24+

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

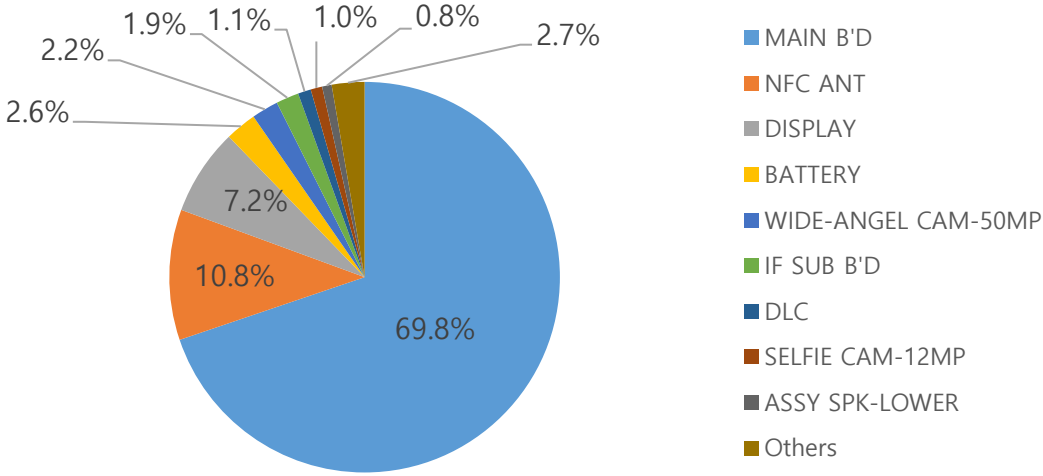
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

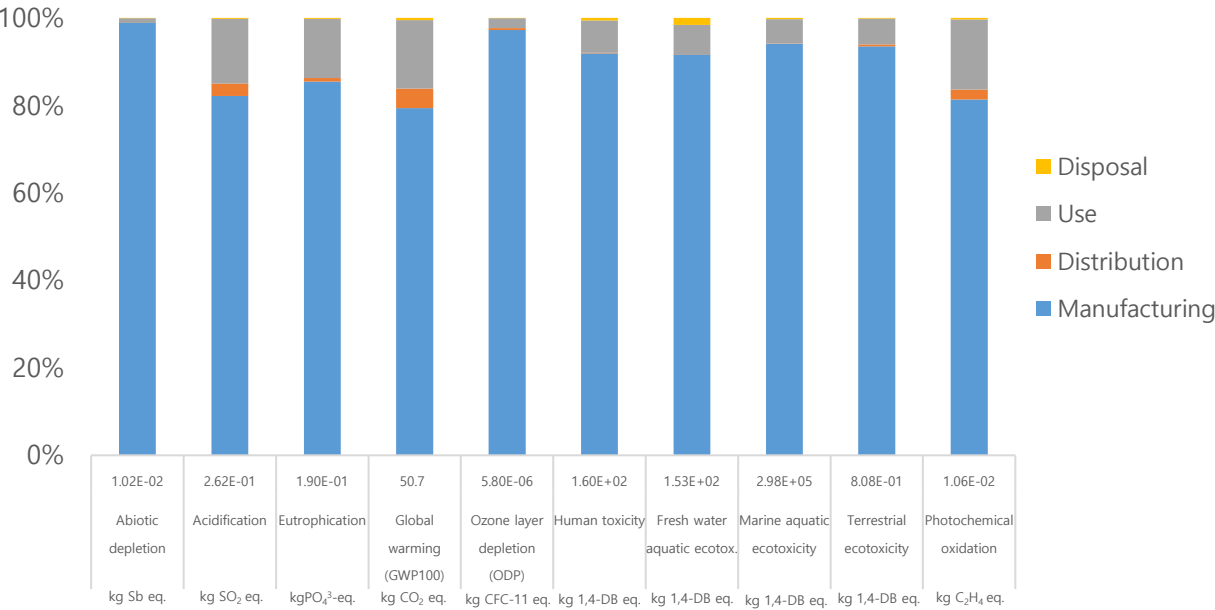


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-S926B(Galaxy S24+) |
| Dimension | 158.5 x 75.9 x 7.7 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 215.42 g Packages : 124.05 g |

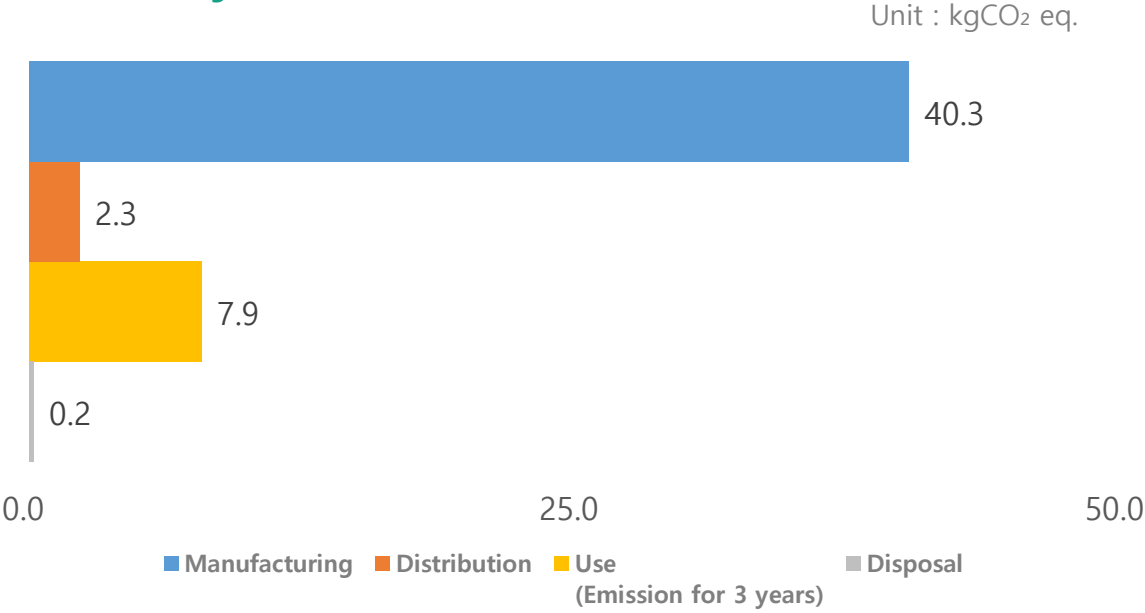
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S24+

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

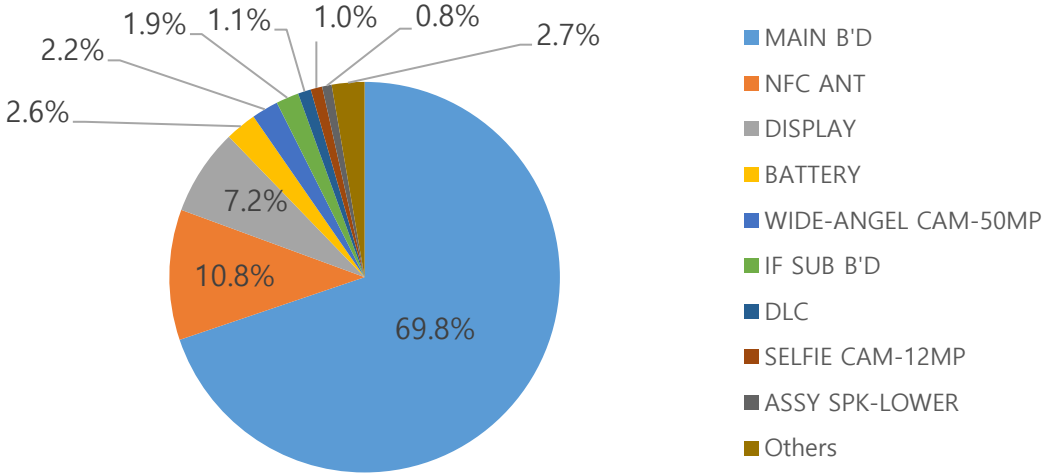
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

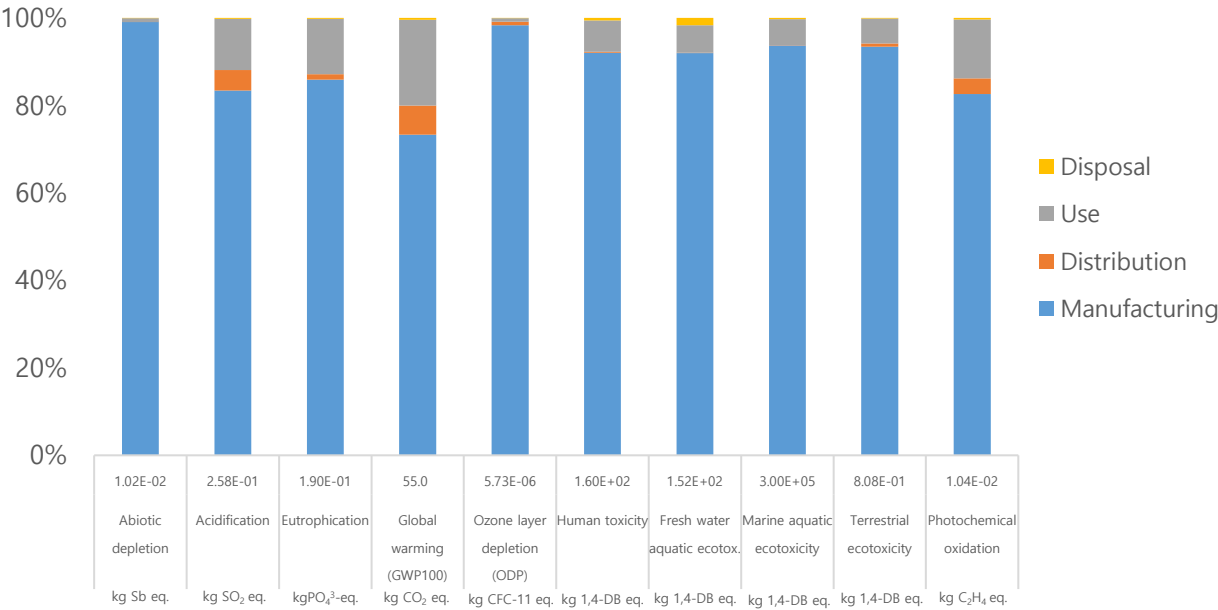


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-S926U(Galaxy S24+) |
| Dimension | 158.5 x 75.9 x 7.7 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 215.42 g Packages : 124.05 g |

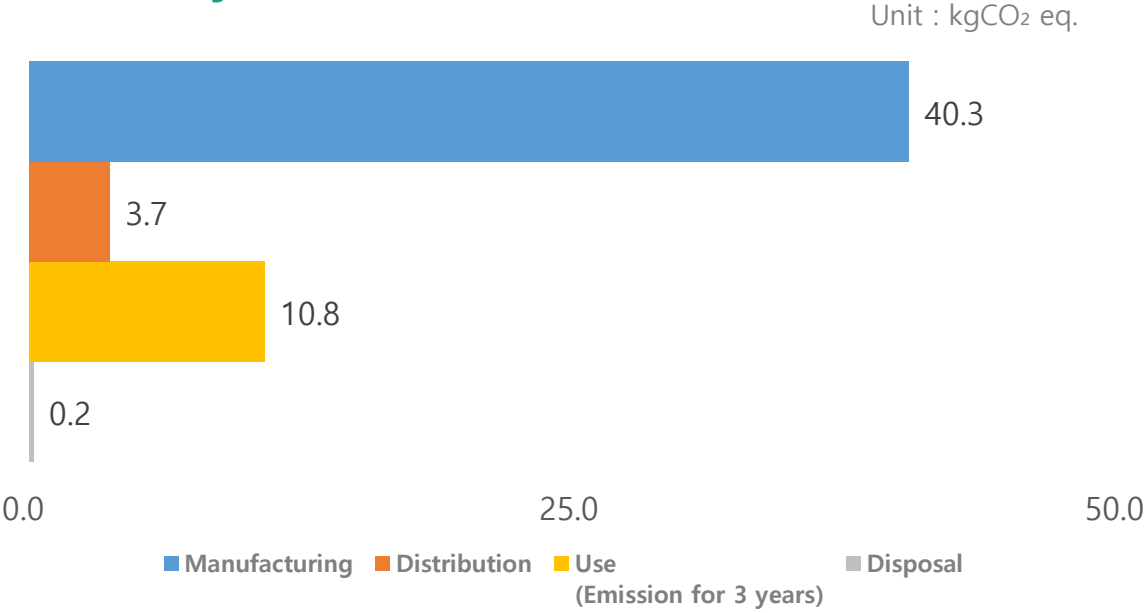
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S24

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

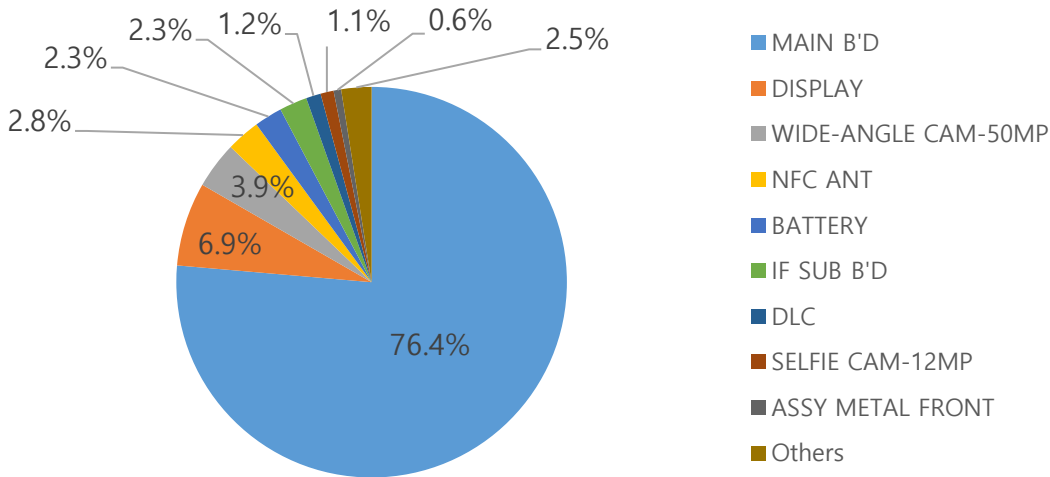
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

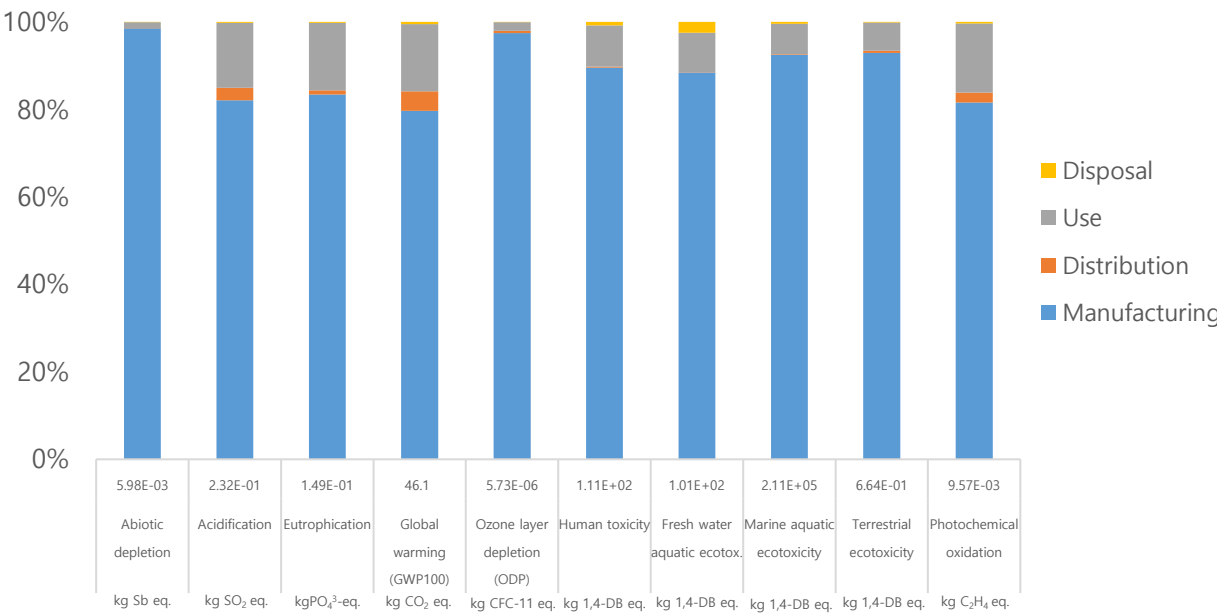


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-S921B(Galaxy S24) |
| Dimension | 147.0 x 70.6 x 7.6 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.2" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 186.42 g Packages : 118.64 g |

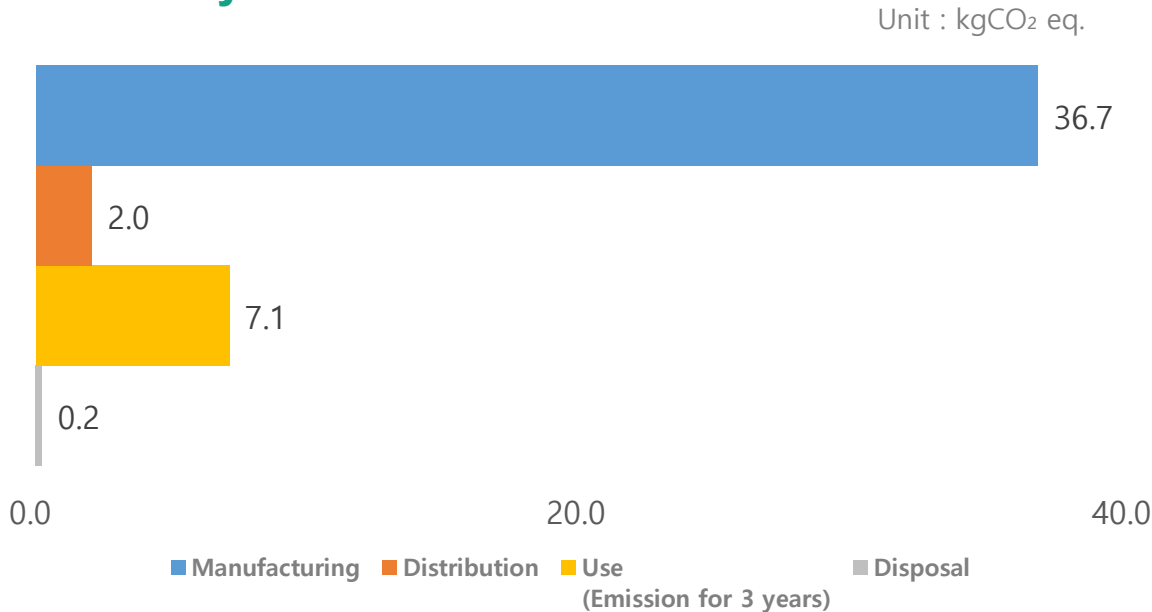
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S24

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

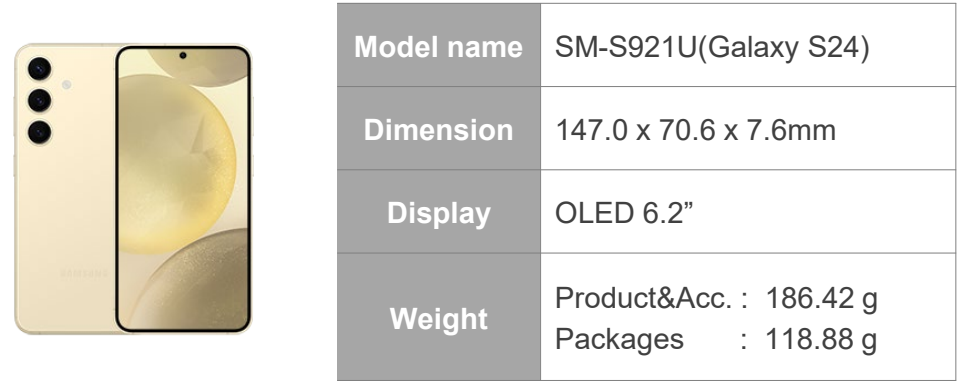
● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

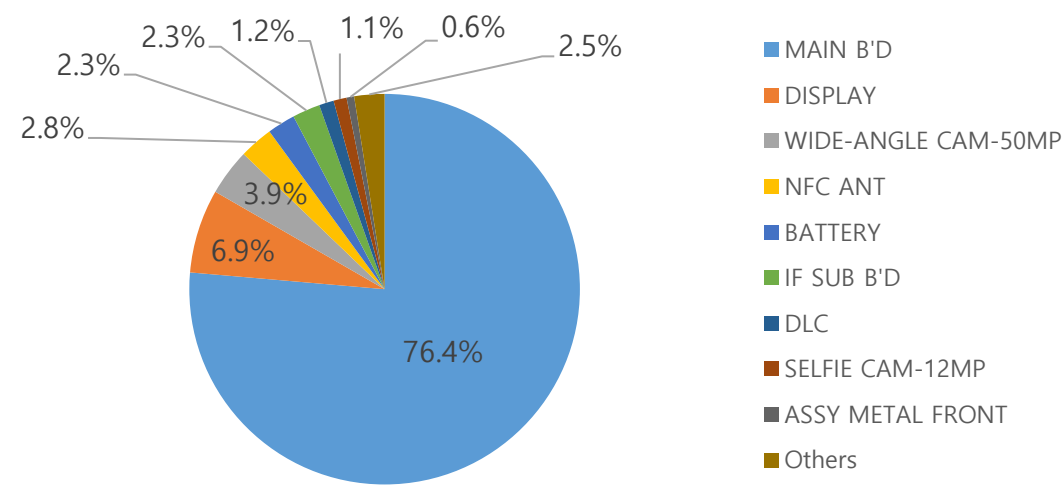
● System boundary of LCA

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

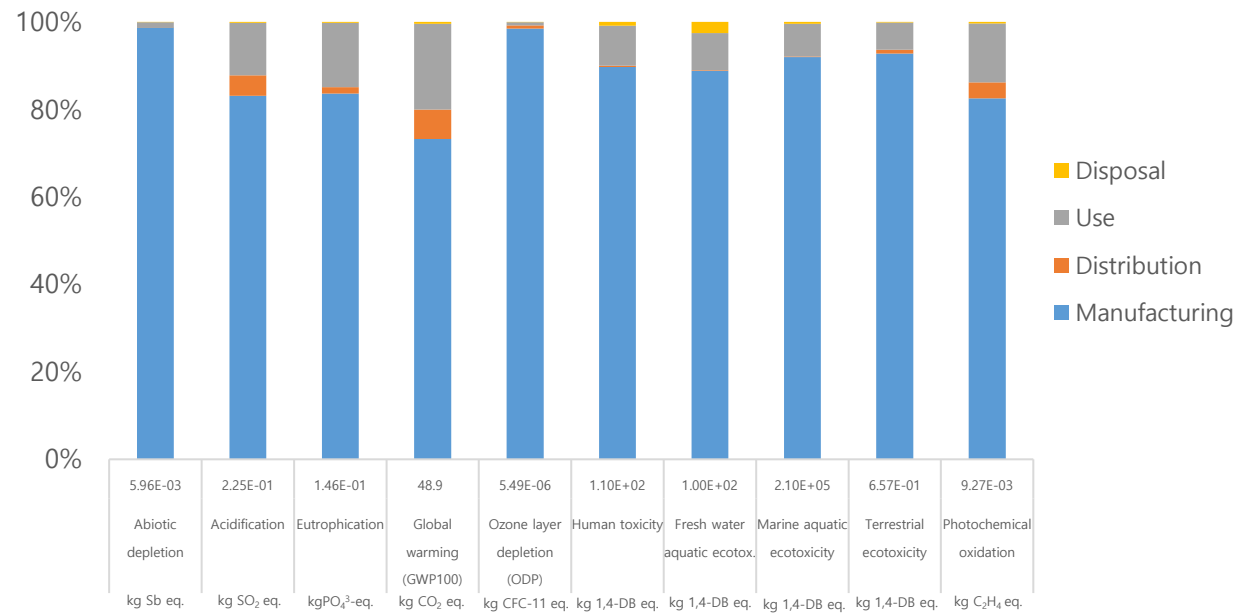
● Product Features



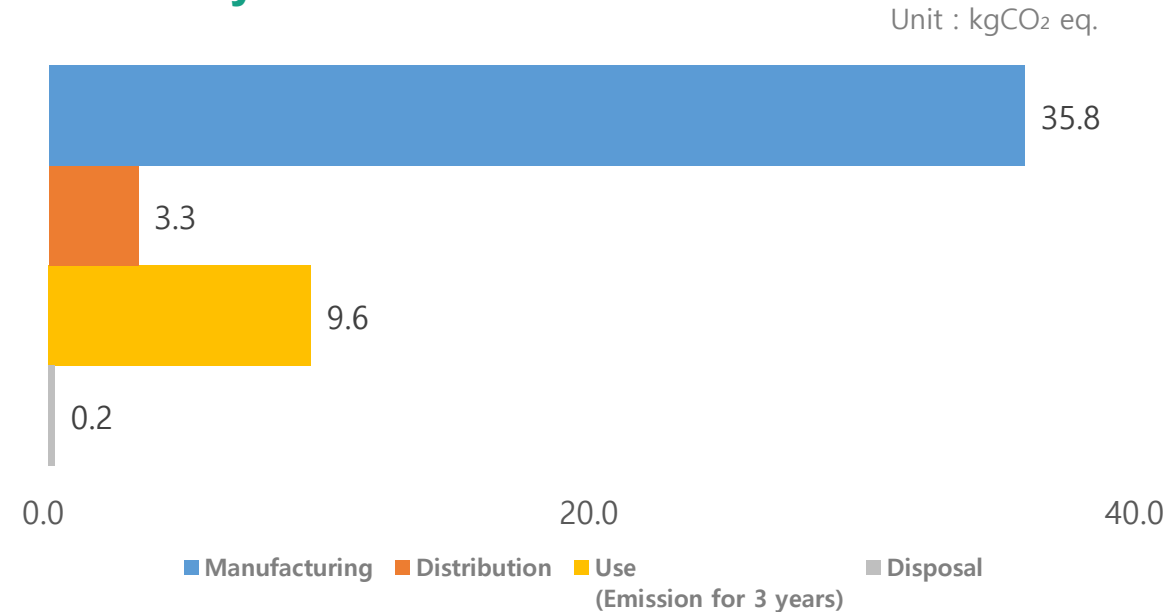
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A25 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

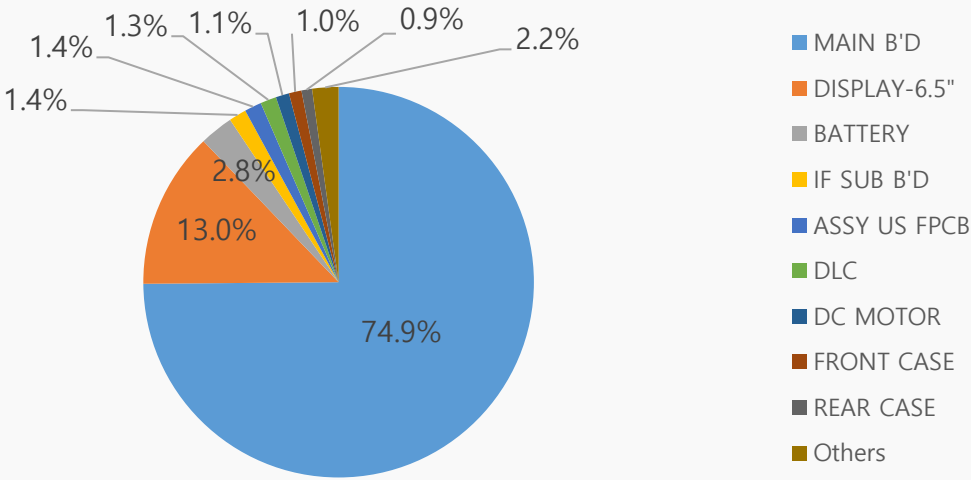
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

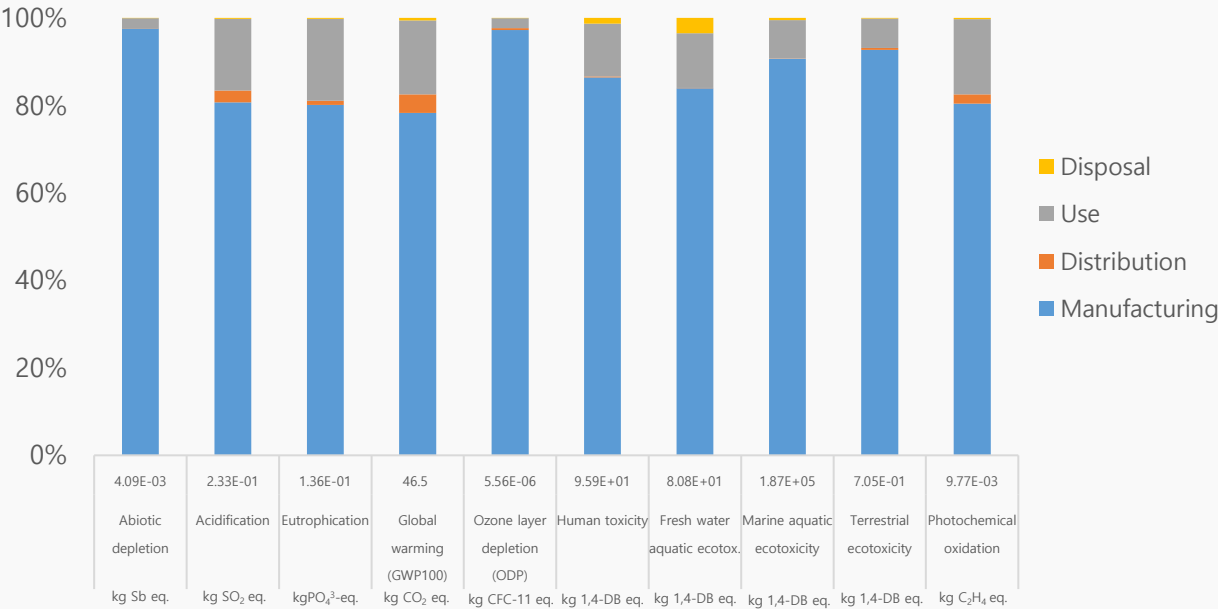


| | |
|------------|---|
| Model name | SM-A256B(Galaxy A25 5G) |
| Dimension | 161.0 x 76.5 x 8.3 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.5" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 216.88 g Packages : 77.29 g |

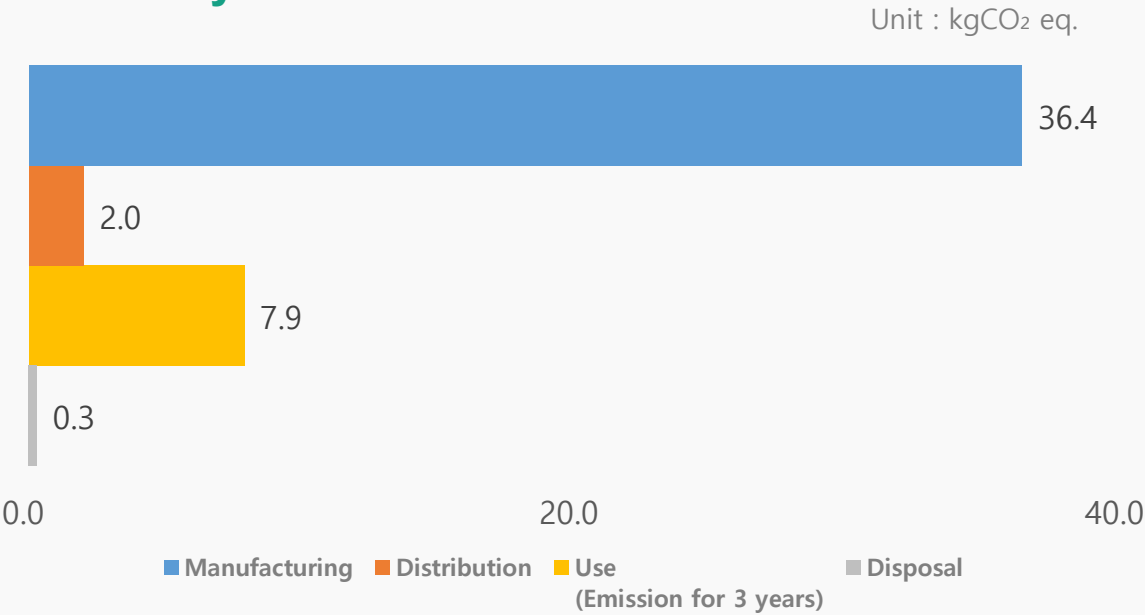
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A25 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

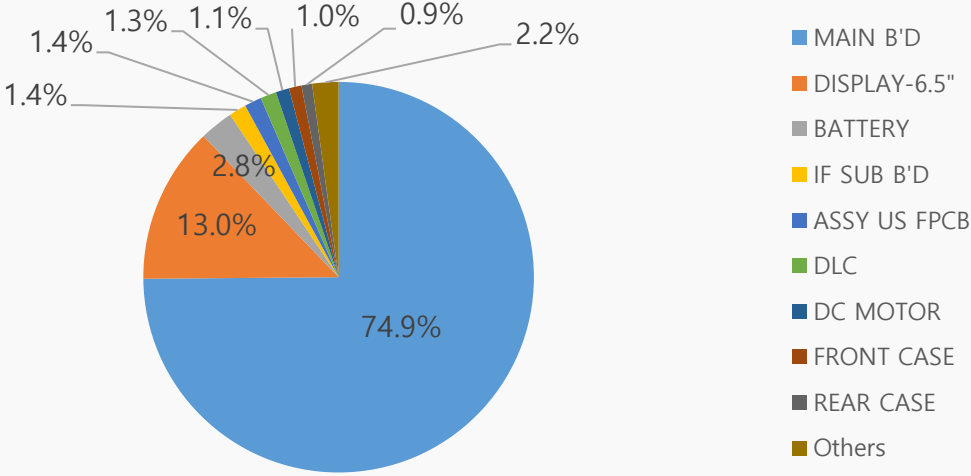
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

Product Features

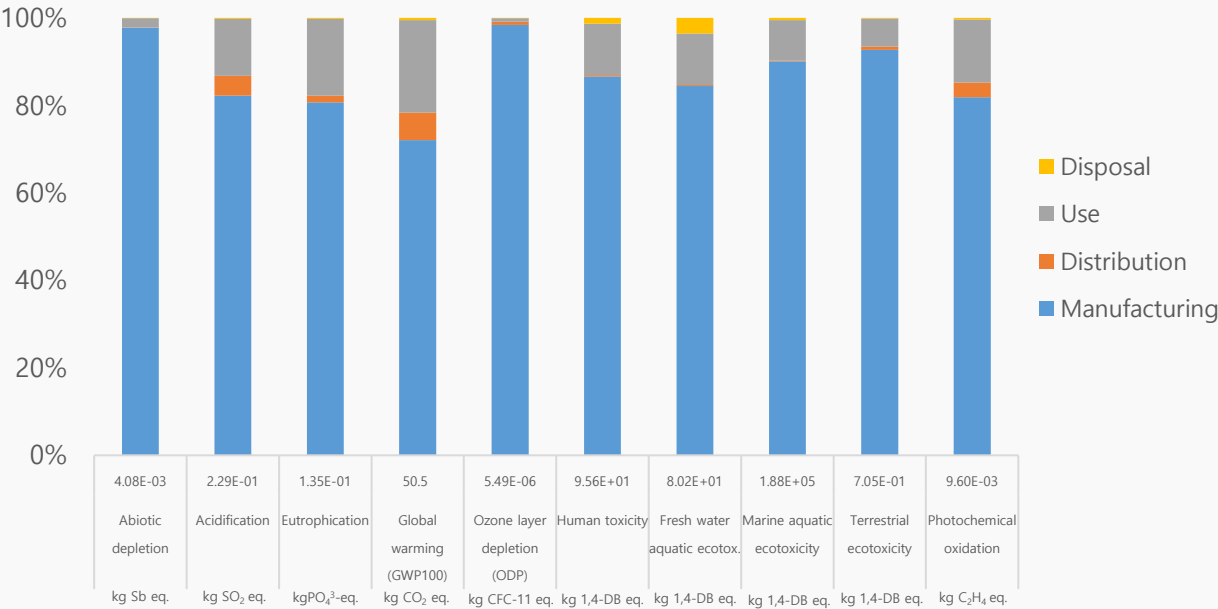


| | |
|------------|---|
| Model name | SM-A256U(Galaxy A25 5G) |
| Dimension | 161.0 x 76.5 x 8.3 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.5" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 216.88 g Packages : 77.29 g |

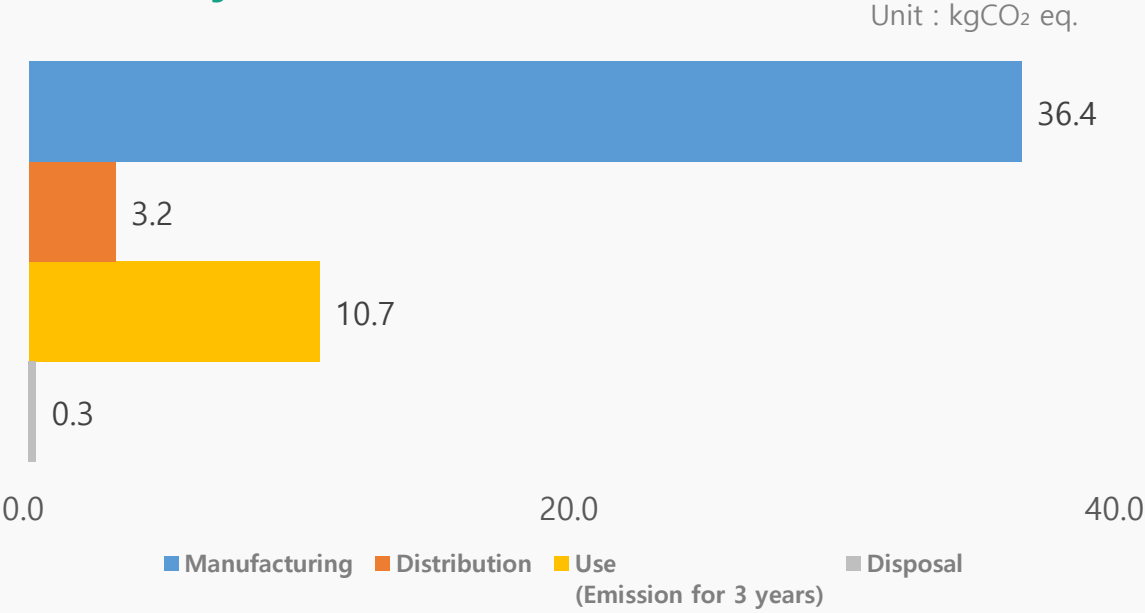
Global Warming Impact Profile



Characterized Environment Impact



Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A15

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Lifecycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

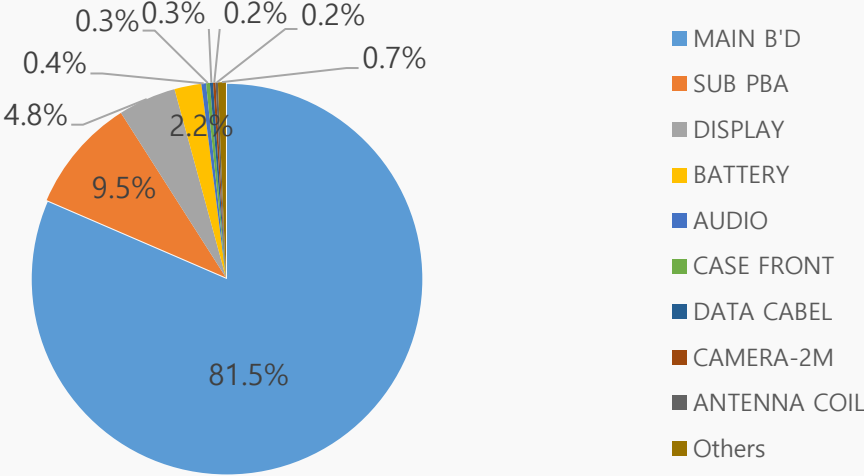
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to SEA |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

Product Features

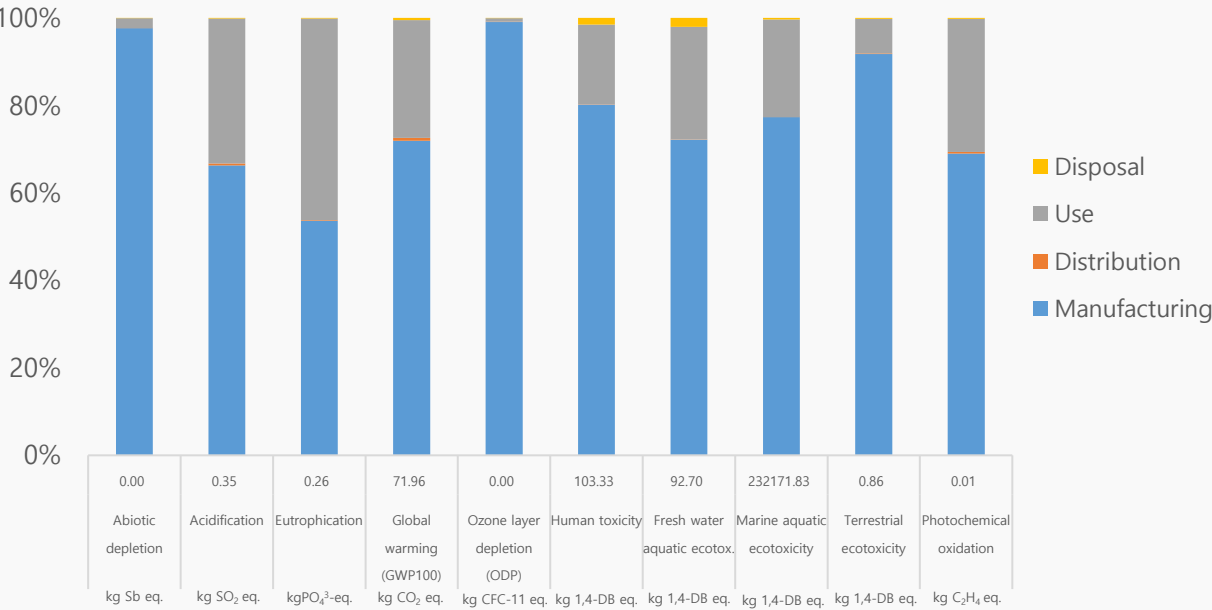


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-A155E(Galaxy A15) |
| Dimension | 160.1 x 76.8 x 8.4 mm |
| Display | 6.5" AMOLED 2X |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 222.06 g Packages : 91.7 g |

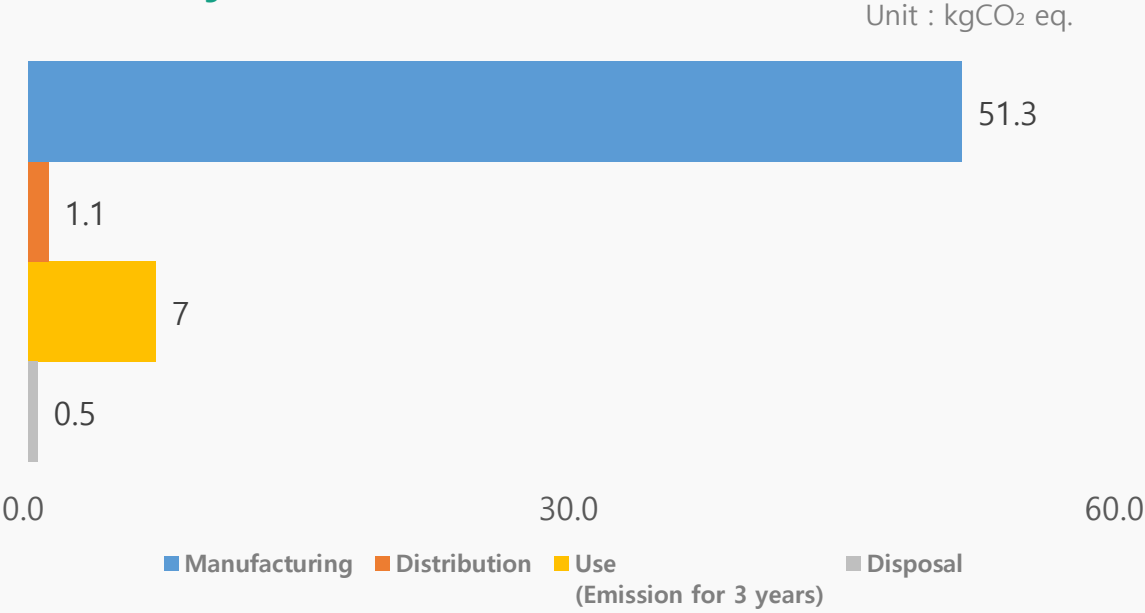
Global Warming Impact Profile



Characterized Environment Impact



Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A15 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Lifecycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

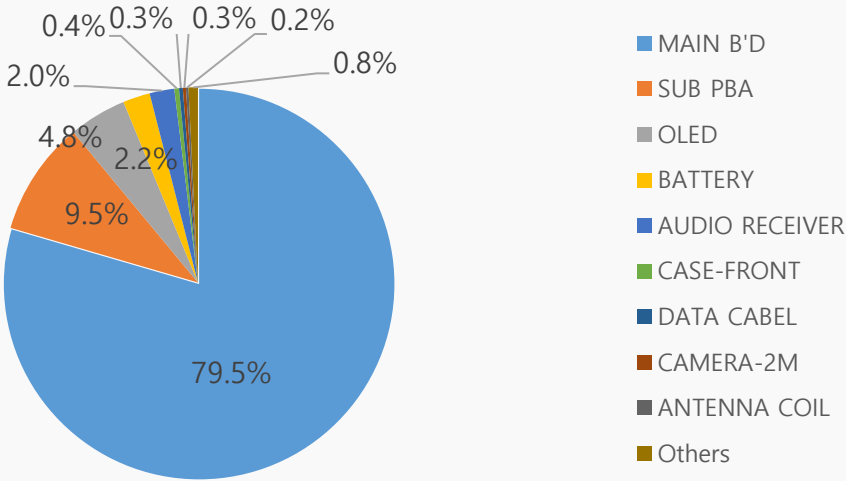
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

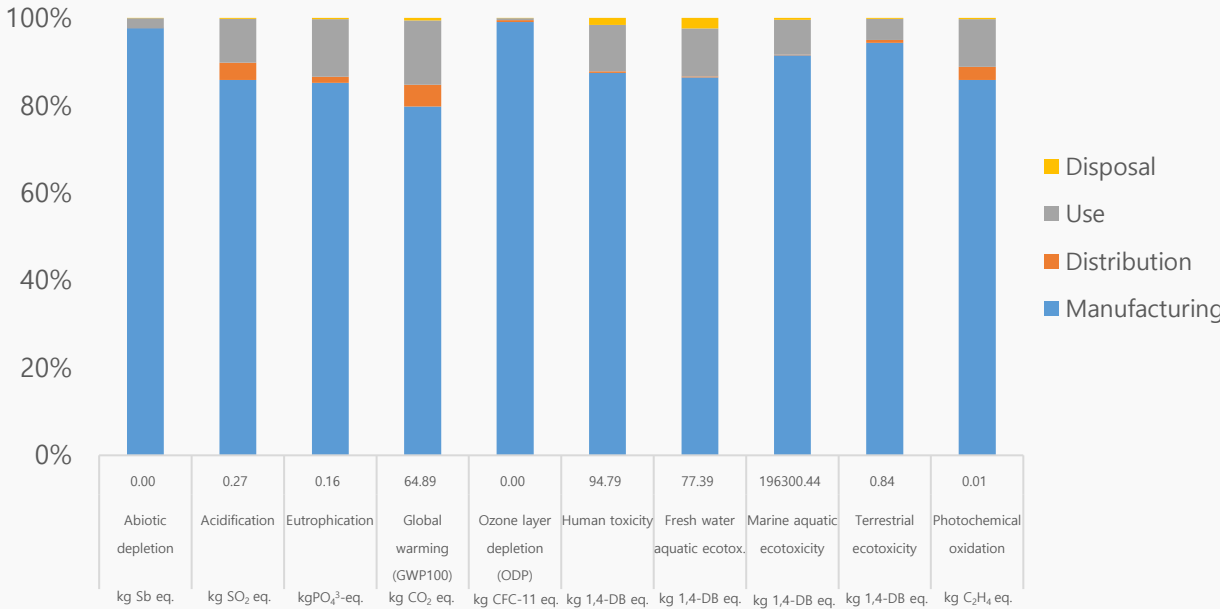


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-A156U(Galaxy A15 5G) |
| Dimension | 160.1 x 76.8 x 8.4 mm |
| Display | 6.5" AMOLED 2X |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 222.06 g Packages : 56.4 g |

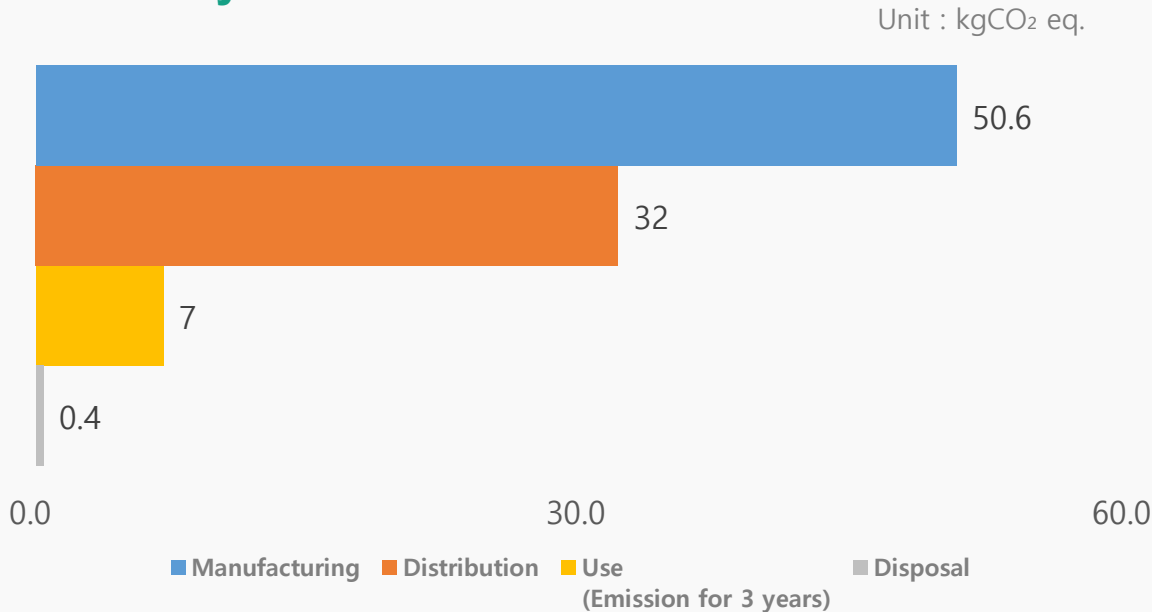
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A15 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Lifecycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

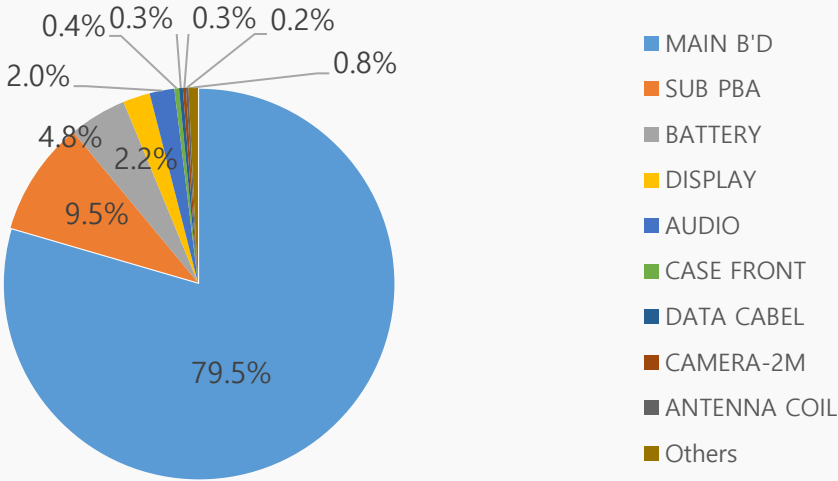
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to SEA |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

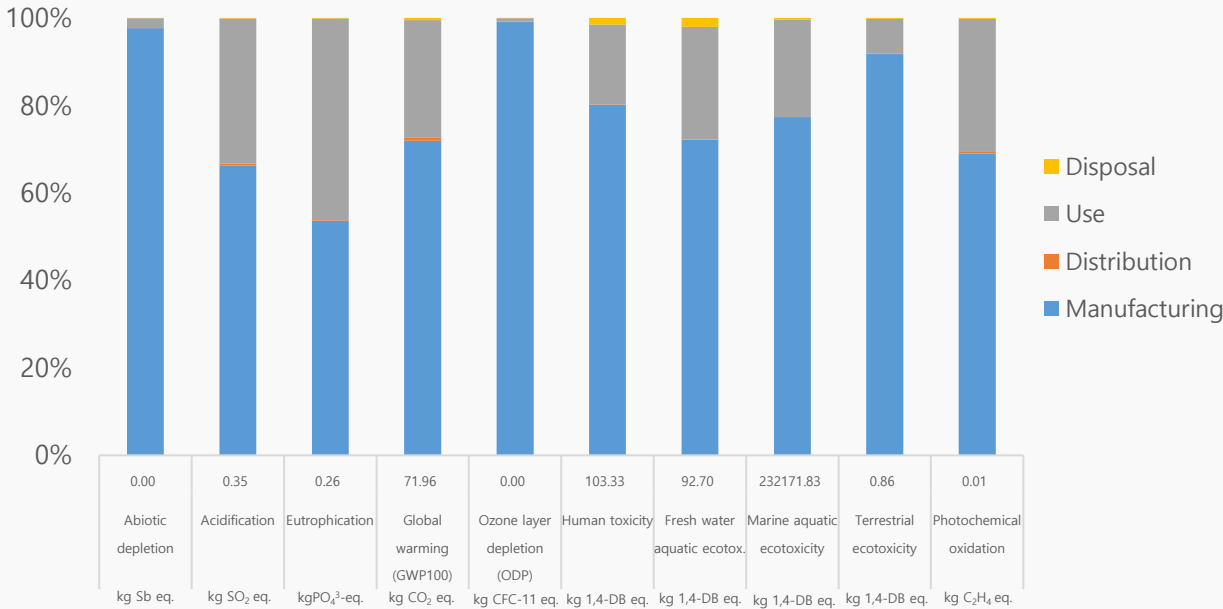


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-A156E(Galaxy A15 5G) |
| Dimension | 160.1 x 76.8 x 8.4 mm |
| Display | 6.5" AMOLED 2X |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 222.06 g Packages : 91.7 g |

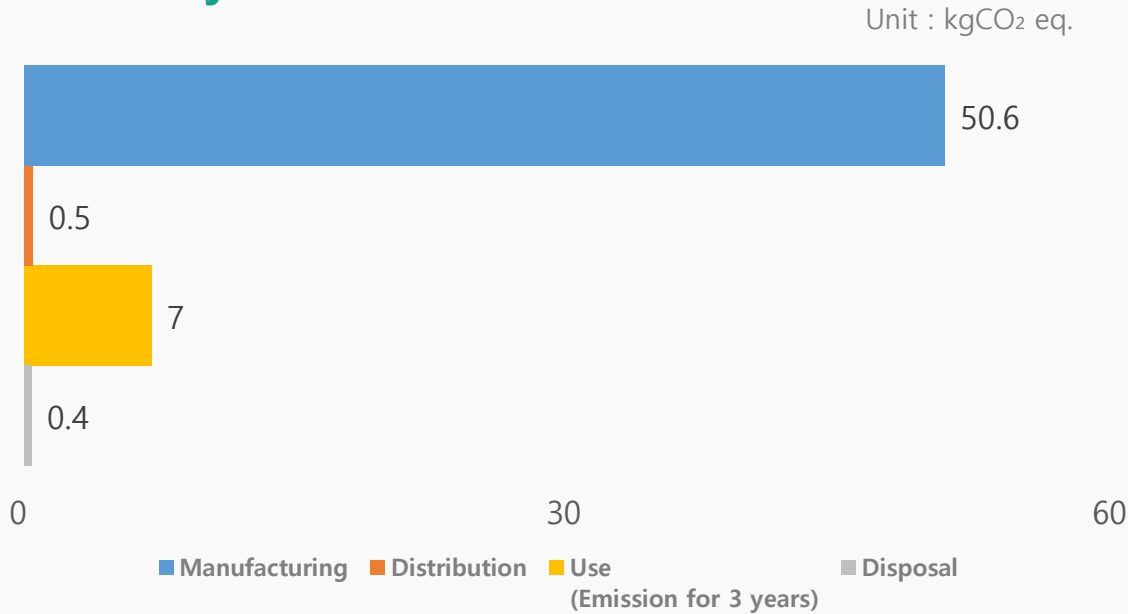
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy M34 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

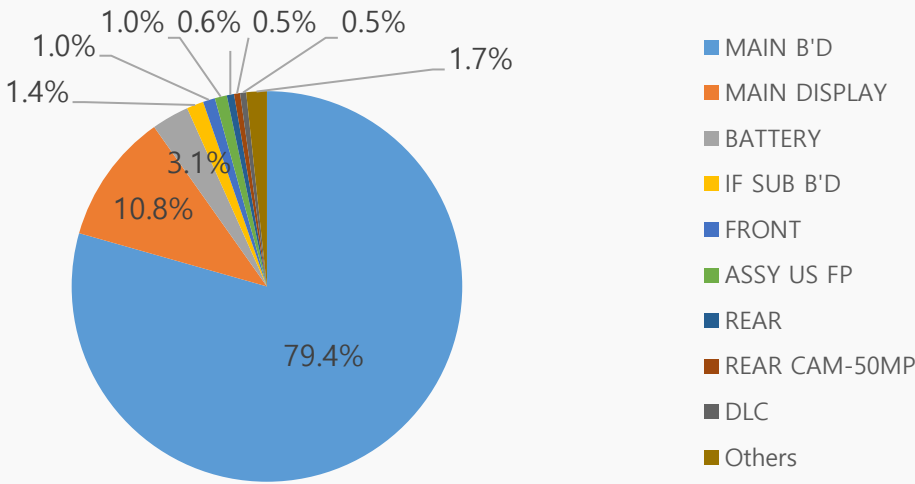
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From India to India |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

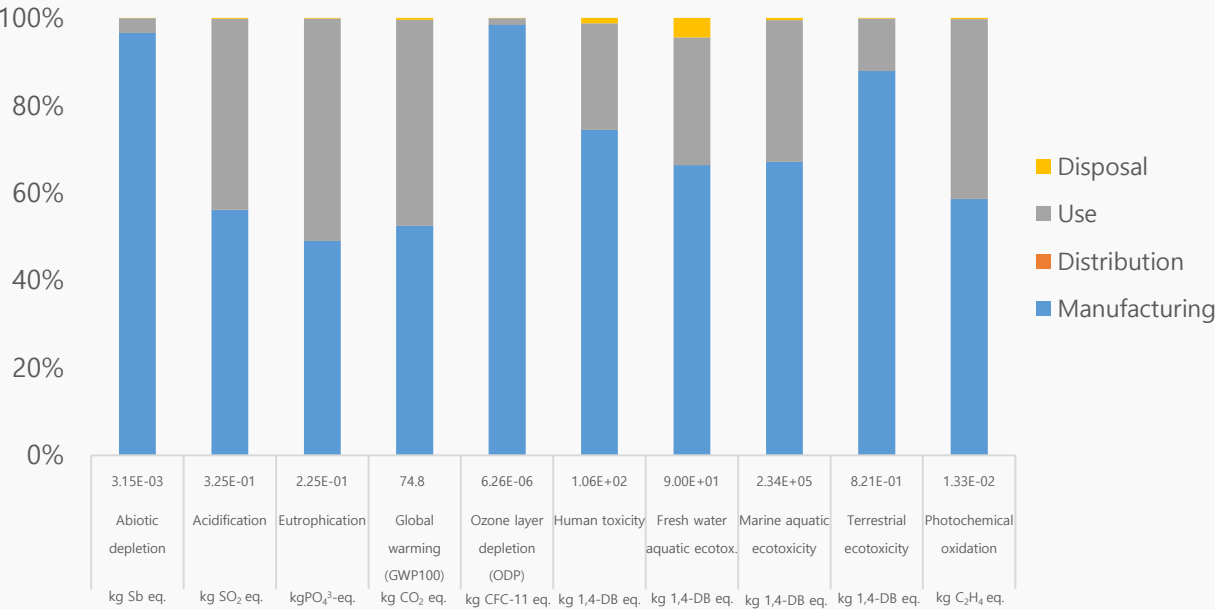


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-M346B(Galaxy M34 5G) |
| Dimension | 161.7 x 77.2 x 8.8 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.5" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 229.16 g Packages : 96.92g |

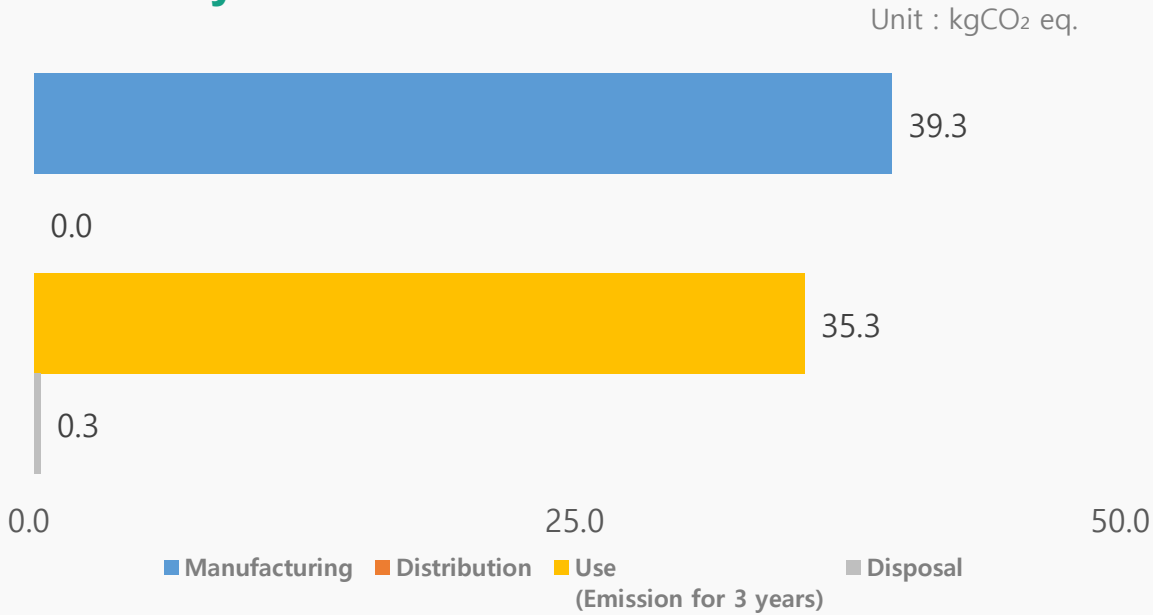
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy M44 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

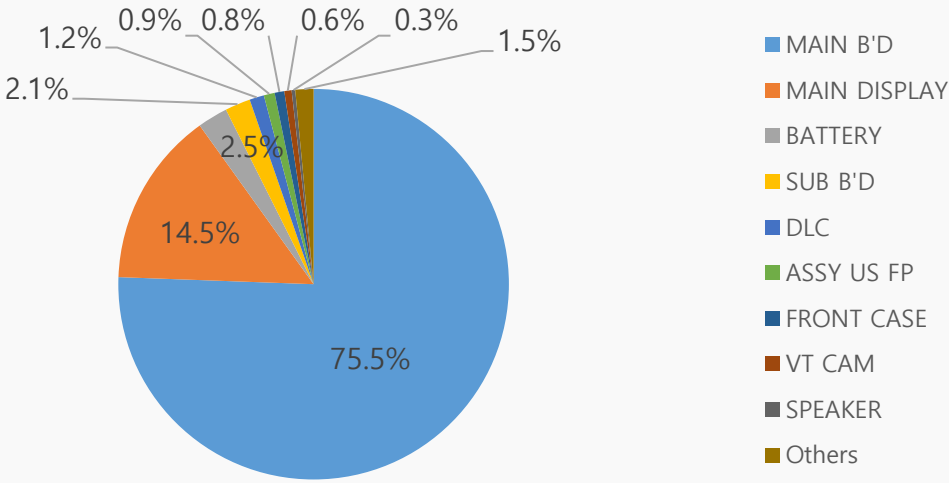
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to KOR |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

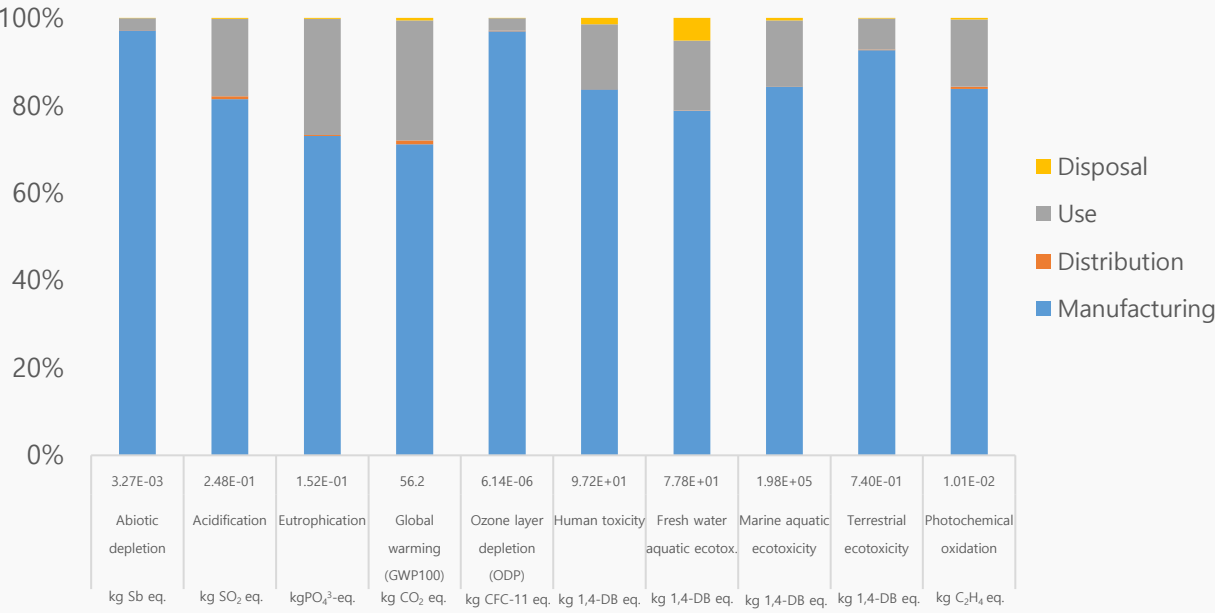


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-M446K(Galaxy M44 5G) |
| Dimension | 167.7 x 78.0 x 9.1 mm |
| Display | FHD+ 6.6" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 235.95 g Packages : 102.19 g |

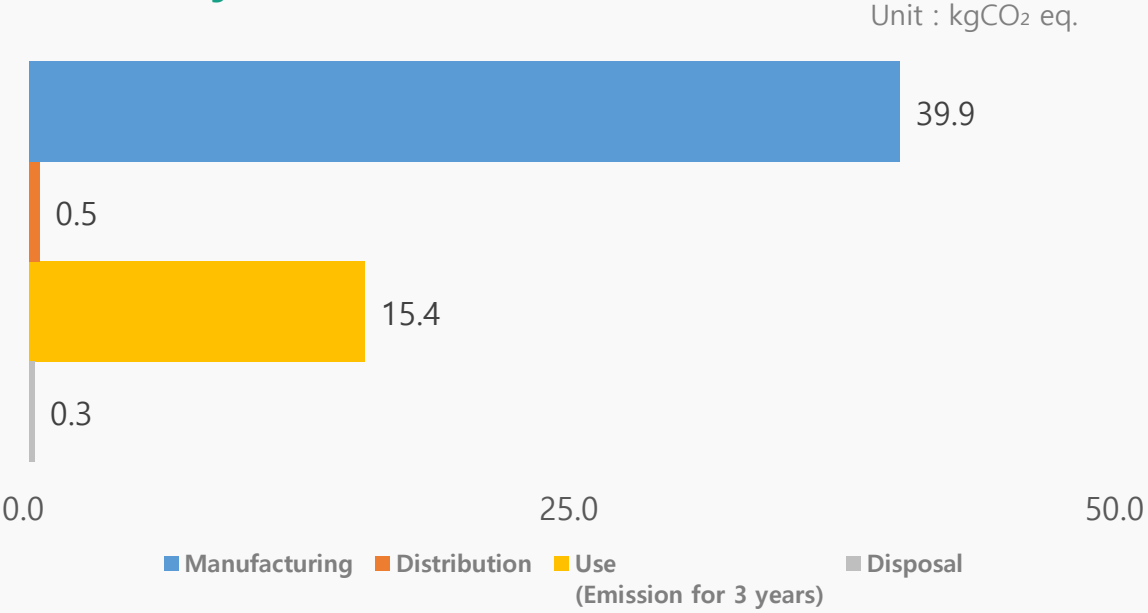
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S23 FE

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

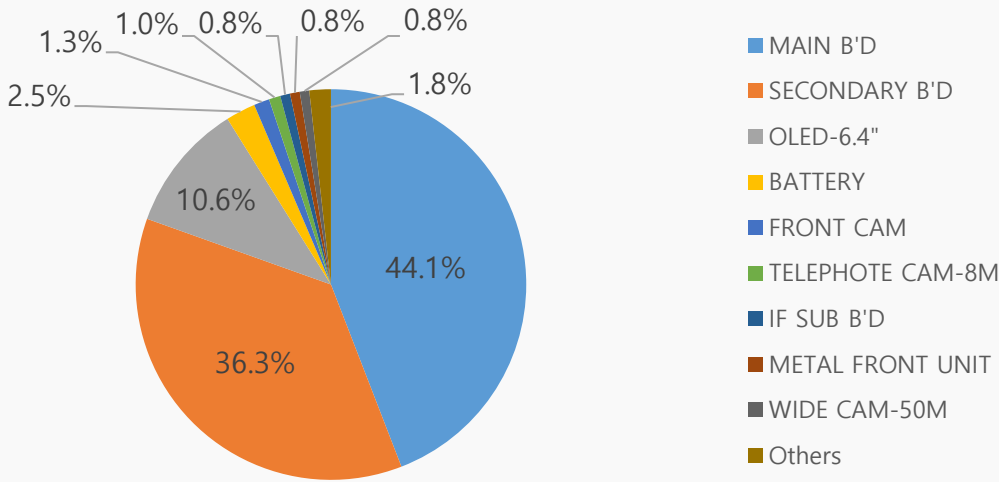
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

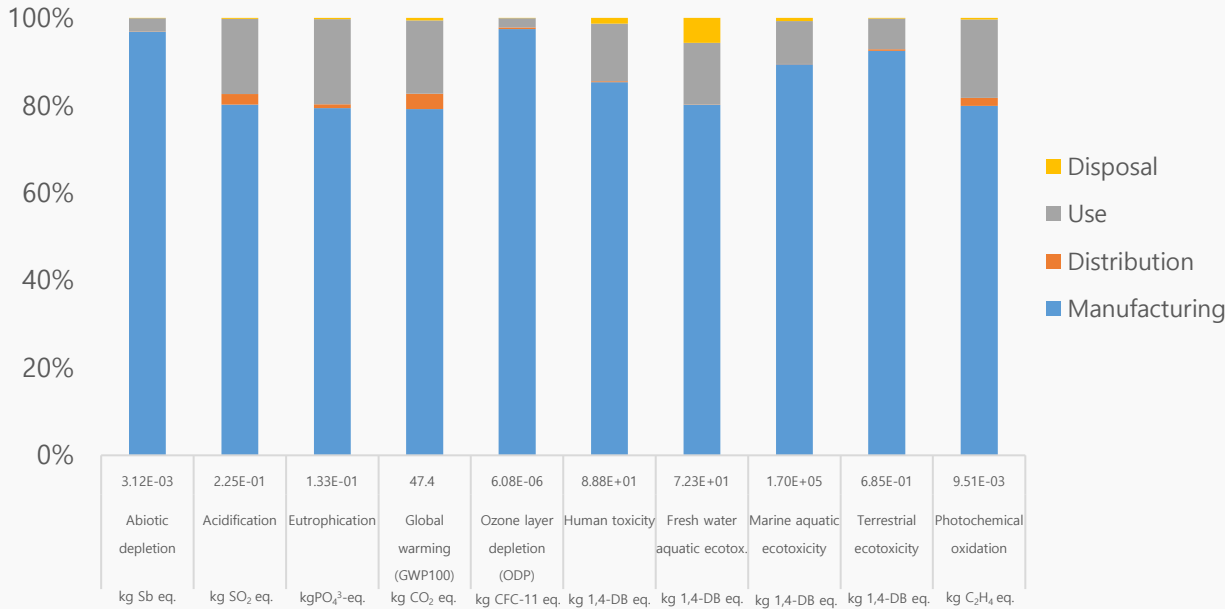


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-S711B(Galaxy S23 FE) |
| Dimension | 158.0 x 76.5 x 8.2 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.4" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 228.99 g Packages : 116.54 g |

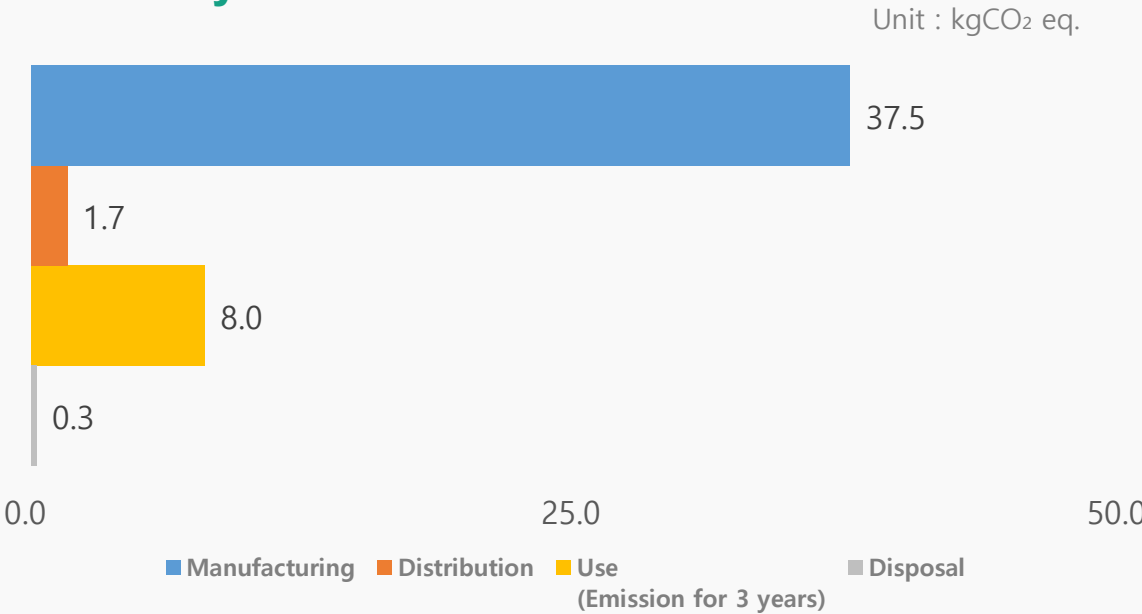
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy S23 FE

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

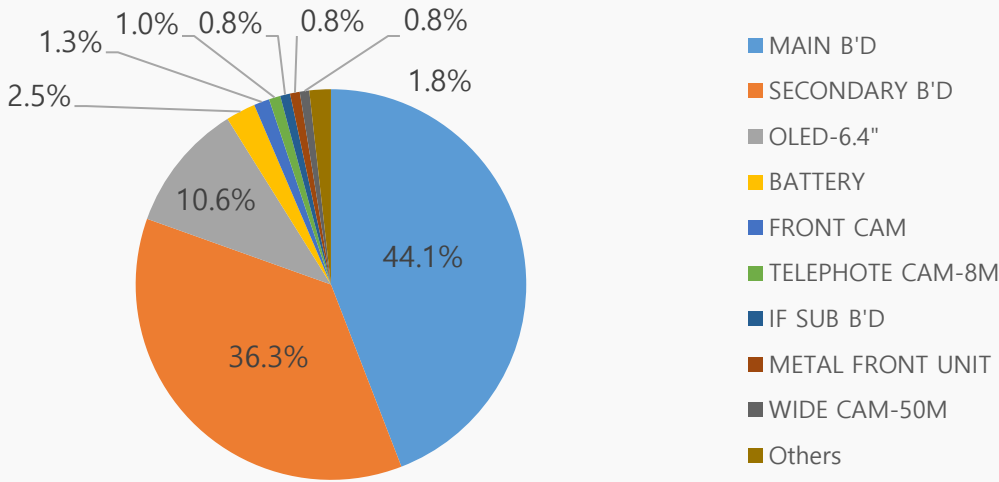
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

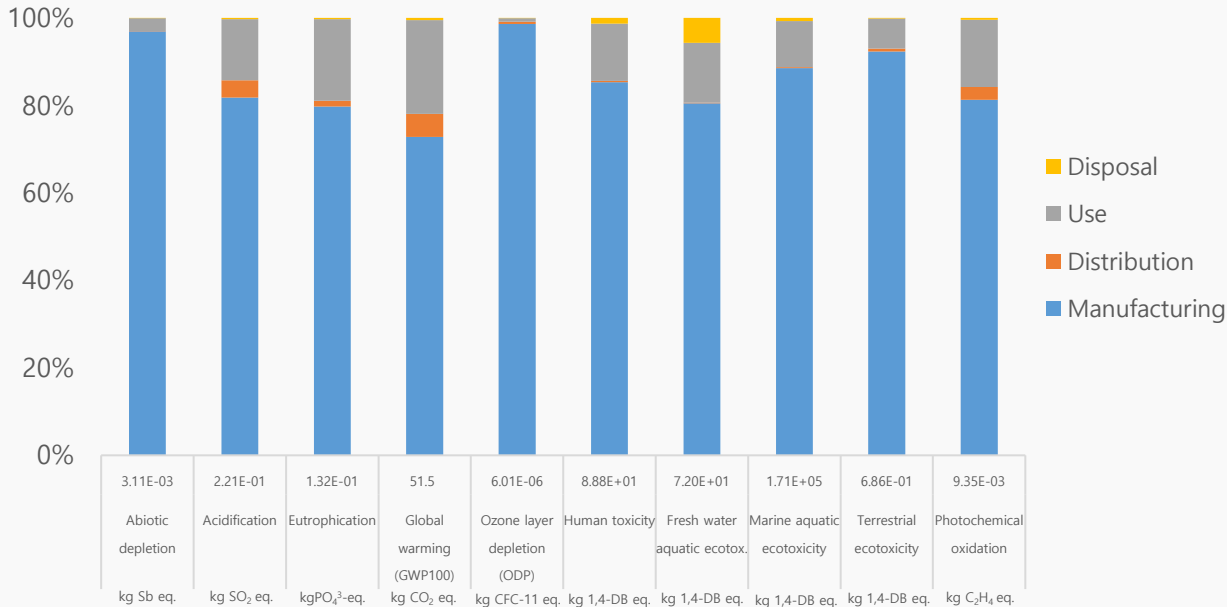


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-S711U(Galaxy S23 FE) |
| Dimension | 158.0 x 76.5 x 8.2mm |
| Display | OLED 6.4" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 228.99 g Packages : 116.54 g |

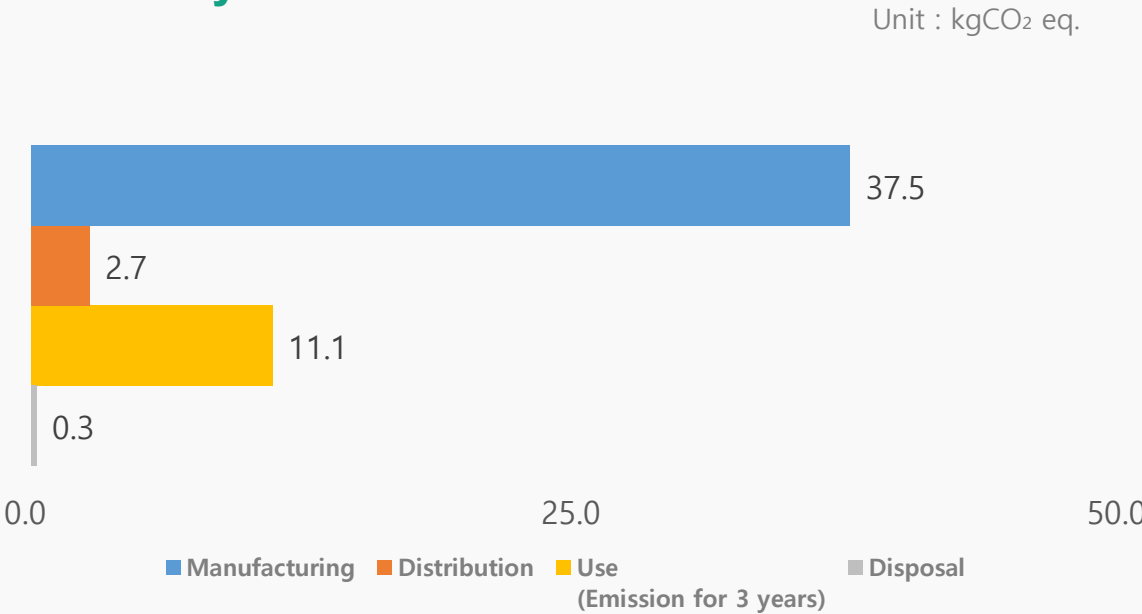
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Flip5

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

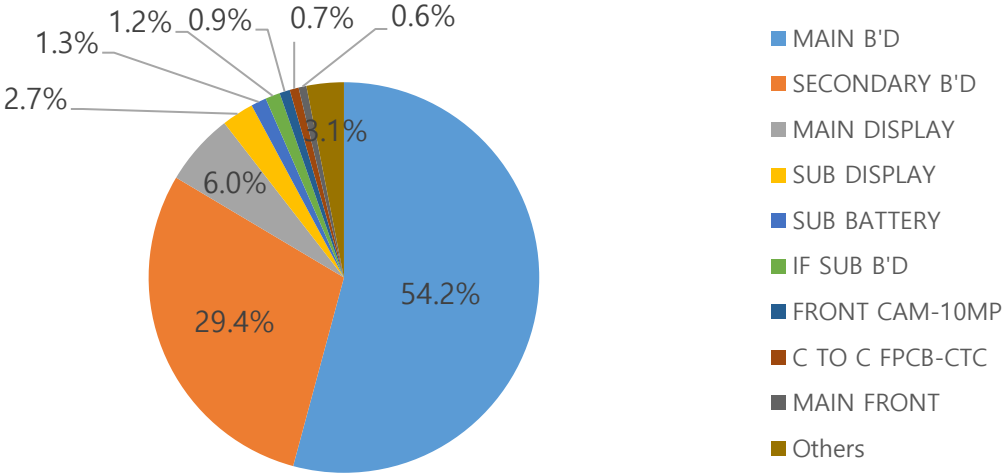
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and KOR to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

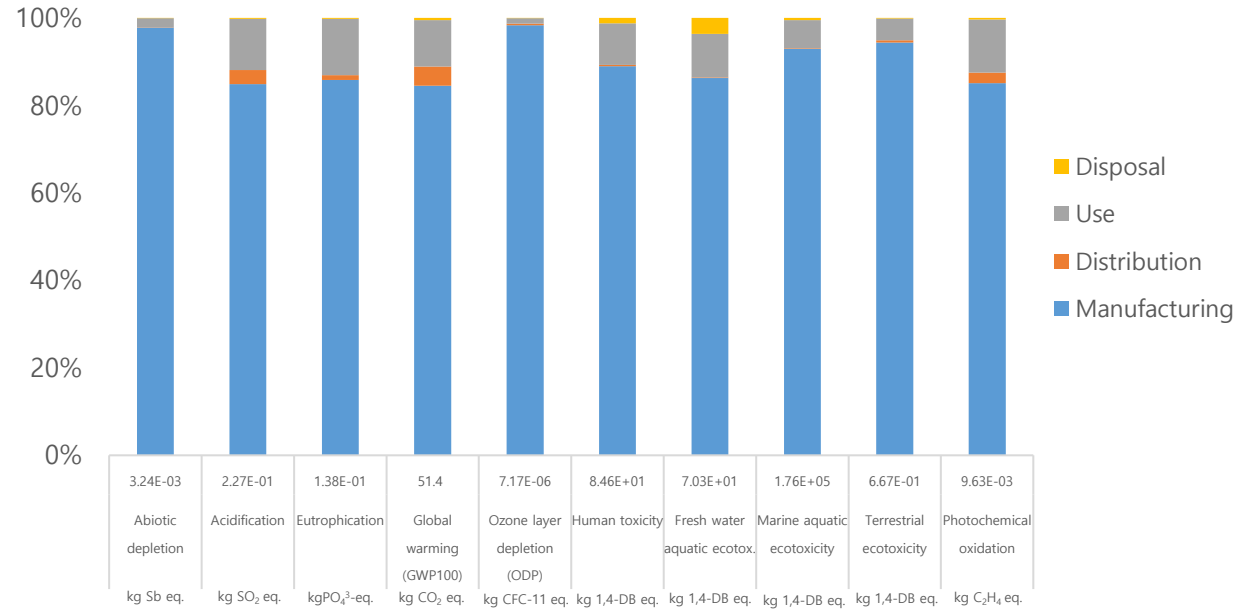


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-F731B(Galaxy Z Flip5) |
| Dimension | 165.1 x 71.9 x 6.9 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" / 3.4" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 206.99 g Packages : 126.60 g |

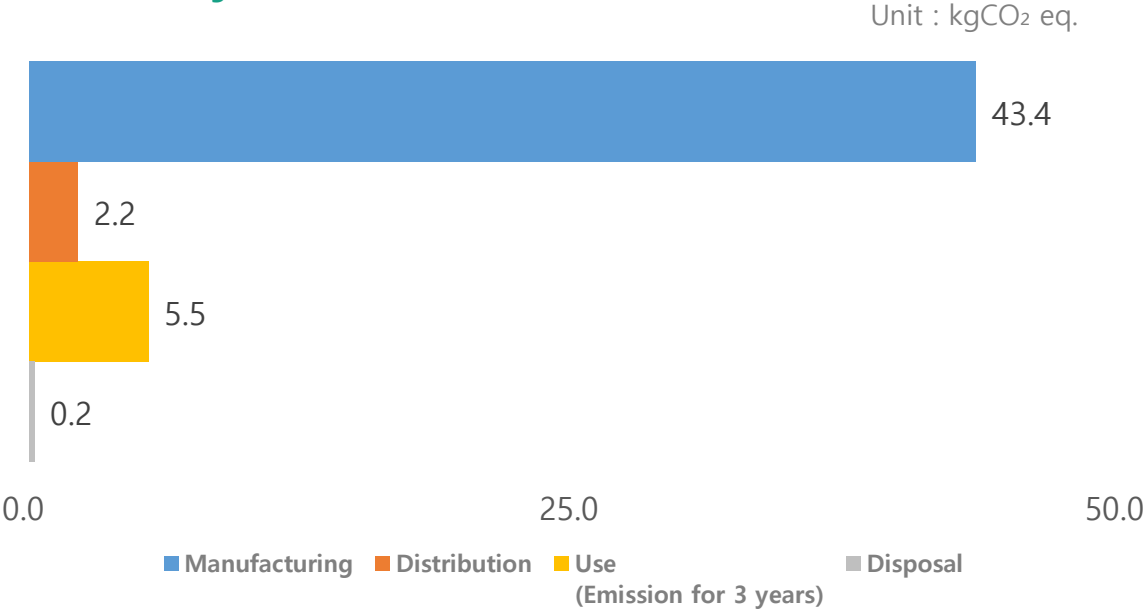
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Flip5

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

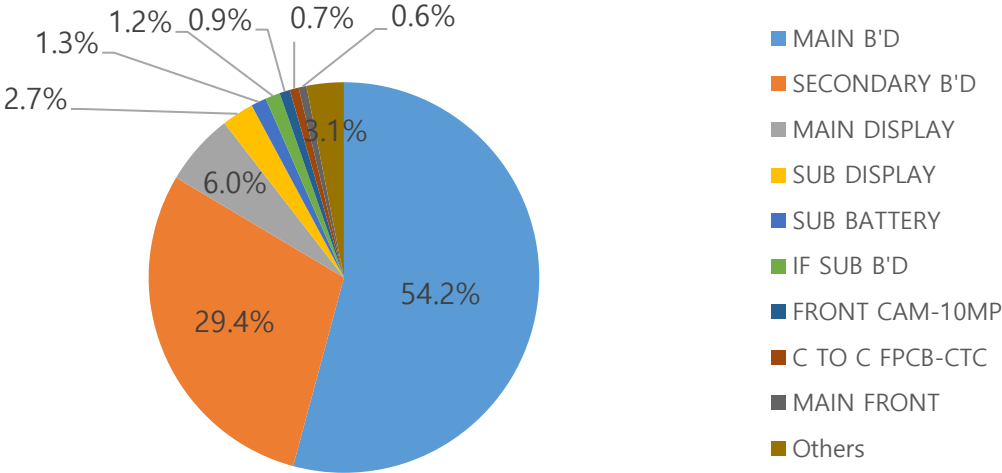
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and KOR to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

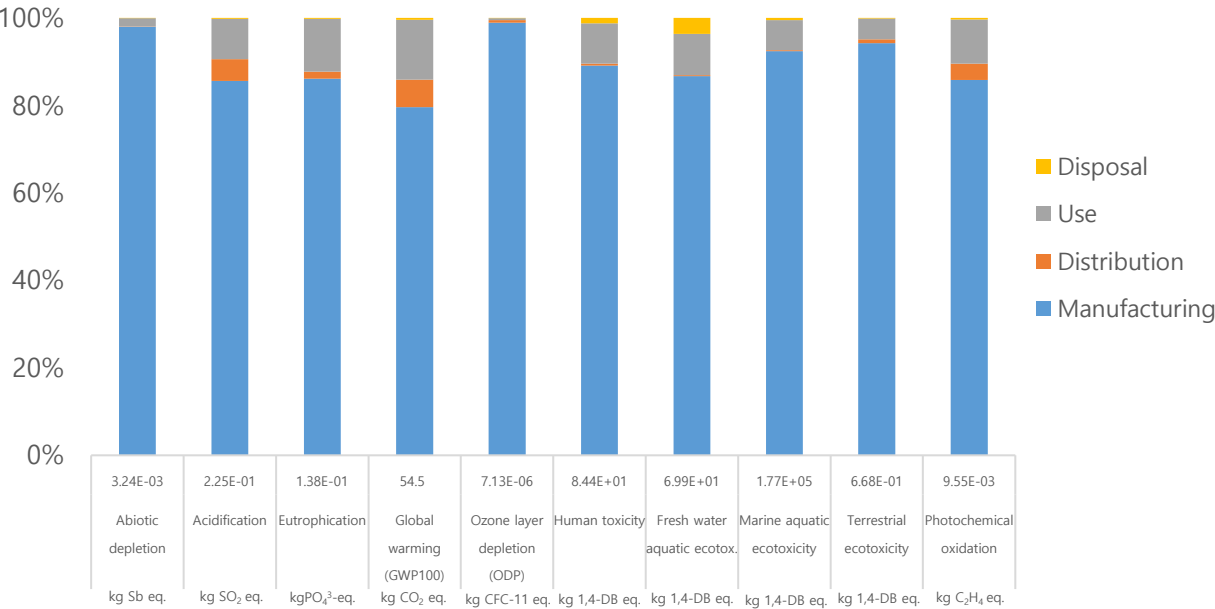


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-F731U(Galaxy Z Flip5) |
| Dimension | 165.1 x 71.9 x 6.9 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" / 3.4" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 206.99 g Packages : 126.60 g |

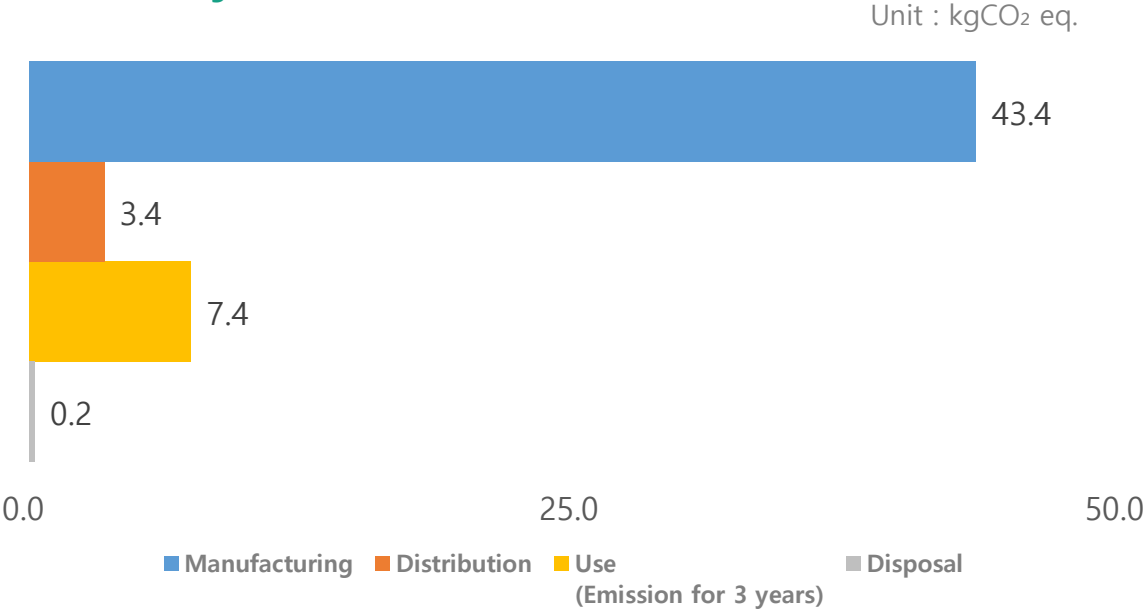
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Fold5

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

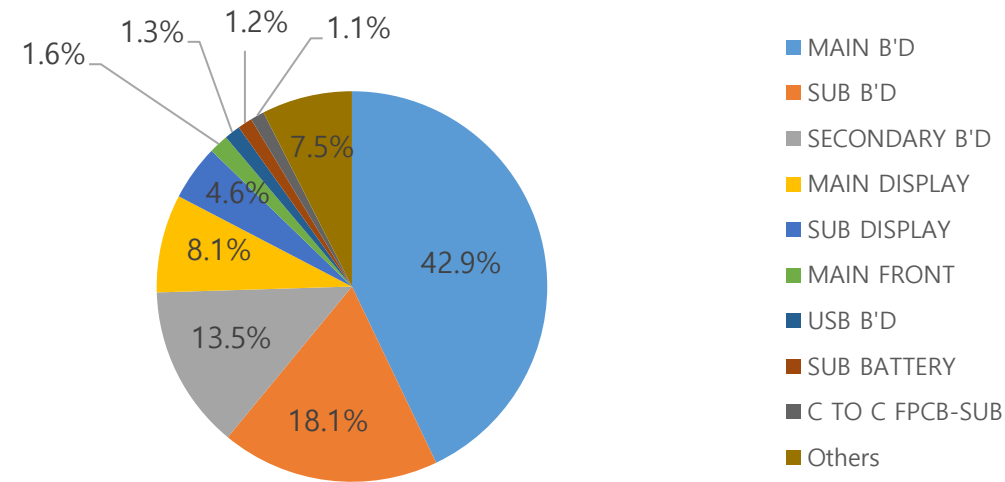
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and KOR to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

Product Features

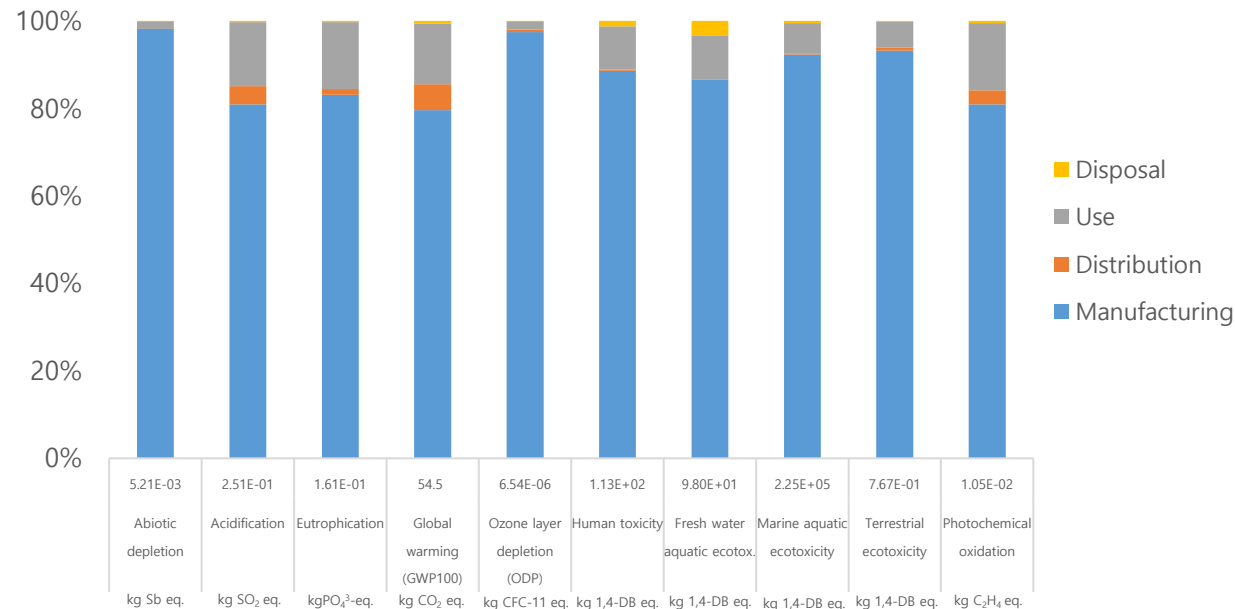


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-F946B(Galaxy Z Fold5) |
| Dimension | 154.9 x 129.9 x 6.1 mm |
| Display | OLED 7.6" / 6.2" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 272.99 g Packages : 206.99 g |

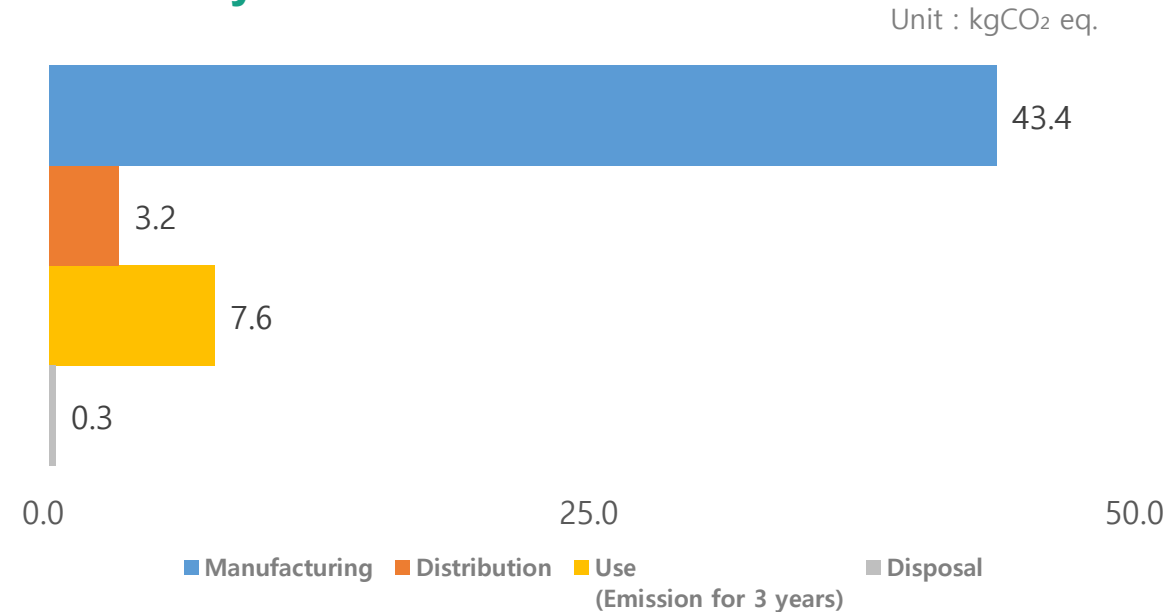
Global Warming Impact Profile



Characterized Environment Impact



Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy Z Fold5

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.5.0.0 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.9.1 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.09 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.5.0.0 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.5.0.0 |

● System boundary of LCA

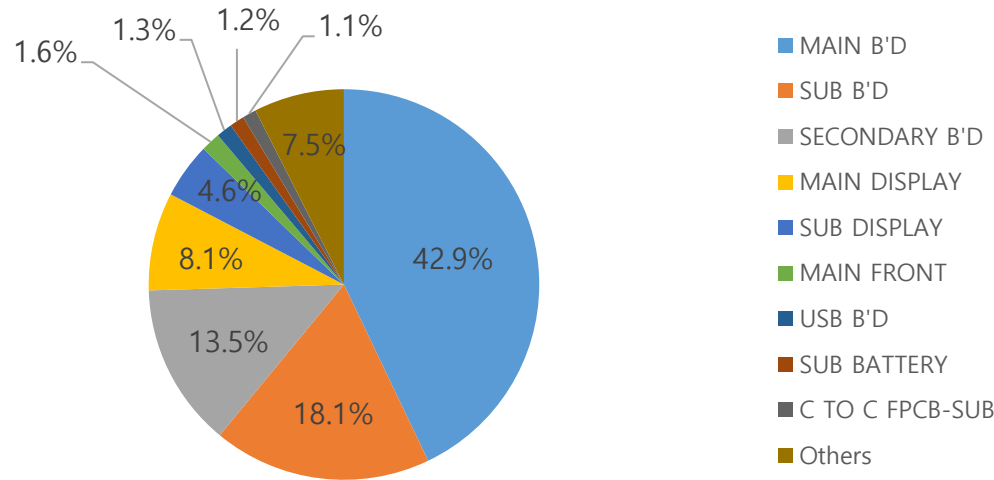
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and KOR to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

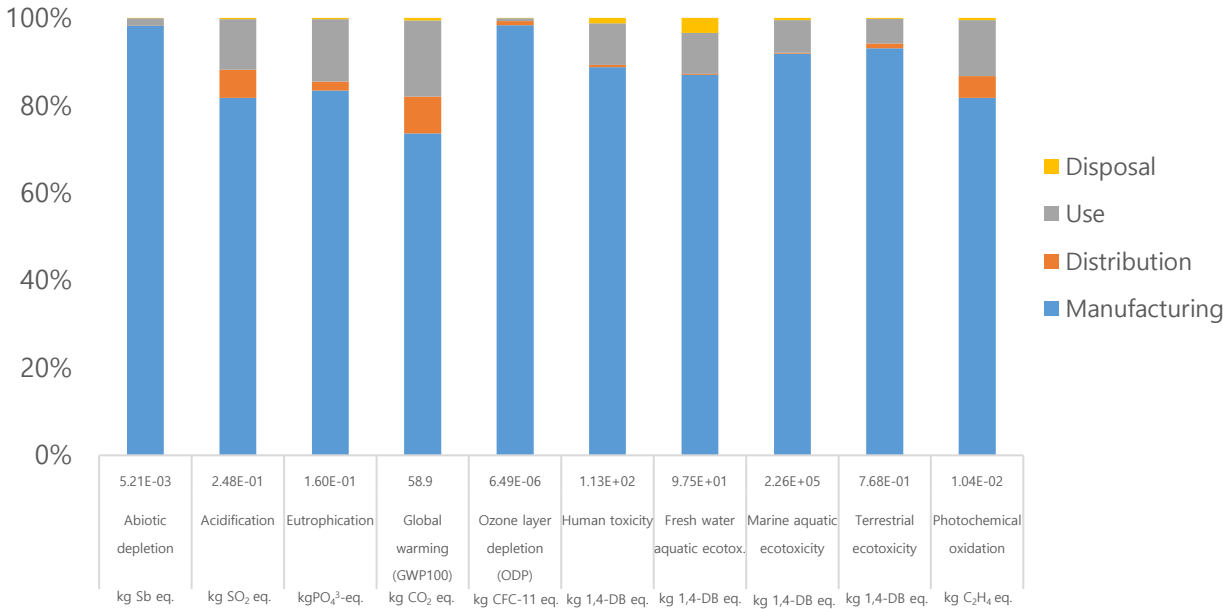


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-F946U(Galaxy Z Fold5) |
| Dimension | 154.9 x 129.9 x 6.1 mm |
| Display | OLED 7.6" / 6.2" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 272.99 g Packages : 206.99 g |

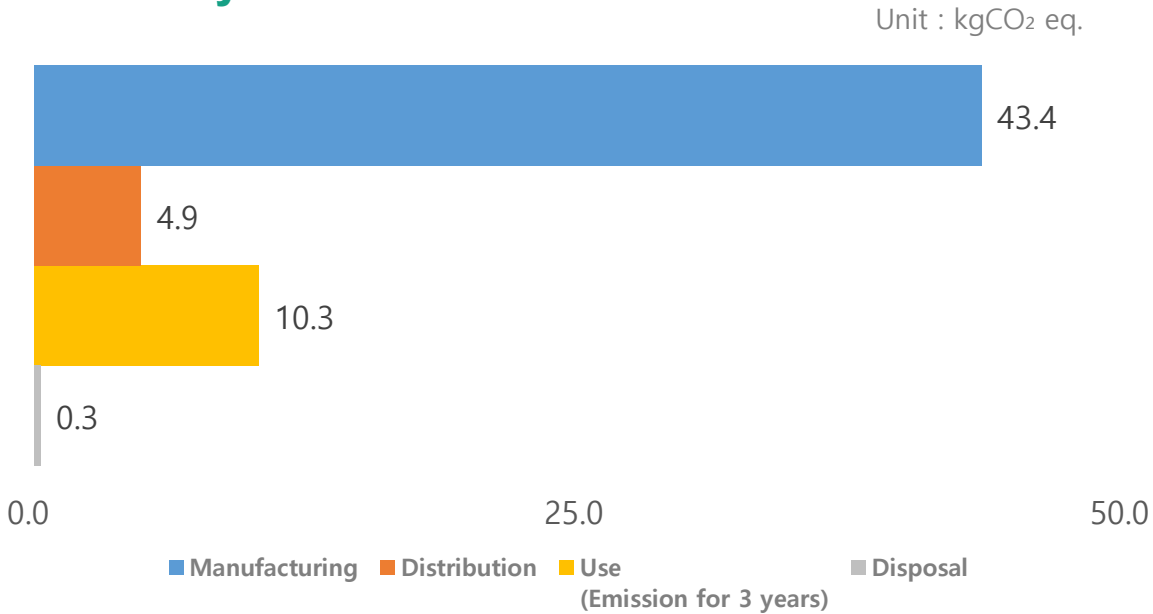
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy M54 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.4.0.3 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.8 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.06 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.4.0.3 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.4.0.3 |

● System boundary of LCA

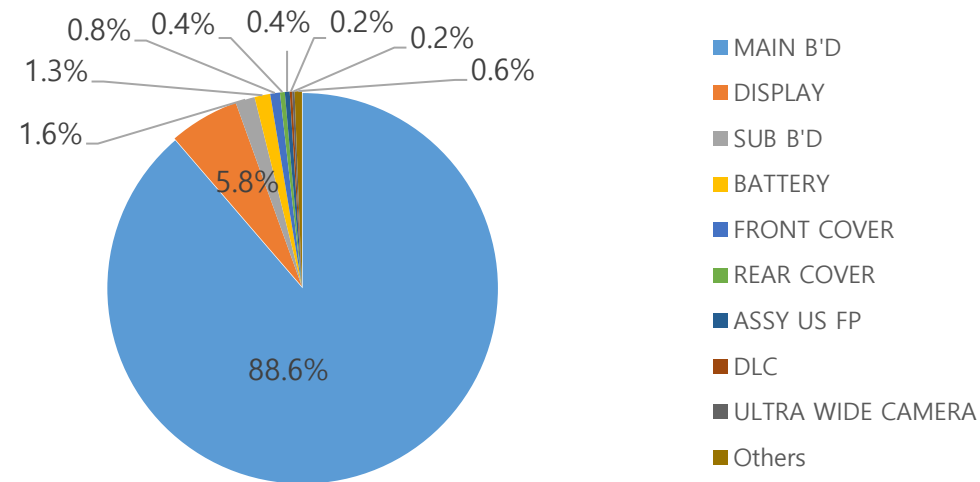
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UAE |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

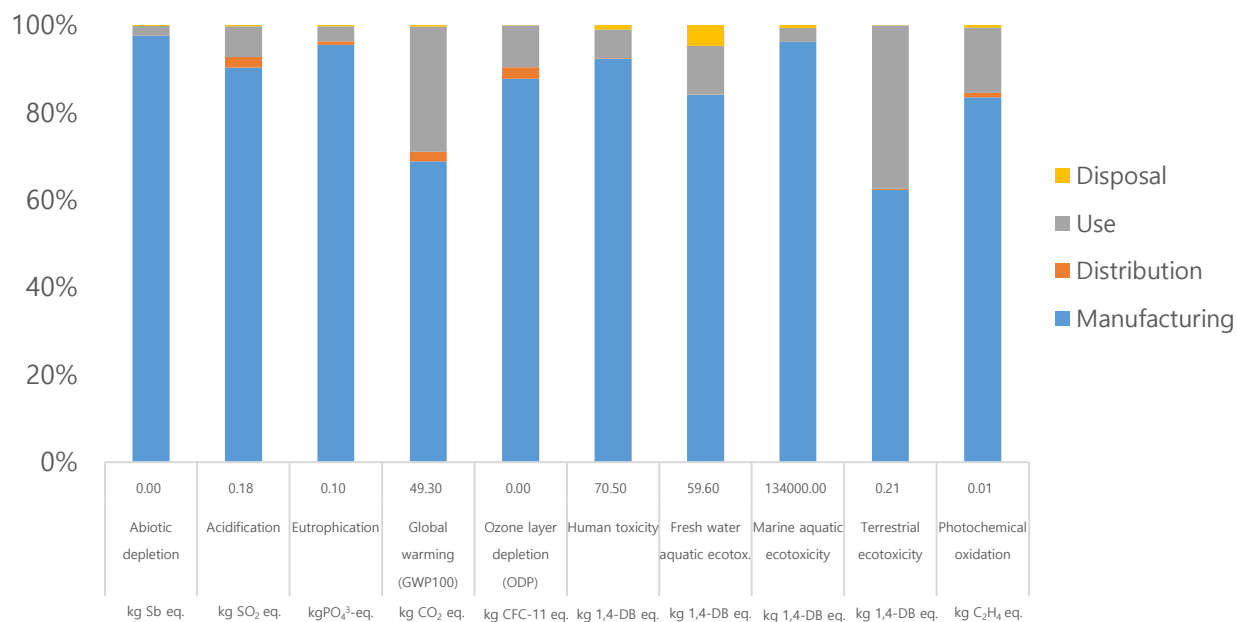


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-M546B(Galaxy M54 5G) |
| Dimension | 164.9 x 77.3 x 8.4 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.7" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 220.18 g Packages : 111.33 g |

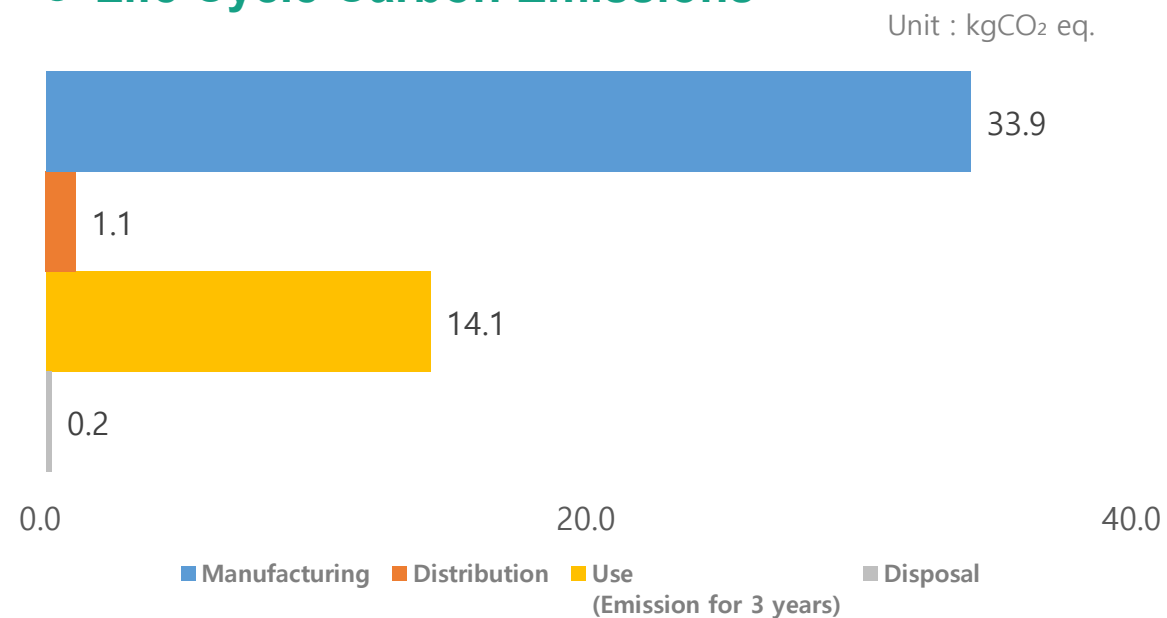
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy M14 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.4.0.3 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.8 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.06 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.4.0.3 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.4.0.3 |

● System boundary of LCA

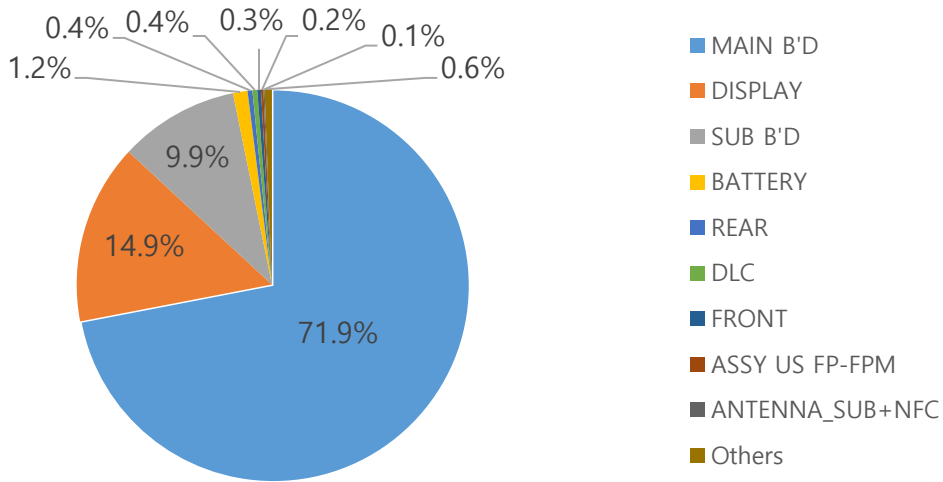
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UAE |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

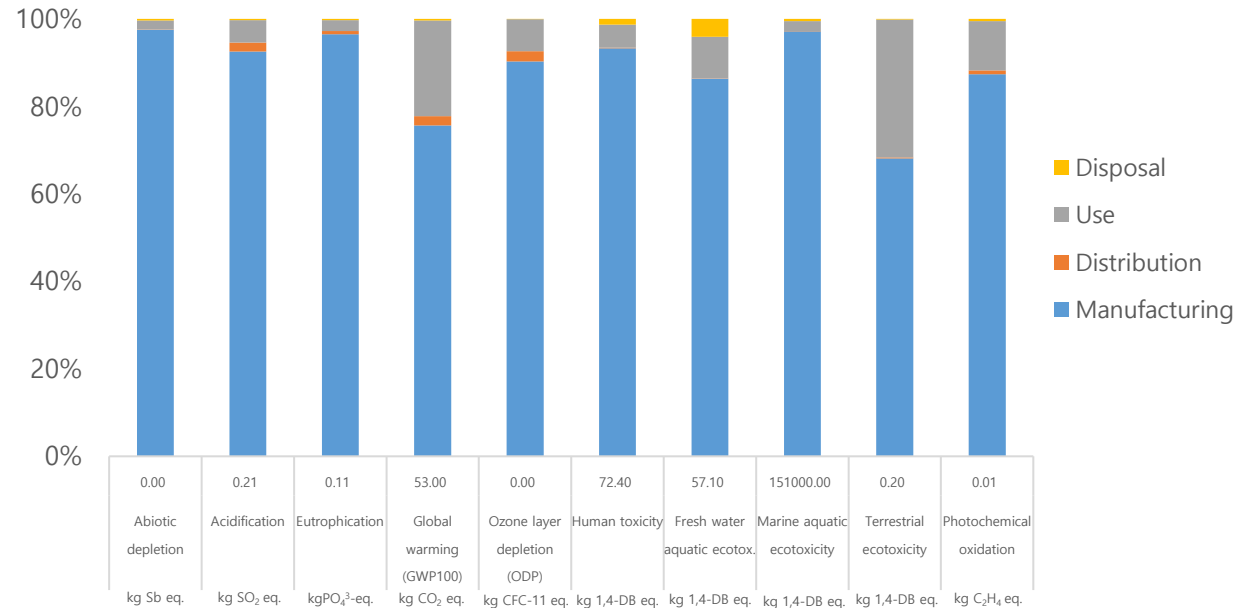


| | |
|------------|---|
| Model name | SM-M146B(Galaxy M14 5G) |
| Dimension | 166.8 x 77.2 x 9.4 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.6" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 226.52 g Packages : 71.85 g |

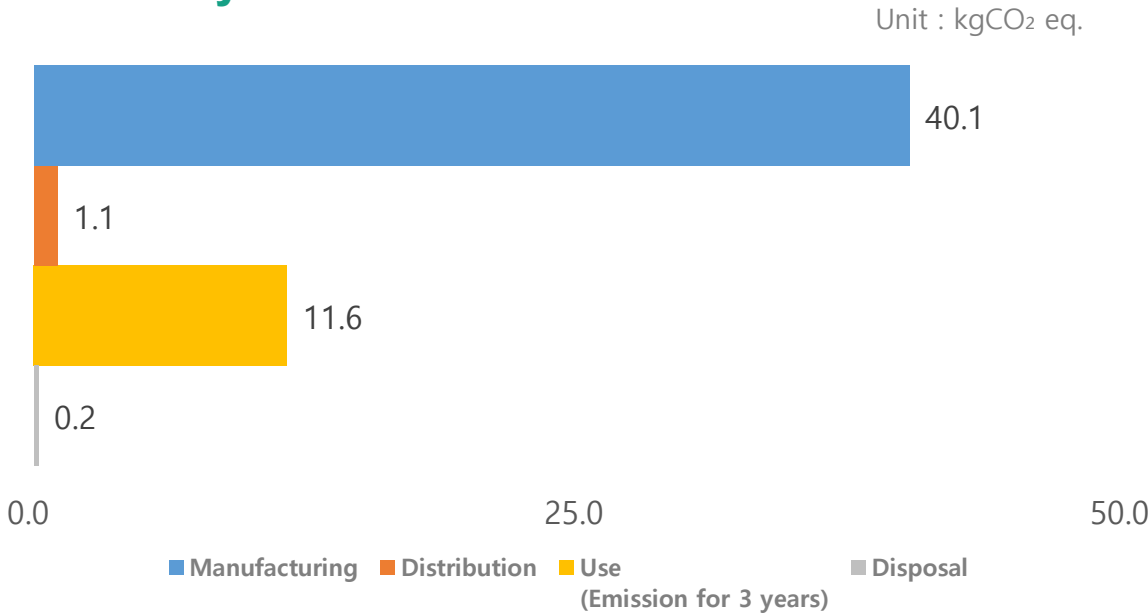
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A54 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.4.0.3 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.8 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.06 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.4.0.3 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.4.0.3 |

● System boundary of LCA

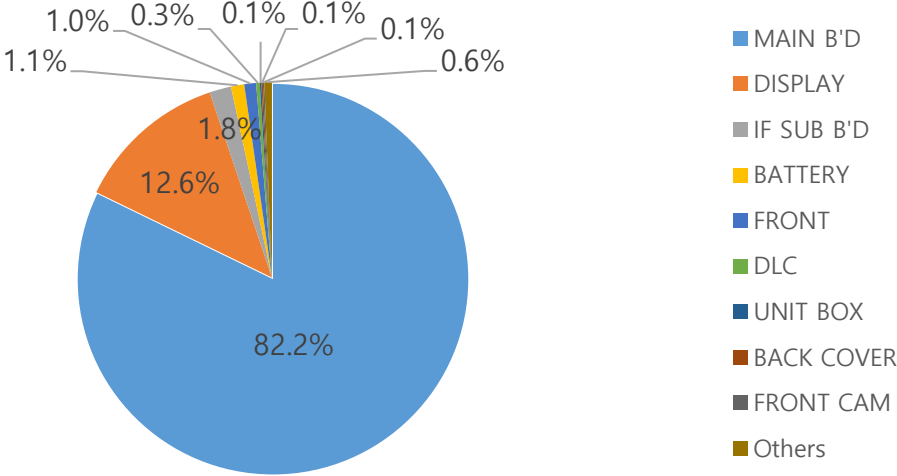
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

Product Features

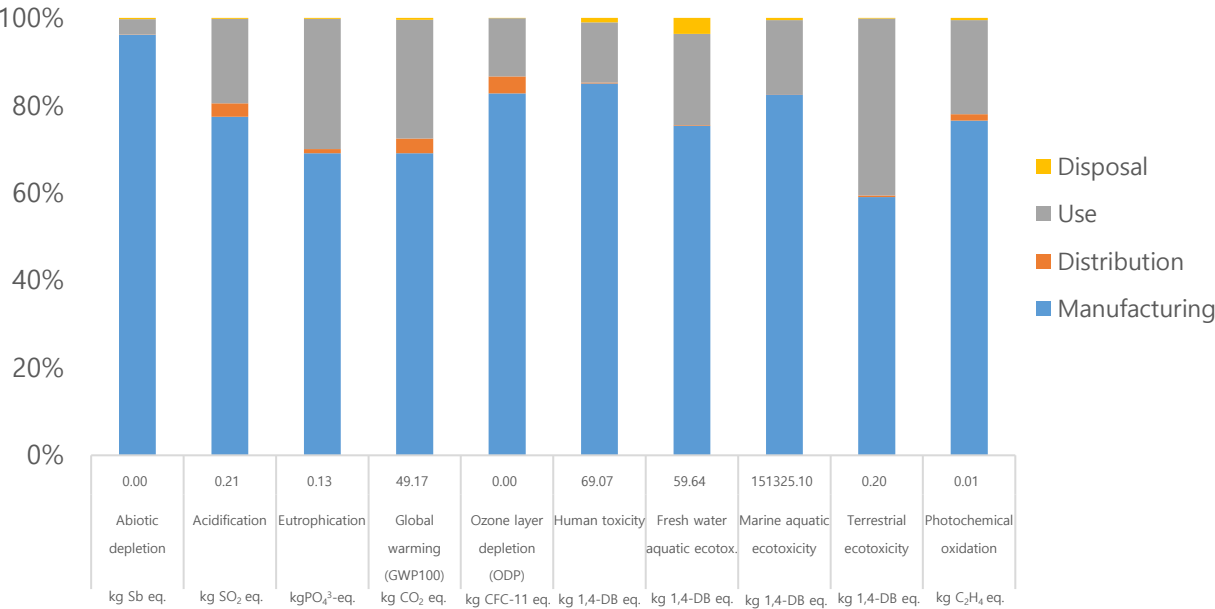


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-A546U(Galaxy A54 5G) |
| Dimension | 158.2 x 76.7 x 8.2 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.4" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 223.42 g Packages : 108.72 g |

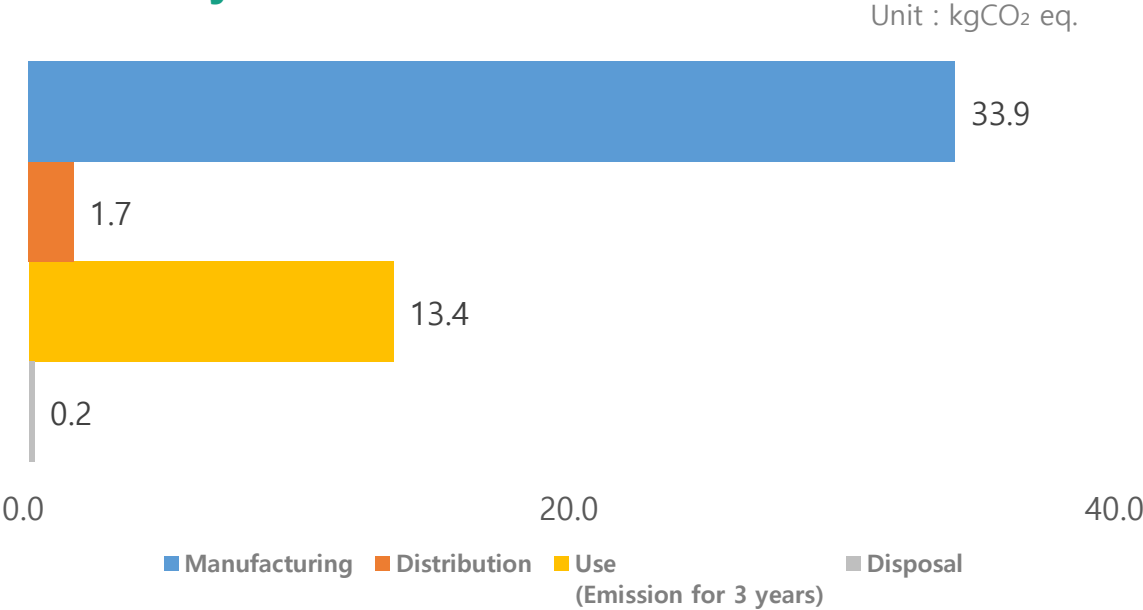
Global Warming Impact Profile



Characterized Environment Impact



Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A54 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.4.0.3 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.8 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.06 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.4.0.3 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.4.0.3 |

● System boundary of LCA

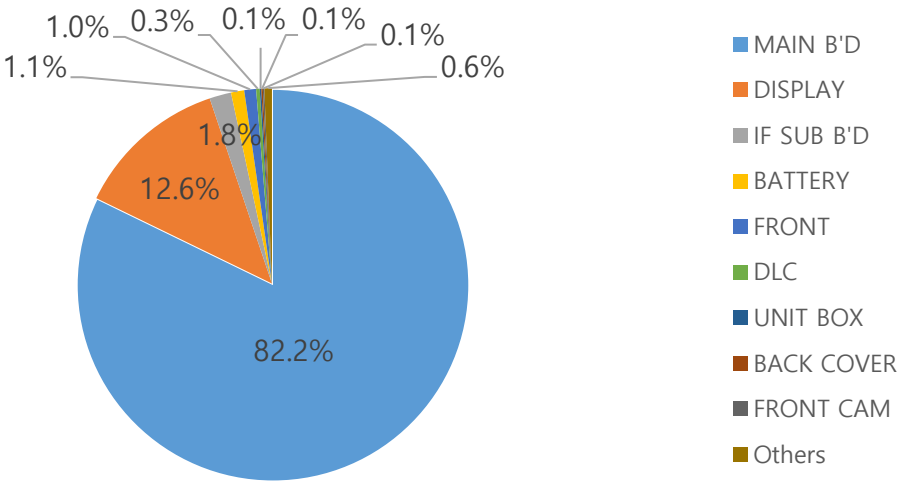
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

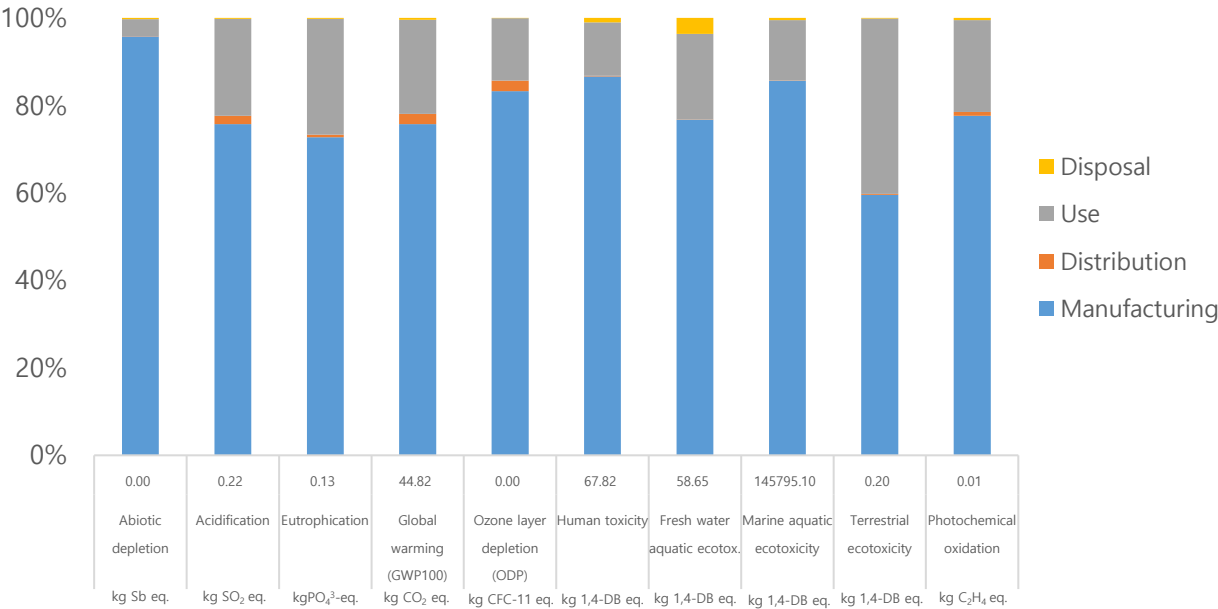


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-A546B(Galaxy A54 5G) |
| Dimension | 158.2 x 76.7 x 8.2 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.4" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 223.42 g Packages : 108.72 g |

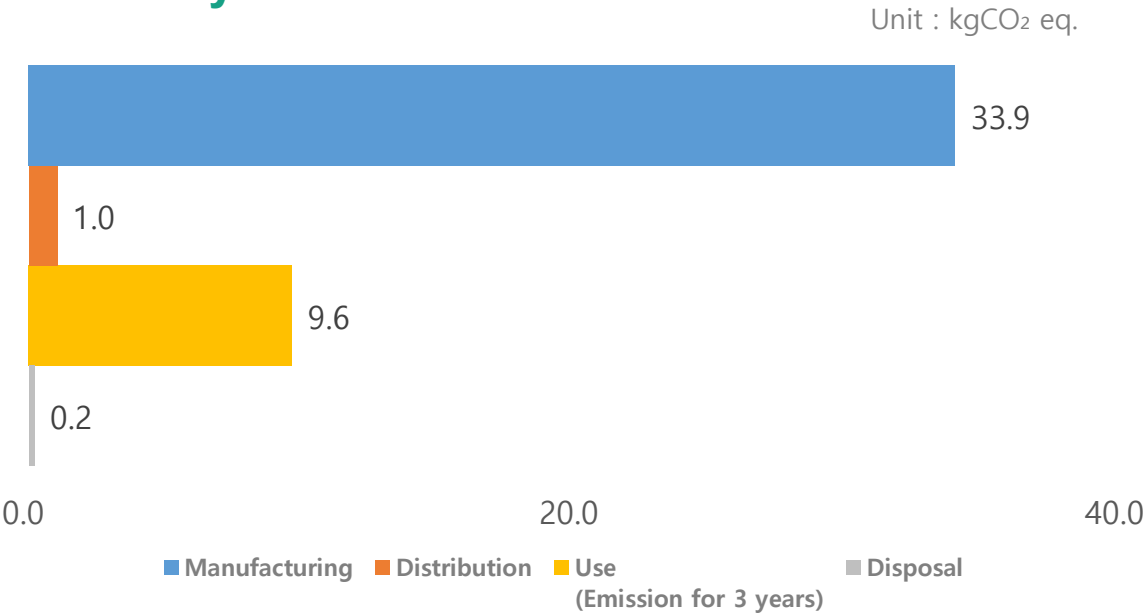
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A34 5G

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.4.0.3 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.8 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.06 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.4.0.3 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.4.0.3 |

● System boundary of LCA

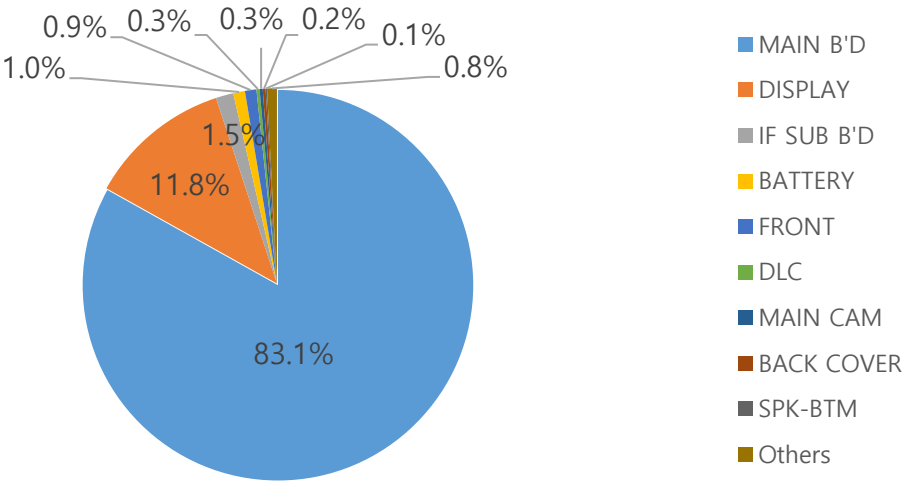
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to EU |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

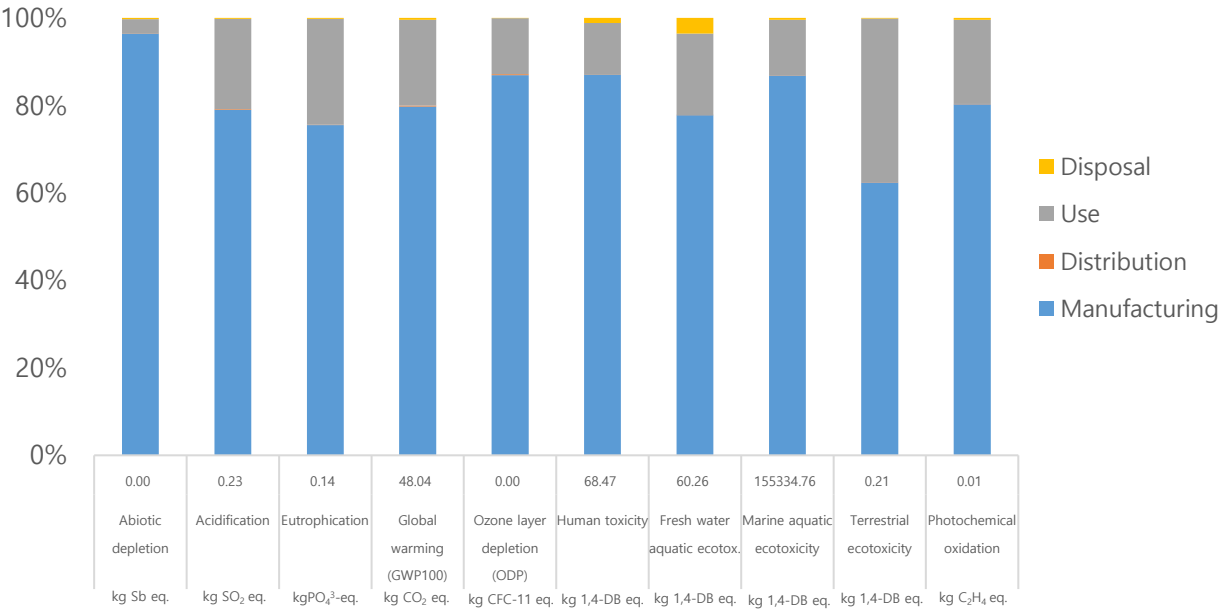


| | |
|------------|--|
| Model name | SM-A346B(Galaxy A34 5G) |
| Dimension | 161.3 x 78.1 x 8.2 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.6" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 220.42 g Packages : 106.95 g |

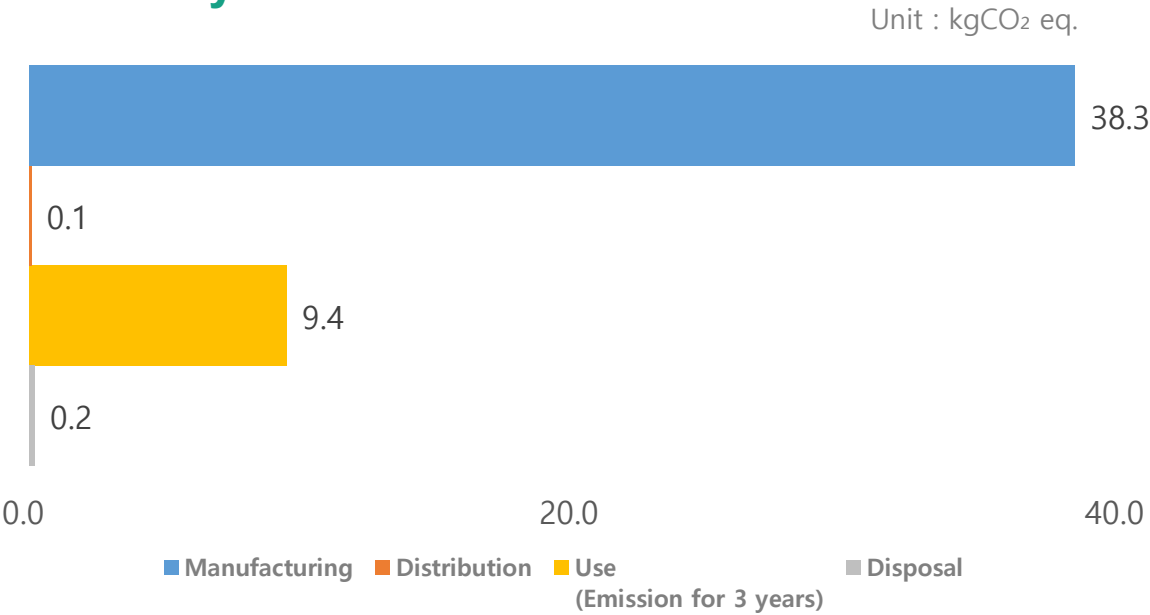
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A24

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.4.0.3 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.8 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML-IA baseline V3.06 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.4.0.3 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.4.0.3 |

● System boundary of LCA

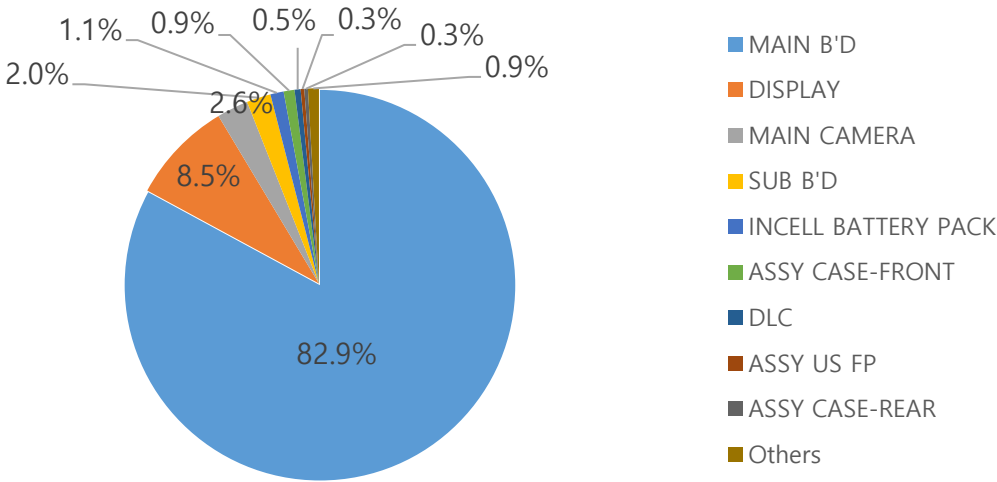
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam to UAE |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

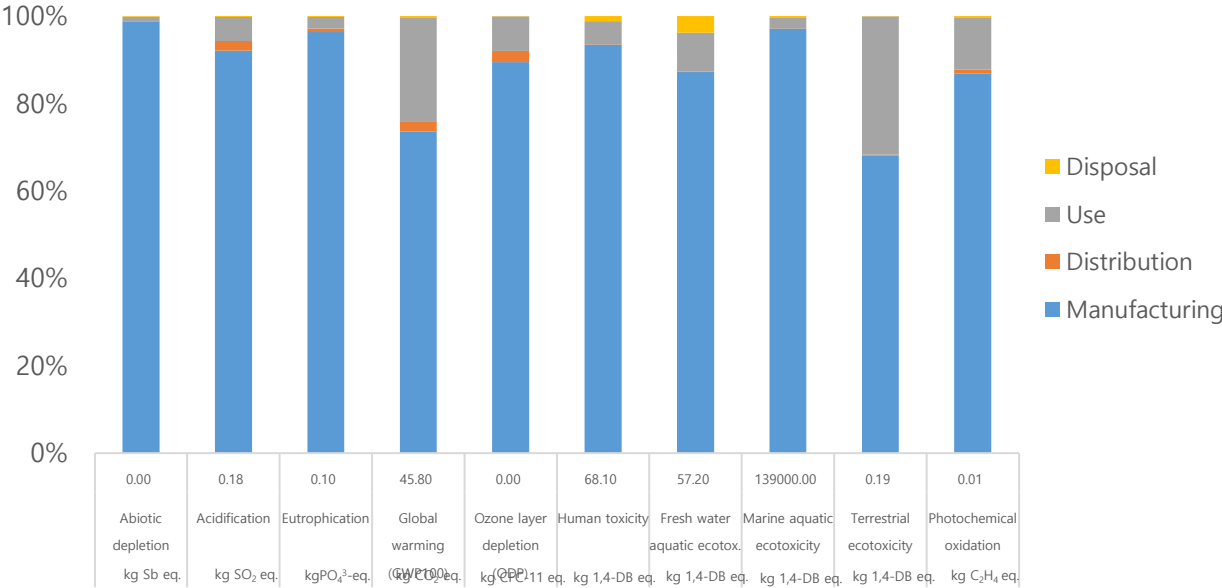


| | |
|------------|---|
| Model name | SM-A245F(Galaxy A24) |
| Dimension | 162.1 x 77.6 x 8.3 mm |
| Display | OLED 6.5" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 217.06 g Packages : 66.84 g |

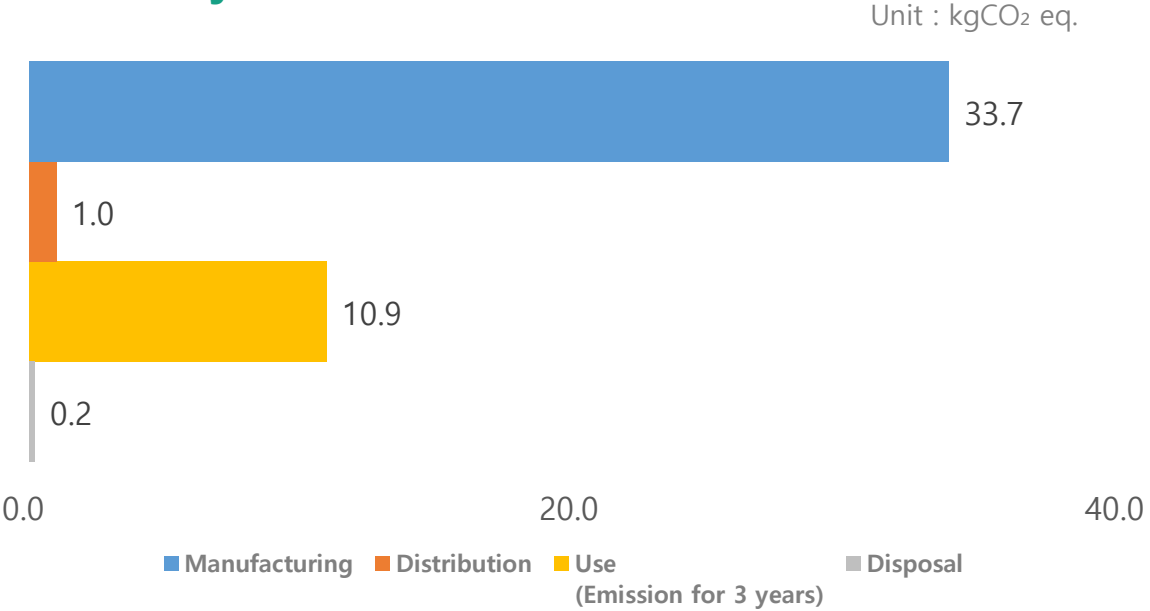
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.

Life Cycle Assessment for Galaxy A14

● Background

Samsung has developed strong technical experience in assessing the life cycle environmental impacts of its products. The assessment considers potential environmental impacts across the whole life cycle including; pre-manufacturing; product manufacturing; distribution; product use; and disposal phase. To ensure technical quality; the analysis methodology has been completed according to international standard ISO 14040 series. Samsung has used SimaPro 9.3.0.3 software and a dedicated LCA S/W database to measure environmental impacts using a wide range of data categories including; Product bill of material(BOM), parts and components logistics, energy consumption in product use and end-of-life scenario data in order to attain the highest level of accuracy. The outcome of the LCA confirmed and quantified 10 potential environment impact categories including; global warming; abiotic depletion; ocean acidification; eutrophication; and ozone layer depletion; where each impact category has been assessed for each life cycle stage. These LCA results will continue to be considered during product development phase as we aspire to improve the environmental specifications of our products.

● Calculation basis

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Standard | ISO 14040:2006 and 14044:2006 |
| Database | Ecoinvent 3.8 |
| Method for impact assessment | Life cycle impact assessment classification and characterization factors according to CML 2 baseline 2000 V2.05 / the Netherlands, 1997 as provided in the SimaPro 9.3.0.3 LCA tool |
| LCA software | SimaPro 9.3.0.3 |

● System boundary of LCA

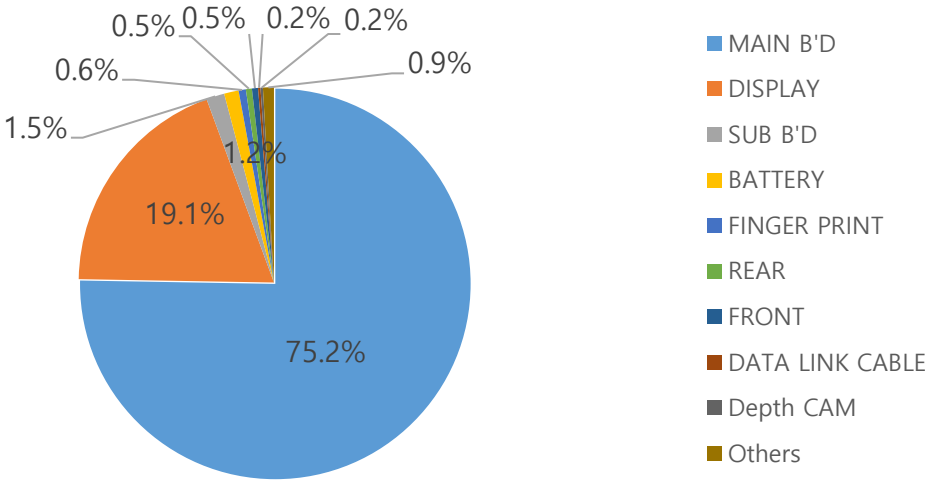
| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Pre-manufacturing | Parts and materials constituting the products and its transportation |
| Manufacturing | Product assembly by Samsung Electronics |
| Distribution | From Vietnam and KOR to US |
| Use | 3 years use |
| Disposal | Waste treatment of parts and material |

● Product Features

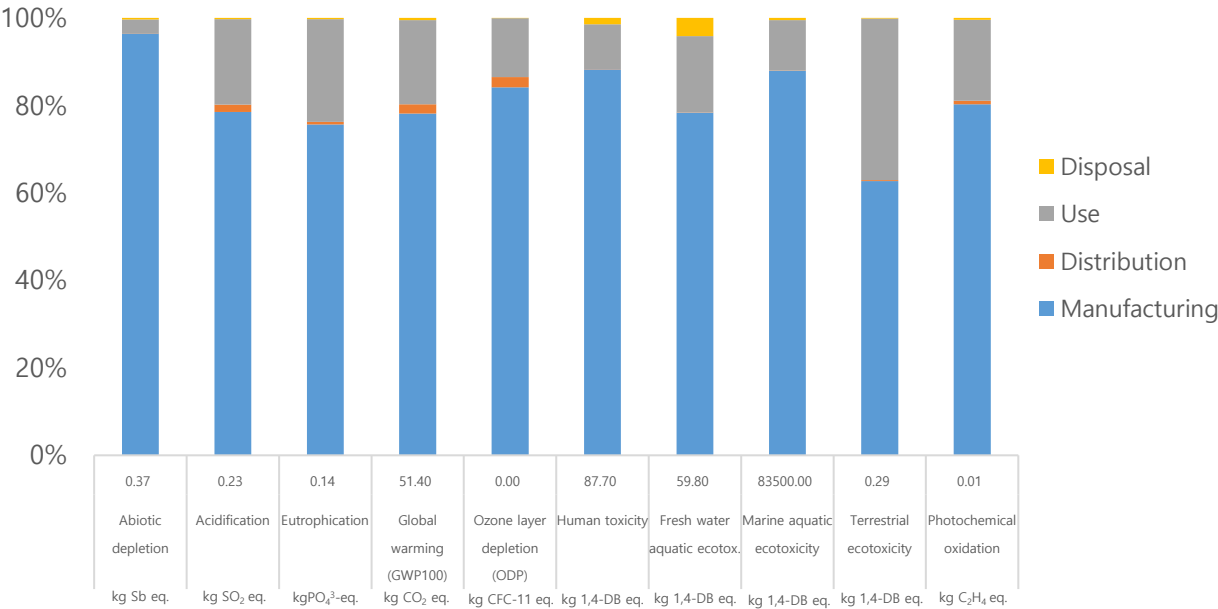


| | |
|------------|---|
| Model name | SM-A145F(Galaxy A14) |
| Dimension | 167.7 x 78 x 9.1 mm |
| Display | LCD 6.6" |
| Weight | Product&Acc. : 221.87 g Packages : 66.23 g |

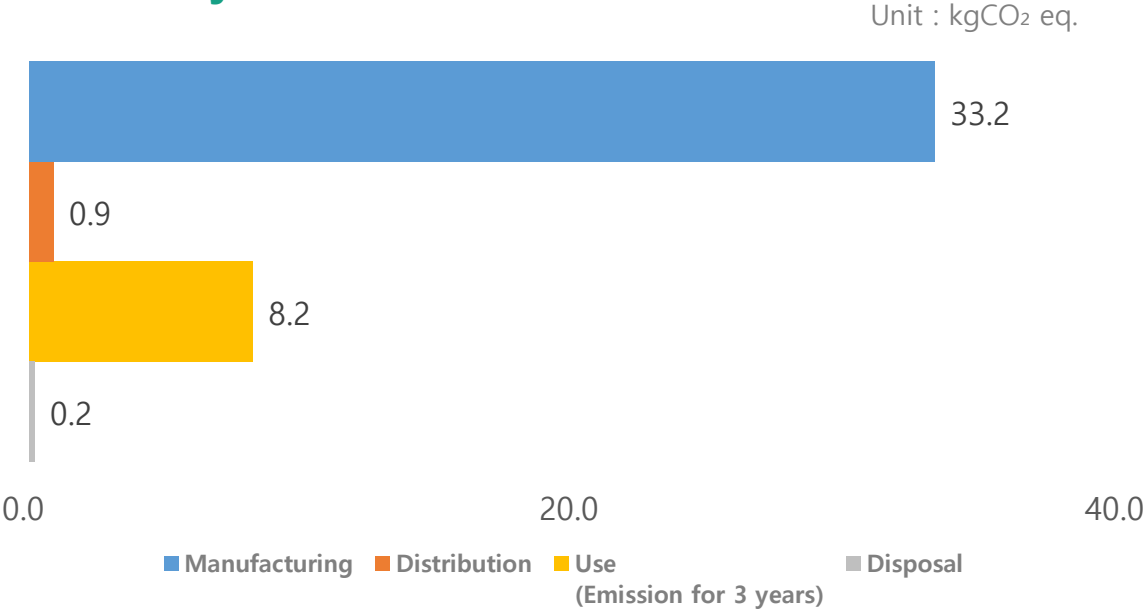
● Global Warming Impact Profile



● Characterized Environment Impact



● Life Cycle Carbon Emissions



* The results differ from to region, But not by much.